

THE STIRLING NEWS-ARGUS.

STIRLING, HASTINGS COUNTY, ONT., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1907.

Vol. XXVIII, No. 53.

\$1.00 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE.
\$1.38 IF NOT PAID IN ADVANCE.

Do You Know

FRED WARD ... THE TAILOR ...

If not, you ought to make his acquaintance at once

For the race has begun already for the first choice of his
**New Imported Tweed and Worsted
Suitings, Overcoatings, Trouserings**

You are sure of getting the Style that goes, the Fit, Finish and Workmanship that will bring you and your chums back. Every suit we turn out we strive to make a standing advertisement. We want to give you satisfaction all the time. We don't charge extra for the superior make and finish of our garments.

If you wear

Ready-to-Wear Clothes

You cannot do better than

WEAR THE WARD BRAND

You have a big range to choose from, at \$5.00 to \$15.00

OUR BOYS' SUITS

Stand the test which, as you parents know, is sometimes pretty hard,—\$1.50 to \$6.50.

Look Through Your Wardrobe!

You may want a

New Shirt, Tie, Collar and Cuffs, or some Underwear

You can get just what you want from

FRED T. WARD,

Headquarters for Men's Fine Ordered Clothing, Haberdashery, Etc.

GREAT REDUCTION SALE

IN

MUSLINS : LAWNS : WHITEWEAR
LADIES' VESTS : SHIRTWAISTS
CORSET COVERS : UNDERSKIRTS
DRAWERS, ETC.

NEW FALL TRIMMED HATS

Smart Felt Hats in all the latest shades.

WINGS, FEATHERS, RIBBONS AND ALL
THE LATEST TRIMMINGS

MISS ANDERSON is in charge of the Millinery Department.

Summer Millinery to be sold at less than cost.

C. F. STICKLE.

The Mutual Life Co. OF CANADA.

37 Years' Record.

Results Speak Louder Than Words.

Total Payments for Death Claims, Matured Endowments, Surrendered Policies, etc. - - - \$7,476,529.26

Add present Assets - - - 10,385,539.84

Amount paid to policyholders and held for them - - \$17,862,069.10

Total Premiums received - - - 17,338,715.05

Excess of Assets and Payments to Policyholders over Premium receipts - - \$532,354.50

S. BURROWS,

AGENTS WANTED.

General Agent, Belleville.

The Trent Canal

Mr. J. A. Aylmer of Brown & Aylmer, contractors, Peterborough, has received notice that his firm has been awarded the first contract since the appropriation was voted for the construction of the Rice Lake Ontario division of the Trent Canal. The contract for section No. 5 extends from Campbellford to Widder Falls, three miles, all rock, with two dams and two locks. The figure is \$800,000, the work to be completed November 30, 1908, but probably two years will be required. Brown & Aylmer have already completed contracts for three sections: Lakefield, Nassau and No. 5, Bertram Locks and Lake Simcoe.

Good Land in Northern Ontario

The impression that in the great clay belt north of the Height of Land Ontario has a vast tract of territory suitable for agricultural settlement is fully borne out by a letter received in the Department of Lands, Forests and Mines from T. B. Speight, O.L.S. That gentleman is at the head of a party which is extending the line drawn by Alex. Niven, O.L.S., and is now at the Kabinagami River. The party has marked about 100 miles of the line, which will end at the boundary between the Algoma and Thunder Bay districts. It has already discovered one lake which has never been shown on official maps. Progress has been somewhat hampered by the extremely wet weather which has prevailed in the North. "We have not had two consecutive fine days in four weeks," remarks Mr. Speight in his letter. He expects, however, to conclude his labor this fall, as does also Mr. Niven, who is extending the boundary between Algoma and Thunder Bay north to the Albany River, the northern boundary of Ontario. When this is complete the Government will have a pretty accurate idea of the resources of the clay belt, estimated to contain 16,000,000 acres of good agricultural land.

A Narrow Escape

Hearing the rivets beginning to cut on the Quebec bridge, Mr. William Faux, a Peterborough young man hurriedly made his way to the shore, and had just reached terra firma in safety when the immense structure collapsed, carrying over eighty men down to death in the river below.

Mr. Faux, who is a son of Mrs. Faux, Munroe avenue, in Peterborough, is a bridge builder in the employ of the Canada Foundry Company, and had been working on a bridge not far from Montreal.

On Thursday he took advantage of a holiday to visit the famous Quebec bridge, which he had never seen. He had walked out to the middle of the structure and was talking to some of the men at work, when he thought he heard some of the rivets in the bridge giving way. "The rivets are cutting! there's danger here!" Mr. Faux exclaimed, but the men paid no heed to the warning, one of them saying, "She's safe, all right."

Mr. Faux, however, thought otherwise, and it was well he did so. As quickly as possible he made his way off the structure, and, as has been stated, just reached shore before the crash came.

Mr. Faux said that the noise of the fall was terrible, and was heard for ten miles. He describes the scene that followed as frightful. The big span, carrying scores of men, had fallen, burying men and steel work in the deep waters of the St. Lawrence. He is of the opinion that there are a hundred men still under the ruins of the bridge, whose bodies will not be recovered until it is possible to raise the structure.

The Hon. Geo. P. Graham has been sworn in as a member of the Dominion Cabinet, and is now Minister of Railways and Canals. Hon. Wm. J. Duggan has been appointed Minister of Public Works. Hon. Mr. Graham will be greatly missed from the Ontario Legislature, where he was leader of the Liberals.

To check a cold quickly get from your druggist some little Candy Cold Tablets called Preventives. Druggists everywhere are now dispensing Preventives, for they are not only safe but decidedly certain and prompt. Preventives contain no quinine, no laxative, nothing harsh nor sickening. Taken at the "sneeze stage" Preventives will prevent pneumonia, bronchitis, la grippe, etc., hence the name, preventives. Good for feverish children. 48 Preventives 25 cents. Trial boxes 5 cents. Sold by all dealers.

The Sovereign Bank of Canada

HEAD OFFICE:—TORONTO.

Paid Up Capital: - - - \$3,000,000.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

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Savings Bank Department.

Interest at best current rates paid quarterly.

STIRLING BRANCH .. W. R. HOWSON, Manager
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Wellman's Corners

You took your holidays last week, and we are taking ours this week, but as it would not do to let the greatest social event of the year pass without notice we break our resolution to be utterly idle for at least one week in order to tell you a little about the great social, not that it seems worth while to enter into particulars, for everybody was there and all enjoyed themselves. The latest attraction was Rev. Mr. Steven's moving pictures, and they were an attraction indeed. Of course the usual good things were offered for sale and found ready purchasers. The Campbellford band was in attendance, and in addition the Orange band, which has become quite efficient, was also discoursing sweet music. There were also a couple of comic characters on the grounds amusing the people. Of the number present you will perhaps form some idea when I tell you that the proceeds were nearly \$500, the gate receipts being nearly \$200. In all probability the Sunday School will take charge of the social next year, and if we do we mean to excel anything that has been done in the way of socials here, and those who have attended in past years will remember the taste with which they always fitted up the grounds and booths.

Mrs. James Maybee and Mrs. Roland Reed have both been very ill.

We regret to hear that Mrs. Fred Bonter was injured in a runaway accident while on the way to Frankford, but we have heard no particulars yet.

Miss Jessie Thaine of Toronto is visiting at Mr. Wm. Pounder's.

Mr. Frank Anderson, with his wife and two children, of Quebec province, were on Wednesday the guests of his brother, Mr. Wilson Anderson.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Anderson, Mr. Fred and Mrs. Joshua Anderson, of Anderson's Island, were also visiting at Mr. W. Anderson's.

Mrs. (Dr.) W. C. Wootton and children have returned to their home in Buffalo.

Harold

Miss LaPrad has returned to Tacoma. She was accompanied to Buffalo by her mother, who spent a week with friends there.

Miss Emma Morton of Wellman's Corners was the guest of Miss Flossie Heath last week.

Mr. John Tanner cut short his visit to the West, as the climate did not suit him. He saw ice while there, and thought it too early in the season for that.

Miss Gertrude Runnals is visiting friends in Madoc.

Master Willie Sargent, of Colborne, has returned home after spending a week with his cousin, Willie Heath.

Miss Clara McDonald has recovered from an attack of measles.

Mrs. Graham of Wellman's Corners was the guest last week of Mrs. S. Woodard and Mrs. J. A. Potts.

On Tuesday the following left here to attend Toronto exhibition: Mr. and Mrs. R. Scott, Mr. John West, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Bailey, Mr. and Mrs. U. Heath and daughter, and Miss Myra Heath.

Mrs. W. Inkster and children of Marmora, and Miss Mabel Archer of Havelock, spent a few days of last week at Mr. John Bailey's.

Rev. Geo. McConnell of Roblin, and Mr. E. McConnell and mother, of Mt. Pleasant, visited friends here last week.

Miss Kathleen Bailey is attending Stirling High School.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Wiley of Marmora were visitors here on Monday.

Miss Maggie Brown of Thurlow has returned home after visiting her cousin, Miss Alice Scott.

Mrs. Geo. Dafos is suffering from a very painful eye.

Mr. Geo. Snarr is in Thurlow acting for the township in the matter of equalization.

Mrs. W. Jones and Mrs. John Lough of Marmora are visiting Mrs. S. Bailey.

Mr. James Woodard spent a few days with his parents here. We understand he has gone into business with his brother in Springfield.

Mr. Roy Heath started on Aug. 25th for the West. He intends visiting Melita, Montiere and Saskatoon before returning home.

Miss Nora Bailey spent a very pleasant week at Crowe Lake, the guest of Miss Gertrude Labey.

It will cost one hundred and forty million dollars to keep New York city going during the year 1908, according to estimates submitted by the board of estimate and apportionment by all department officials. This is an increase of \$10,000,000 over the estimates made for the current year.

Trial Catarrh treatments are being mailed out free, on request, by Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. These tests are proving to the people—without a penny's cost—the great value of this scientific prescription known to druggists everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Catarrh Remedy. Sold by all dealers.

£ Sterling Hall

Big Gathering of Ladies' New

Tailor-made Fall Coats

We have already passed into stock in this line over one hundred Northway and Continental garments. Values and styles are surprisingly good. These facts your careful inspection will soon demonstrate. Special values in Blacks, Fawns and Fancy Tweeds at.....\$7.50, \$10.00, \$12.00, \$15.00
See our very special value in fine, all-wool, black Kersey Coat, 50 inches long, at.....\$10.00

Two Skirt Specials

Special value in black and navy Vicuna Skirts in latest style, at.....\$4.00

Very special value in all-wool Venetian Skirts, blacks, cardinal and navy, at.....\$4.50

Plaid Dress Goods

Plaid goods will be especially favored for young people's wearables this fall. Our assortment includes the favorites in Clan Tartans and broken Plaids at.....25, 50, 75c. per yard.

Velveteens

A large import purchase in this line made before the price advance, enables us to offer an exceptionally fine-quality in all leading colors, at.....50c. yd.

Grocery Specials

3½ lbs. fine quality Molasses Snaps for.....25c.
New crop select Valencia Raisins—a rush order shipment just in, at.....10c. lb.

W. R. MATHER,

Direct Importer of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods and
Retailer of Everything to wear for Everybody.

Meet me at . . .

The Palms

The New Grocery Store

Now open for business in the Meiklejohn Block, with a full line of

Groceries
Cooked Meats
Confectionery

Also a full line of

CROCKERY, CHINA
AND GLASSWARE

Plenty of good Butter on hand.

Produce taken.

J. L. ASHLEY

NEW LIVERY

I have opened up a new Livery and am now prepared to supply you with a first-class turn-out.

GOOD HORSES, NEW RIGS
AND HARNESS

I solicit a share of your patronage.

I also have for sale a few of McLAUGHLIN'S BUGGIES, MIKADOS which I will clear out at close prices to make room for Cutters.

Also agent for

Massey-Harris Farm Implements
P.S.—Two good yearling Colts for sale or will exchange for driving Horses.

N. LANKTREE,

Mill Street, Stirling.

A great fire at Hakodate, Japan, destroyed \$15,000,000 worth of property, and rendered 60,000 people homeless.

LEARN DRESS-MAKING BY MAIL

In your spare time at home, or

Take a Personal Course at School.

To enable all to learn we teach on cash or instalment plan. We also teach a personal class at school once a month. Class commencing each Tuesday of each month. These lessons teach how to cut, fit and put together any garment from the plainest shirt waist suit, to the most elaborate dress. The whole family can learn from one course. We have taught over seven thousand dress-making, and guarantee to give five hundred dollars to any one that cannot learn between the age of 14 and 40. You cannot learn dress-making as thorough as this course teaches if you work in shops for years. Beware of imitations as we employ no one outside the school. This is the only experienced Dress Cutting School in Canada and excelled by none in any other country. Write at once for particulars, as we have cut our rate one-third for a short time. Address: SANDERS' DRESS-CUTTING SCHOOL, 31 Erie St., Stirling, Ont., Canada.

Dates of the Fall Fairs

Ameliasburg	Oct. 4, 5
Belleville	Sept. 17, 18
Brighton	Sept. 26
Campbellford	Sept. 24, 25
Coe Hill	Sept. 20
Colborne	Sept. 30, Oct. 1
Frankford	Sept. 19, 20
L'Amable	Sept. 12, 13
Madoc	Sept. 18, 19
Napanee	Sept. 23, 24
Peterboro	Sept. 26, 27, 28
Pictou	Sept. 23, 24
Shannonville	Sept. 26, 27
Stirling	Oct. 2
Tweed	Oct. 3, 4
Warkworth	Oct. 3, 4
Wooler	Sept. 18

Clubbing List.

The News-Argus will club with the following papers at the rates mentioned: The Weekly Globe.....\$1.80
The Weekly Mail & Empire.....1.25
The Family Herald & Weekly Star, with premium picture, 1.70
"with picture and book, 1.50
The Weekly Sun.....2.25
The Toronto News (Daily).....2.25
The Toronto Star (Daily).....4.00
The Farmers' Advocate, weekly \$2.25
We recommend our readers to subscribe to the Farmer's Advocate and Home Magazine, the best Agricultural Journal in America.

OR, A SAD LIFE STORY

The collapse of a portion of the new bridge which was being built across the St. Lawrence near Quebec is one of the greatest disasters that has occurred during the year. A full account will be found on another page of this issue.

The Postmaster-General has granted an increase in the salaries of city postmasters, which includes the minimum salary of a country postmaster will be \$85, while at present the minimum salary is \$25. On the first \$300 revenue the Postmaster now gets 40 per cent. Hereafter he will get 60 per cent. On the first \$1,000 or all over \$500 and up to \$10,000 he now gets 25 per cent. In future he will get 80 per cent. At present he is allowed 15 per cent. on all over \$10,000, and in the future he will get 20 per cent. Postmasters will also be allowed a larger percentage on the sale of stamps, and increased pay for forward duty.

A terrible railway disaster occurred on the Toronto and Owen Sound branch on Tuesday morning last. A special train loaded with passengers for the Toronto Exhibition jumped the track at a place called the horseshoe curve, near Caledon in Peel county, and seven persons were killed and over one hundred injured. The railway track at this place makes a sharp curve around the base of a high hill. The train was going at a high speed, and the engine and six of the seven coaches composing the train left the track, one of the coaches being badly broken up, and all much damaged. Among those who were injured there are some who will probably not recover and thus increase the death list. An investigation will be held as to the cause of the accident.

The scarcity of teachers in Ontario, it is stated by the Education Department, is not nearly so great as it has been for the past two years. For the first half of last year the Education Department received 882 applications for temporary certificates; this year for the same time the number received was 217. Last year the department was deluged with applications during the summer vacation; during last month exactly six were received. There is, however, much to be done yet. The special Government grant to all schools with second class certificate teachers, which comes in force this fall, is expected to improve matters. One reason which is making the supply greater is the general raising of salaries and the largely increased grants to the public schools.

For Consumptives

The official opening of the King Edward Sanatorium for Consumptives, near Weston, took place on Wednesday of last week. Mr. W. J. Gage, Toronto, occupied the chair. Earl Grey was present, and made a brief address, in which he praised the spirit with which the National Sanatorium had combated against all odds, and said that a great work was being done. Sir Mortimer Clark, Mayor of Toronto, the Hon. W. J. Hanna, and the Hon. Dr. Pyne also spoke. The two \$10,000 buildings, the gifts of Mr. H. C. Hammond and Mr. Robert Mulholland, were inspected and pronounced as possessing every advantage for treating advanced cases.

A joint deputation, representing the city of London and the county of Middlesex, waited on Mr. Hanna, Provincial Secretary, to ask government aid in the building of a hospital near London for the treatment of tuberculosis. The building is expected to cost \$150,000, and the claim of aid is based on the act of last session, pledging assistance to such institutions when approved of by the government, whether built by one or a union of municipalities.

The Darker Side

Mr. Chas. M. Bushnell, of Washington, D.C., has been at work compiling some statistics which, if correct, are exceedingly significant. He claims that it is costing the United States every year \$60,000,000 to maintain its criminals and paupers. The average factory hand earns \$140 a year; the average criminal costs \$1,200 a year. One-eighth of the population of the Republic, some ten millions of people, are now in such constant poverty as to mean physical inefficiency; while 4,000,000 of this class are public paupers. Every year about ten per cent. of all who die are buried in paupers' graves. Insanity is increasing; disease due to vicious habits is believed to be increasing; suicides are increasing six times faster than the population, and murders three times faster. These are his startling figures. Some explanation of these records of decadence the doctor finds in the fact that "the annual consumption of intoxicating liquor has increased in twenty-seven years from eight to more than twenty gallons for every man, woman, and child in the country." "Two-thirds of all crime and disorder," he says, "invariably is connected with drunkenness." One thing seems certain, that every man or woman who helps to blot out the liquor traffic is helping to preserve the nation, whether it be in the United States or Canada.

A number of Belleville men are said to have gone to Quebec province to buy hay, where they will have it baled for shipment to Ontario. They are paying fourteen to fifteen dollars a ton, baled, and expect to make a lot of money out of the transaction.

Cigarettes and Liquor

The number of cigarettes entered for consumption in the Government record to the 1st of July totaled, according to the estimates of Inland Revenue Department, 891,972,137, which is almost a third more than the consumption of the preceding year.

The consumption of 1905 was 269,341,937; the consumption of 1904 was 250,960,387. Ten years ago it was 93,768,000 from which it can be seen at a glance what tremendous strides the cigarette habit has been making in Canada during recent years. The consumption of tobacco of all kinds last year was the largest on record, being estimated at 2,993 pounds per head of population. The consumption of cigars was 145,827,312 in the year 1905, and 137,276,105 in 1904.

The consumption of spirits last year is given at 947 gallons per head of the population, which was slightly higher than the return for 1905. The consumption of wines, amounting to .092 gallons per head, compared with .091 gallons in 1905, varies but very little from year to year.

A fire at Trenton on Wednesday of last week caused damage to the extent of \$12,000. The fire was confined to the barn, drive house and hide house of Mr. Jesse Funnell.

A new 150 h. p. gas engine is being installed in the Cobalt plant at Deloro. Gas will be manufactured direct from coal on the spot and also the coke used in refining arsenic.

The old Barry gold mine, two miles north of Bridgewater on the Queen's road, is being re-opened. This mine was worked about forty years ago. Mr. N. A. Stryngour is in charge of the operations.

The Bancroft Times says: Citizens generally will be pleased to hear that Mr. E. D. McConnell has again been engaged as principal of the public school here. He will receive a salary of \$750 per annum.

Mr. Robert Porter, an old and esteemed resident of Hungerford, died on Aug. 24th. His death was caused from cancer. He was 67 years of age. Mr. William Harrison, another old resident of Hungerford, died on Aug. 25th, aged 81 years. His death was also caused by cancer.

Marmora Herald: Mr. J. M. Hurley, Fishery Inspector, visited Marmora on Thursday. In company with Messrs. J. W. Pearce, M.P.P., and John Dempsey, he visited Crow Lake and Beaver Creek. The visit will likely result in Crow Lake being stocked with bass from Government hatchery.

During the storm on Monday morning last a barn belonging to Mr. Wilbert Moberg in Prince Edward, just across the bay from Belleville, was struck by lightning and totally consumed, together with the season's crop and a number of farm implements. There was an insurance of \$250 on contents and \$500 on the building.

The Belleville Ontario says: The Lehigh Portland Cement Company have purchased every farm in the vicinity of their plant, with the exception of Mr. George McDonald's. Their property now extends from the bay shore as far north as the Grand Trunk Railway and the raw material on their land is now practically inexhaustible. The Ontario is informed that it is the intention of the company to erect another mill the same size as the one now under construction, as soon as the latter is finished. These works will be the largest in Canada when completed and upwards of a million dollars is to be spent on construction and other work.

Anson News

Mrs. G. B. Jones, of Toronto, and Miss Robin, of Belleville, spent a few days as guests of Miss Nita Bailey.

Miss Blanche Williams, of Hord's Station, has taken charge of the public school at Anson.

Mr. John Booth is all smiles these days. He is the father of a fine baby boy.

Miss Hazel McMullen is attending the Madoc Model School.

Miss Flossie Bagley is attending Pictou Model School.

Miss Evelyn Eggleton spent a few weeks visiting relatives at West Hunt-Ingdon.

Mrs. M. Feeny and Mr. Henry Westcott visited friends in Havelock last week.

Mr. Harry Giffin, of Toronto, and Mr. O. C. Giffin, of Madoc, were the guests of Miss Margaret McMullen on Saturday and Sunday of last week.

Miss Leola Johnson entertained her scholars at her home on Labor Day.

Mr. D. W. Wammanaker and Percy Hoard left today for Toronto fair.

Miss Margaret Maguire, of L'Amable was the guest of Miss Hazel McMullen for a few days.

Miss Margaret McMullen left today for Millbrook to attend the wedding of Mr. Walter Burns, former agent at Anson station.

Many of the Chinese in Vancouver have recently developed a consuming desire for an education, and are applying for admission to the public schools. This is to secure the rebate on the poll tax for bona fide students.

Recent floods in Japan have rendered a large number of people homeless. In Tokio alone nearly 80,000 are being cared for by public relief, and about the same number in Sallaman, and there are thousands homeless elsewhere. An entire town was submerged, and many persons are missing.

Rev. T. Albert Moore has been chosen as successor to Rev. J. G. Shearer, D.D., in the office of Secretary of the Lord's Day Alliance of Canada, which the latter lately resigned to accept that of General Secretary of Temperance and Moral Reform for the Presbyterian Church of Canada. The selection of Rev. Moore to fill the vacancy was unanimous on the Executive Board.

A recent experiment on the microbes of tuberculosis, diphtheria, typhoid fever and Asiatic cholera, by Professor Marshall Wood, of Cambridge University, shows that sunlight is fatal to them all. Exposed in a north window the germs managed to keep themselves alive for several days, but exposed to the direct sunlight they gave up in from two to ten minutes.

TRICKS OF THE TYPES

Wicked Deeds Done by the Imp of the Perverse.

AMUSING ERRORS IN PRINT.

Examples of What is Liable to Happen When the Composer Blunders or When the Usually Alert and Careful Proofreader Nods.

Sometimes the proofreader nods, and in this connection the late Lord Goschen told at a public dinner a story of a reader who worked for his (Lord Goschen's) grandfather and who, in answer to a denunciation from his employer, cried:

"Let some other man work at correctness of typography. I despair. My own thoughts often hinder me as they seize and hold the authors otherwise than they ought to do. It is quite possible that giggling about words and syllables may often go to the wall when my soul cannot tear itself loose from some thought or picture. Errors have been found in sheets which I thought I had worked backward and forward with the greatest particularity. I read always as it should be."

It is when a reader is in this doubtful condition that the general public are permitted to read, and they did once in a morning nod not given to humor, that a celebrated politician, in a speech, described some one as "sitting at the feet of the game bird of Birmingham," instead of "Gannet." In the same journal, too, the following startling announcement appeared under the heading of "Births":

NICHOLSON.—On the 12th inst., at Belton road, Sidecup, the son of Alfred Nicholson, of a daughter.

In another newspaper a most pathetic account appeared of a doctor who died owing to having accidentally infected himself while injecting some plague virus into a "gnat." The mystery was solved the next day, when an apology was printed explaining that the word should have been "rat." "Come over and try some new soup," a lady novelist did not write; "soups" was the word. "It is a sickly couple of the real article" was perhaps excusable. It appeared in a paper during the Boer war.

These mistakes are curious enough, but they pale into insignificance before some of those that never reach the printed sheet.

"Cold milk, father!" once demanded a compositor in cold type, and he was aggrieved to have to alter it to "Cold milk faltheit." "Brer Fox" was made "Boer Fox"—that was also during the South African war.

On a hot summer's day another tired typesetter turned "The Ides of March" into "The Idea of Work." In a sermon a celebrated divine was made to say, "And they erected a marine store at the mouth of the sepulchre." "Massive stone" were the correct words.

Abbreviations are at times the bane of the compositor, but he had no excuse in setting up, in an account of a Mansion House function, that among those present were "Old Isaac and Old Treloar." He should have known that "Alp" was an abbreviation of "Alderman." In the same "false" of copy that "Lord Mayor" was received with a "crush" (should be "clash") and was followed by the sheriffs in their "margarine (mazarine) gowns."

"Let the galled Judy wink" appeared in another first proof, and the proofreader wearily made it the "galled jade vince." "Die, lusty platter!" has quite a transpient flavor, but the "copy" said "Die Lustige Blatter" (a German weekly paper).

"Pignut of the enunciation" does not seem convincing; "pignut of the imagination" is better. "Petticoats long on Sunday morning is a disgrace" is all right when the first two words are read "Petticoat lane."

In a police court assault case the prosecutor was made to say that the prisoner had given him "twins." What the prisoner really did was to give the prosecutor a "turn" (a fright). "The government were suffering from mental aberration," must have been set up by a compositor of the opposition politics. The real charge was "mutual admiration."

"De mortuis nil nescire" would trouble a Latin scholar. "De mortuis nil nisi bonum" is more correct. "Jim the Pleman" is easily recognizable as the hero of a play, and "Putty Polly," the racehorse, would throw up hot pretty head in disdain to see herself so described.

For a pair of scandals completed the costume read "scandals," and for "There is indeed a scandal" substitute "scandal." He lived in the "hubbubs" should be "suburbs," and "Call her, Herr, In" is understandable when printed "Call her herra."

A well known descriptive writer was startled to read in a rough first proof that he had described the fields surrounding the Derby course as "covered with boots and shoes." He was placated when informed that it had been altered to "boots and shoes."

Columns could be filled with the amusing and amusing blunders of the compositor, but here space forbids more than a final "howler," which is a classic in the printing world. "O temporal O moment!" wrote a leader writer at ten minutes to 1 in the morning. "O Moses, indeed!" exclaimed the proofreader a quarter of an hour later when he "caught and bowled" the compositor who had improved the phrase into "O Tennyson! O Moses!"—London Express.

It is by presence of mind in untold emergencies that the native metal of a man is tested.—Lowell.

EDUCATING WILLIAM.

His Mother-in-law Tells His Wife the Subtle Process.

"He isn't stinky," declared the young woman, rather indignantly. "I'm sure he's as generous as he can be in most things, but—"

"Oh, I know," said the elder woman. "Your father used to be a great deal the same way."

"But," exclaimed the young woman. "Until he got educated," said the elder woman. "I had to educate him, of course, and you'll have to educate William. Arguing isn't any use."

"I know," said the young woman sadly. "I've tried it."

"And crying isn't any use," said the elder, with some severity.

The young woman blushed and glanced hastily at a mirror that hung on the wall.

"No, your eyes aren't red," said the elderly woman reassuringly, "but you have been crying, and I tell you it won't do, and coaxing won't work one time in a dozen."

"Then how?"

"Use your common sense. There are lots of ways. Take him to shop with you the next time you go. That's one pretty good way of making him realize that a woman can't dress on nothing."

The young woman shook her head. "You don't know William as well as I do," she said. "I'd be worse off than ever, and besides, he wouldn't go."

"Oh, yes, he would," said the elderly woman confidently. "He will if you manage him properly. You tell some woman friend what exquisite taste he has when he's around and notice how he'll begin to swell up. I never knew the man who, didn't believe that he knew more about what was becoming to a woman than she did herself. Then follow that up by asking him to help you select a hat. He'll do it fast enough if you can make him really believe you depend on his judgment."

"But, mother—"

"I suppose you think he'll pick out some five dollar horror or something that doesn't suit you at all."

"I'm afraid he would."

"Well, he wouldn't. You begin by wanting him to go to some dollar and ninety-eight millinery store and watch him rebel. Look in at the window and comment favorably on one or two of the shapes if you can't do anything else, especially if some other people are standing by looking in. He'll insist on your going to some decent place. Don't take him to Elise, though. Go any place where there's a fairly good assortment, but not where they take \$50 hats as a matter of course. All you've got to do is to pick out an intelligent saleswoman and insist on something inexpensive. If she brings you anything over \$8, say: 'Oh, dear, no! I can't afford to pay that price.'"

"I don't see—"

"Well, you will. You'll see that he'll insist on seeing something better, and you'll see that he'll be about as helpless as a babe between you and the saleswoman, and he'll see that the only way he can assert himself is to urge you not to consider expense. Don't tell me he won't. I know 'em. You can have any hat you want, and he'll go out of the store under the impression that he selected it. And you don't want to disabuse his mind either. Tell him that you think the hat is perfectly charming and you are afraid he has been extravagant and the one at \$11 would have done just as well. See it he doesn't tell you that it's economy in the long run to get a good thing, and that you will get more than \$5 worth of satisfaction out of the difference in the price. But don't ever let him convince you."

"Why not?"

"Because it wouldn't do. But don't fall to tell him how your friends raved about the hat and how surprised they seemed when you told them it was his choice and how they said they would hate to have their husbands pick out a hat for them and how you thought so, too, but didn't say it, and mention casually as the thing goes on to any company you have that you always let William select your hats on account of his exquisite taste, the only drawback being his criminal disregard of price. Same thing applies to gowns or anything else."

"But it would be awful to have to be everlastingly taking him around."

"You won't have to," said the elderly woman. "Don't you worry about that. He'll get tired after the first few times and let you get what you want yourself. But you won't hear any more talk about your extravagance. He'll have got his horizon extended. But don't on any account let him lose his own good opinion of his taste."

"It seems a little deceptive," said the young woman, "but I almost believe I'll try it."

Suited to His Business.

"Gracious!" exclaimed the kind old lady to the beggar, "are they the best shoes you've got?"

"Why, lady," replied the caddish beggar, "could you imagine better ones for dis business? Every one o' dem holes means nickels an' dimes ter me."

A Breaker.

Mistress Jane, have you cemented the handle on to the water jug which you dropped yesterday. Jane—I started to, mum, but, most unfortunately, I dropped the cement bottle.—Punch.

Lame.

"The railroad wants to dig a cut right through our suburb."

"And do they offer no excuse?"

"Oh, they say divided outskirts will be more modish."

It is only imperfection that complains of what is imperfect. The more perfect we are the more gentle and quiet we become toward the defects of others.—Fenelon.

ATMOSPHERIC ELECTRICITY.

Experiment Suggested by Franklin and Performed by D'Alibard.

To Benjamin Franklin belongs the merit of having perceived that a direct experiment was needed to prove what so far was only a guess. In an article entitled "Opinions and Conjectures Concerning the Properties and Effects of the Electrical Matter Arising From Experiments and Observations Made at Philadelphia, 1749," the following passage occurs:

"To determine the question whether the clouds that contain lightning are electrified or not I would propose an experiment to be tried where it can be done conveniently. On the top of some high tower or steeple place a kind of entry box big enough to contain a man and an electrical stand. From the middle of the stand let an iron rod rise and pass, bending out of the door and then upright twenty feet or thirty feet, pointed very sharp at the end. If the electrical stand be kept clean and dry a man standing on it when such clouds are passing low might be electrified and afford sparks, the rod drawing fire to him from a cloud."

"If any danger to the man should be apprehended, though I think there would be none, let him stand on the floor of his box and now and then using near to the rod the loop of a wire that has one end fastened to the box, he holding it by a wax handle, so the sparks if the rod be electrified will strike from the rod to the wire and not affect him."

The experiment suggested by Franklin was successfully performed in Marly, France, by D'Alibard on May 10, 1752; in London by Canton in Spital square on July 20, 1752, and by Wilson in Chelmsford, Essex, on Aug. 12 of the same year. Franklin himself described having used a kite in Philadelphia in a letter dated Oct. 19 without giving the date of his observations. Rosenberger ("Geschichte der Physik," volume 2, page 316) mentioned that it was done in June.

Franklin's disbelief in the dangerous character of the experiment must have received a severe shock when he heard of the death of G. W. Richman, who, in the year 1753, was killed by an electric discharge drawn from the clouds by means of a kite.

A HOG ORCHESTRA.

French Musician Made the Squealers Sing a Tune.

During the reign of Louis XI. of France there was attached to his court one Abbot de Baigne, a man of considerable wit. The abbot was somewhat musically inclined and delighted the court with inventions of odd musical instruments. One day the king, after having enjoyed a hearty laugh over one of these curious contrivances and desiring to baffle this musical genius, commanded him to produce harmonious sounds from the cries of hogs. This seemed an impossibility to the king, and he prepared himself to enjoy the discomfiture of the abbot. Much to his surprise, however, the abbot readily agreed to produce them. All he required was a sum of money, upon receipt of which he declared he would invent the most surprising thing ever heard in the way of musical atrocity.

He scoured the country and secured a large number of hogs, trying their voices as to pitch and quality, and finally, having fully satisfied himself, he arranged the animals in a sort of pavilion richly decorated. The day of the trial arrived, and the king and his court entered the pavilion prepared for something, but greatly in doubt as to the success of the abbot with the hogs.

However, there were the hogs, sure enough, and, much to the surprise and delight of the king, they commenced to cry harmoniously and in good tune, rendering an air that was fairly recognized. The abbot had arranged a series of stops that were connected with the hogs and upon pulling one of them out caused a spike to prick the hog it connected with, making him squeal his note. The rest was easy, for by pulling out the different stops he produced the tune.

A Ring Island.

Many coral reef islands in the Pacific are in the form of more or less perfect rings, or ovals, inclosing lagoons. The ring island of Niaufoa, halfway between Fiji and Samoa, is not a coral reef, but a volcanic ring inclosing a crater containing a lake two miles in diameter. Toward the sea the ring is bordered with walls of black lava, and on the inner side these break down in cliffs 200 to 300 feet in height. An eruption in 1880 forced a peninsula on the eastern side of the lake. While the ocean outside is trembling and thundering under a heavy wind the lake remains smooth or is simply wrinkled with ripples.

The Time to Cry "Halt!"

If one be watchful there comes a time in the life of every man and woman when one or more discoveries are made. The walk is not so brisk, the slumping forward and the back is not so erect as formerly. Now is the time to cry "Halt!" It is the time to drill the body, the time to revise sleep, diet, exercise, occupation, relaxation and all habits. Every son and daughter of humanity should refuse this gradual yielding to decay.

The Difference.

"I always thought," remarked an English judge, "that a parol and a sunshade were the same."

"No," replied the witness on the stand; "a sunshade is to keep the sun off; a parol is to flirt with."

Those who occupy their minds too much with small matters generally become incapable of great.

He Couldn't Plow. A certain incident connected with the great Napoleon while he was in exile in Elba is commemorated in the island to this hour by an inscription affixed to the wall of a peasant's house.

A man named Gleauet was plowing when the famous exile came along one day and expressed an interest in his work. Napoleon even took the plowshare out of the man's hand and attempted to guide it himself. But the oxen refused to obey him, overturned the plow and spoiled the furrow.

The inscription runs thus: "Napoleon the Great, passing by this place in MDCCCXIV, took in the neighboring field a plowshare from the hands of a peasant and himself tried to plow, but the oxen, rebellious to those hands, which yet had guided Europe, headlong fled from the furrow."

Greenland Whales.

The great Greenland whale has no teeth, its baleen plates, or whalebone, taking their place. Along the center of the palate runs a strong ridge, and on each side of this there is a wide depression along which the plates are inserted. These are long and flat, hanging free, and are placed across the mouth with their sides parallel and near each other. The base and outer edge of the plates are of solid whalebone, but the inner edges are fringed, filling up the interior of the mouth and acting as a strainer for the food, which consists of the small swimming mollusks and medusae or jellyfish.

A Man's Career.

A man ought to look upon his career as a great artist looks upon his masterpiece, as an out-picturing of his best self, upon which he looks with infinite pride and a satisfaction which nothing else can give. Yet many people are so loosely connected with their vocation that they are easily separated from it.—Success Magazine.

He Knew Mother.

"See here," cried the boy's father, "if you don't behave I'll whip you!"

"I wish you would," replied the bad boy.

"You do, eh?"

"Yes," "cause when it's all over ma will gimme some candy."—Exchange.

Heartless.

"So you wouldn't take me to be twenty-six?" giggled the fair widow.

"No, indeed," rejoined the inconsiderate old bachelor. "But if you had a daughter I might take her to be that old."

Why They Let.

"Hello, George! What's everybody crowding out of the drawing room for? Have refreshments been announced?"

George.—No. But Aunt Matilda is getting ready to sing.

His Consolation.

Mr. Justcott—Why, what are you crying about, dear? Mrs. Justcott—Oh, George! The mice have got into the pantry and eaten up a beautiful custard pie I made myself! Mr. Justcott—There! there! Don't cry over a few little mice.

Sharp Boy.

"Now," asked a music teacher, "what is the note above F?" "F sharp."

"Yes, and the note below F?" "F blunt!"

Live, laugh and love. There'll come a time when you can't.—Success.

Just now the dazzling advertisements are appearing in the papers offering land for sale in the west—bargains that will make the fortunate purchaser wealthy while he takes a snooze. It would be well, however, to know what you are buying before investing. A citizen of Walkerton bought a city lot at Edmonton. Recently he went up to look at his property and found it four miles out of town, located in a swamp, with a creek in front of it marked "Agnes street."

Canada's progress in railway construction is clearly marvellous, as is strikingly shown in a map which has just been issued by the Department of the Interior. This map shows in color the lines the Canadian railways in operation, under construction, and under order and location. The total of the existing railway mileage of the country is 23,705 miles, of which 1,165 miles were laid in 1906. Of these there are 873 miles of double track, and there are, in addition, 1085 miles of siding. Last year the total gross earnings were \$120,822,853; the working expenses \$71,229,334, and the train mileage nearly seventy-three millions of miles.

For Thin, Poor Blood

You can trust a medicine tested 60 years! Sixty years of experience, think of that! Experience with Ayer's Sarsaparilla; the original Sarsaparilla; the Sarsaparilla the doctors endorse for thin blood, weak nerves, general debility.

But even this grand old medicine cannot do its best work if the liver is inactive and the bowels constipated. For the best possible results, you should take laxative doses of Ayer's Pile Ointment, or the Sarsaparilla.

Made by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Also Manufactured at: HAIR VIGOR, ACHIEVE CURE, CHERRY PECTORAL. We have no secret. We publish the formulae of all

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

E. F. PARKER,
ISSUER OF
Marriage Licenses
STIRLING, ONT.

GEO. E. CRYER, Issuer,
Residence Stirling House, Stirling.

J. S. MORTON,
OPTICIAN, GRADUATE CANADIAN
Ophthalmic College, Member Canadian
Association of Opticians.
Eyes examined and imperfect sight cor-
rected with glasses.
At MORTON & HAUGHTON'S Drug Store.

CHAS. F. WALT, D.D.S., L.D.S.
FIRST CLASS HONOR GRADUATE IN
Dentistry of the University of Toronto.
Graduate of the Royal College of Dental Sur-
geons of Ontario.
Office—Over Sovereign Bank.
Open every day. Evenings by appointment
only.

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Public Commissioner, Conveyancer, etc.
Office—In Sovereign Bank Building.

G. G. THRASHER,
SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEY-
ANCER, etc. Office in W. S. Martin's
Block, Mill Street.

L. O. L. NO. 110
Meets in Lodge Room, the first Friday
evening of each month at 8 o'clock.
W. H. RODGERS,
Secretary.

STIRLING LODGE
No. 239,
I. O. O. F.
Meets in the Lodge room,
Conley block,
EVERY WEDNESDAY EVENING
At 8 o'clock. G. G. THRASHER, R.S.

SPRING BROOK MEDICAL,
SURGICAL AND X-RAY INSTITUTE
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R. ELGIN TOWLE, M.B., M.D.C.M.
Physician-in-charge.

Specialist in Rectal Diseases, Prostatic
Diseases of Men, Diseases of Women, Can-
cers, Tumors, X-Ray examination. Dis-
eases of Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat and Lungs.
Fitting glasses and all acute and chronic
diseases. Office Hours: 12 to 3 p.m. Drug
store in connection.

PERSONALS.

Mr. N. Lanktree spent a few days in
Toronto this week.

Mr. Chas. H. Scott is spending a few
days in Toronto.

Mrs. D. Utman spent a few days with
friends in Toronto.

Miss Bertha Mosher is spending a couple
of weeks in Toronto.

Mrs. G. L. and Miss Jennie Scott returned
from Toronto on Tuesday.

Miss Bessie Hall, of Campbellford, spent
a few days at Mrs. Wm. McCann's.

Miss Stella Foster, of Stockdale, is a
guest of her sister, Mrs. C. F. Walt.

Mr. Wellstood, of Kinnmont, is a guest
of his daughter, Mrs. (Rev.) W. H. Clarke.

Mrs. S. G. Faulkner and daughter, of
Vancouver, are visiting relatives in town.

Mr. Hume Bissonnette left last week for
Galt, taking in the Toronto fair on the way.

Misses Flossie and Hettie Bailey left on
Monday to attend the Model School in
Picton.

Misses Della and Laura Caldwell are
spending their vacation in Toronto and
Lindsay.

Rev. W. G. Clarke is visiting relatives
at Hay Bay, Mrs. Clarke will join him
there to-morrow.

Mr. Arthur Booth, of Grand Rapids,
Mich., is visiting at the home of his aunt,
Mrs. Wm. McCann.

Miss M. Anderson, of Kempville, has
returned to take charge of C. F. Stickle's
millinery department.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Turner and little son,
of Lindsay spent a few days with Mrs.
and the Misses Caldwell.

Mrs. Thos. Scott and son, Bert, of War-
ton, are visiting her sister, Mrs. Mark
Tucker and other friends in this vicinity.

Mrs. Joshua Richardson, of River Val-
ley, and sister, Mrs. Ira Sine, of Frank-
ford, have gone to New York state to visit
friends and relatives.

Mrs. E. Lanktree left on Tuesday morn-
ing for Chicago where she will spend a
few weeks before leaving for her new
home in Grand View, Man.

Messrs. George and Darral Rook, of De-
troit, Mich., are spending their holidays
with their uncle, Mr. R. E. Reed, of Wel-
man's Corners.

Mr. Henry Kerr is on a business trip to
the Toronto and Belleville Rolling Mills for
North Bay, Sudbury, Manitoulin Island,
Cobalt, and other towns in northern On-
tario.

Mr. Joseph Frappay has accepted the
position of teacher of the Model School at
Norwood during the present term. He
was formerly principal of the school there,
and met with great success.

Mr. Donald E. Bissonnette, who was in
the Sovereign Bank at Montreal and came
home on account of illness in June last,
left last week for Waterloo, Que., to which
place he has been transferred.

Miss Maude Ward left on Monday for
Madoc, having secured a school in that
vicinity. The school is a new one, and the
church suffers a loss in her removal, as her
splendid alto voice was of great service.

A number of our citizens are camping
beside the Trent river above the rapids,
fishing and shooting ducks.

ADVERTISING NOTICES.
In the local column will be charged as follows:
To Regular Advertisers.—Three lines and un-
der, 25 cents each insertion; over three lines,
75c. per line. Matter set in larger than the or-
dinary type, 10c. per line.
To Transient Advertisers.—10c. per line each
insertion. No insertion less than 25c.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE.
Transcontinental Stirling station as follows:
GOING WEST. —————
Mail & Ex. 8:37 a.m. Passenger 10:17 a.m.
Passenger 11:42 p.m. Mail & Ex. 3:43 p.m.

The Stirling News-Argus.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 5, 1907.

LOCAL MATTERS.

The High School has commenced the
fall term with an attendance of over
fifty pupils.

Mr. Morden Bird has removed from
Mr. McKee's block to his new offices in
the Melkjohn block.

A friend of St. Andrew's congrega-
tion has presented the church with a
pair of walnut collection plates.

The price of cheese has advanced con-
siderably, and sold on the Belleville
cheese board last Saturday at 12 1/2c.

Mr. J. L. Ashley has opened up his
new grocery in the new Melkjohn
block. See his ad. in another column.

Prof. Dossie, of Albert College, will
conduct the services in the Methodist
church on Sunday, in the absence of the
pastor.

FOR SALE—A few thousand first-class
red brick at the new Presbyterian manse.
Apply to F. ROLLINS, Chairman Building
Committee.

The choir of St. Andrew's church
holds its monthly song service next
Sunday evening. Miss Daisy Ander-
son of New York will assist.

The drive-sheds of the Presbyterian
church have been removed to the south-
east corner of the lot, and are to have
an extension along the north end.

Mr. N. Lanktree has started a livery
in connection with his other business,
and makes his announcement in another
column. Stirling is now well supplied
in this line.

Beginning with next Sunday, Sept.
8th, services will be held in the Baptist
churches on the Stirling field, regularly
as follows: Hubble Hill, 10:30 a.m.;
Stirling, 2:30 p.m.

Wellman's lawn social on the evening
of Aug. 23rd, was one of the most suc-
cessful ever held there. The evening
was fine, and the attendance large. The
proceeds amounted to about \$475.

AN ENTERTAINMENT of moving pictures,
illustrated songs, stories, etc., will be
given in the Baptist church next Friday
evening, Sept. 6th, commencing at 8
o'clock. Admission, adults 25c, children
10c.

At the cheese board on Aug. 27th 570
boxes of cheese were offered. Mr. Free,
of Campbellford, bought 225 at 11 7/16c.
The balance were offered 11 5/16c., but
refused to sell. The board adjourned
for two weeks and will meet again on
Sept. 10th at 4 o'clock.

The regular monthly meeting of the
W. M. S. of the Methodist church will
be held on Tuesday afternoon next at
3 o'clock, in the Sunday School room of
the church. All the ladies are request-
ed to be present.

The Public School was not re-opened
on Tuesday. The teachers were there
and also the pupils, or at least many of
them, but the class rooms were not
ready. The installation of the new
heating and ventilating apparatus is not
completed, and the opening of school
was postponed for a week, or perhaps
longer.

The contract for heating the Presby-
terian manse with hot water is being
let this week. When finished, the in-
terior of this house will be one of the
most modern, if not the most modern
in the village. If next summer sees as
many new buildings going up as this
one has, Stirling must surely be a pros-
perous village.

An interesting programme has been
prepared for the Stirling, Rawdon and
Marmora Sunday School convention to
be held at Spring Brook on Monday
next, Sept. 9th. Mr. H. W. Brown,
B.A., teacher training secretary, To-
day, will give an address at both after-
noon and evening sessions. Addresses
will also be given by Revs. W. G.
Clarke, W. H. Clarke, F. A. Robinson,
W. H. Stevens, W. B. Secombe and
others.

Belleville Ontario: A very pretty
wedding was solemnized on Wednes-
day, Aug. 21st, at 6 p.m. in St. Mark's
Anglican church, Belleville, the con-
tracting parties being Mr. J. R. Gay,
bookkeeper for the Belleville Canning
Co., and Miss Maud W. Brown, gradu-
ate of Winnipeg General Hospital, and
daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Brown.
The church was profusely decorated
with flowers. Rev. A. S. Dickinson,
assisted by Rev. Dr. Nimmo tied the
nuptial knot.

On Thursday, Aug. 22nd, death
claimed as its victim a well-known resi-
dent of Stirling, Mr. John A. French.
For several years he was a partner in
the firm of Lanktree & French, but re-
tired from business last winter on
account of ill health. The funeral,
which took place on Sunday, Aug. 25th,
was under the auspices of Stirling
Lodge No. 69, A.F. & A.M., of which
lodge he was a member, and was largely
attended by members of the order, as
well as by the citizens generally. The
deceased was also a member of the I.O.
O.F. and A.O.U.W. He leaves a widow
and two children, a son and daughter,
to mourn his death.

Stirling's Big Show

It is only three weeks to the time
when the Stirling Agricultural Society's
big show will be in full swing. Ar-
rangements are now almost completed
for many attractions and a splendid
programme is promised for both days,
and as our fair has assumed a new name
in accordance with the Legislature re-
quirements, it is assured that this year's
fair, under the present management,
will be much more successful than its
predecessors.

Many persons who have hitherto
taken no part in Stirling fair have ap-
plied for membership and will make
exhibits this year. Of course, as usual,
there will be speeding tests on the last
day, which will be an attraction to
many.

The county of Hastings, rich as it is
in its fertility and minerals and the up-
to-date and well-to-do farming com-
munity, by the help of the surrounding
villages should endeavor to make Stirling
Agricultural Fair the best in this
part of the country, and we believe this
could easily be done by united action
on the part of the citizens of the county
and village. Let all unite in doing all
possible to make this fair a record
breaker, both in point of attendance,
excellence of exhibits, and interest in
providing special attractions, and thus
show appreciation of the efforts being
made by the Directors. It must be
remembered that the success of the fair
depends upon the support given by citi-
zens of the village and county. With
united efforts this has never been known
to fail and in view of the special efforts
being put forth and the importance of
the event to this county and surround-
ing district we may look forward with
pride to the great two days' fair in Stirling
on Sept. 26th and 27th.

A special attraction by way of a
grand musical concert will be given in
the opera house on the night of the 27th.
The artists are Miss Hazel Bell, soprano,
Will J. White, humorist, and J. Harry
Scriven, Baritone. Those who have not
received prize lists can secure them by
applying to the secretary, W. T. Sine, C.
W. Thompson, T. H. McKee or G. G.
Thrasher.

Births.
CAMPBELL—In Stirling, on Aug. 27th, to
Mr. and Mrs. John Campbell, a son.

Deaths.
FRENCH—In Stirling, on Aug. 22nd, John
A. French, aged 36 years, 3 months and 13
days.

Wanted
Peeling Apples and Cider Apples wanted
at the Evaporator, Stirling. Highest price
paid.
O. VANDERVOORT.

House and Lot
FOR SALE
On east side of Emma street, Stirling.
For further particulars apply to
JEROME CONLEY.

Mortgage Sale
The west one-quarter of lot number
Eight, in the Parish of Stirling, con-
sisting of the township of Huntingdon, is
offered for sale by public auction at the Stirling
House in Stirling, on Tuesday, September
24th, 1907, at 2 o'clock p.m.
For further particulars see posters, or
apply to
J. EARL HALLIWELL,
Vendor's Solicitor at Stirling.
WM. RODGERS, Auctioneer.

Dairymen's Meetings

The executive committee of the Eastern
Dairymen's Association, at a meet-
ing held in Toronto, decided almost
unanimously to hold the annual con-
vention at Picton on Jan. 8, 9 and 10
next. As an inducement to reach this
decision, the town will contribute \$600
towards the expenses of advertising,
securing speakers, etc.

A sub-committee was also appointed
to arrange for local meetings. Twenty
of these will be held at different points,
one in every division. The object of
these meetings is to "get right after"
the cheese men in each section, and
whenever this is found to be desirable
to induce them to improve their fac-
tories and their milk supply, and to grow
more green fodder, with the view of
both cheapening the cost of the product
and of enhancing its quality.

The attempt will also be made to have
one of their instructors attend each an-
nual meeting of the cheese factory as-
sociations to talk to the farmers at their
own homes and show them the particu-
lar needs and failings of each factory;
pointing out how they may be able to
effect substantial improvements, when
this may be necessary, in the curing
room, in the making room, and in the
machinery department.

A Glimpse at the Home Life
of the Doukhobors

"One of the most interesting bodies
of people on this continent are the
Doukhobors," says a writer in the Oc-
tober issue of the NEW IDEA WOMAN'S
MAGAZINE. She continues thus: "Inter-
esting not alone because of their pecu-
liar religious beliefs, but because they
are a people who have succeeded for
six years in conducting a large
social community with comparatively
little friction, and with material gain
to themselves. They came to Canada
from Russia penniless, but to-day own
land, stock, and the latest and most
approved agricultural implements, and
all business is conducted on a commu-
nity basis." The many photographs
which accompany the article attest to
the primitive simplicity of the Douk-
hobor life. Their success is based on the
mastery of many practical trades, as
well as their ability to withstand the
greatest hardships. The intense re-
ligious mode of these people has affected
their mode of life in many curious ways
which will be of great interest to all
readers.

Fletcher—MacDonald

A very quiet home wedding took
place at two o'clock Wednesday after-
noon, Aug. 28th, at the residence of Mr.
and Mrs. James MacDonald, on the
Canifon road, when their daughter,
Miss Daisy MacDonald, was united in
marriage to Mr. William Fletcher, a
prominent and popular young piano
merchant of Stirling. The ceremony
was performed by the Rev. R. S. Laid-
law, of St. Andrew's church, in the
presence of only the relatives and im-
mediate friends of the contracting par-
ties. They were unattended. After
the ceremony the guests sat down to a
dainty wedding breakfast, and after the
usual congratulations and best wishes
had been extended, the newly wedded
couple left on a honeymoon trip up
west, after which they will take up
their residence in Stirling, where they
will be followed by the good wishes of
a host of friends.—Ontario.

The Sick Baby

MOTHER, when your Baby is
croup, crying, peevish or fret-
ful, don't do him harm, but give
him the new, natural and
successful treatment for the
disorders and diseases of
infants and children—

Dr. Pitcher's Sen-Ol

This preparation is purely
vegetable, contains nothing
harmful and is the best treat-
ment for Sour Stomach, Vom-
iting, Wind, Colic, Worms,
Constipation, Feverishness,
Diarrhoea, etc. It promotes
digestion, aids teething, in-
duces restful sleep and makes
croup, crying babies happy
and healthy.

Recommended and sold by

J. S. MORTON
Druggist, Stationer, Etc.

Dr. Harvey Clare, who for the past
year has been assistant physician of To-
ronto asylum, has been appointed as-
sistant medical superintendent of the
asylum for the insane, New Westmin-
ster, B.C. Dr. Clare tendered his resig-
nation on Friday and will give up his
duties on September 1st. The position
carries with it a considerable increase
in salary, and Dr. Clare will be in line
for promotion. The appointment came
from the Provincial Secretary's Depart-
ment of British Columbia, and the On-
tario Department considers the choice
of Dr. Clare as a compliment not only
to his ability but to the Ontario system.
Dr. Clare, who was a former practition-
er of Tweed, is a son of ex-Warden Clare
of Hastings county. His many friends
congratulate him upon his advance-
ment.

Pain anywhere, pain in the head, pain-
ful periods, neuralgia, toothache, all pains
can be promptly stopped by a thoroughly
safe little pink Candy Tablet, known by
druggists everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Head-
ache Tablets. Pain simply means conges-
tion—undue blood pressure at the point
where pain exists. Dr. Shoop's Headache
Tablets quickly equalize this unnatural
blood pressure, and pain immediately de-
parts. Write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis.,
and get a free trial package. Large box,
25 cts., at all dealers.

Auction Sale
WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 18.—On lot 28, con.
9, Sidney, the farm stock and implements
belonging to Mr. John N. McCutcheon.
Sale at one o'clock, p.m. Wm. Rodgers,
auctioneer.

Births.
CAMPBELL—In Stirling, on Aug. 27th, to
Mr. and Mrs. John Campbell, a son.

Deaths.
FRENCH—In Stirling, on Aug. 22nd, John
A. French, aged 36 years, 3 months and 13
days.

Wanted
Peeling Apples and Cider Apples wanted
at the Evaporator, Stirling. Highest price
paid.
O. VANDERVOORT.

House and Lot
FOR SALE
On east side of Emma street, Stirling.
For further particulars apply to
JEROME CONLEY.

Mortgage Sale
The west one-quarter of lot number
Eight, in the Parish of Stirling, con-
sisting of the township of Huntingdon, is
offered for sale by public auction at the Stirling
House in Stirling, on Tuesday, September
24th, 1907, at 2 o'clock p.m.
For further particulars see posters, or
apply to
J. EARL HALLIWELL,
Vendor's Solicitor at Stirling.
WM. RODGERS, Auctioneer.

Strayed
Came into the premises of the subscriber
about the 1st of July last, a spring calf.
The owner is requested to prove property,
pay charges and take it away.
NATHAN EGGLETON,
Lot 29, 9th Con. Sidney.

Farm for Sale
Part of Lots Nos. 11 and 12, in the 3rd
Concession of Rawdon, situated on the
Marmora gravel road, about two miles
from Stirling, and containing 100 acres,
more or less. The farm is in a good state
of cultivation, and there are good buildings
and a young orchard on the premises, and
over 200 rods of new wire fence. For terms
and further particulars apply to
WM. FANNING,
Stirling P.O.

Farm for Sale
The southeast quarter of lot 7 in the 5th
con. of Rawdon, containing fifty acres.
Good house and barn, and never-failing
well. A small orchard and about four
acres of wood land. For terms and further
particulars apply to
JAMES WRIGHT,
Minto, P.O.

Farm for Sale
or To Let
The north half of Lot 24, in the 3rd Con-
cession, and the south-east quarter of Lot
24, in 4th Concession of Rawdon, contain-
ing 175 acres, more or less. Two houses,
one frame and the other hollow block
cement. Two barns, one on each lot, one
with cement floor in stables and well in
barn with windmill for pumping water.
Also good drive house and hog pen. About
twenty acres of good hardwood. A never-
failing stream running through both lots.
For terms and further particulars apply to
A. PARKS,
Hoard's Station.

ALBERT COLLEGE
BELLEVILLE, ONT.

Department of Music
V. P. HUNT, A.A.G.O., Director
Graduate of Royal Conservatory, Leipzig,
Germany.

Full staff of specialists in
Piano Pipe Organ
Voice Violin
Theory of Music
Toronto Conservatory and University
exams. held annually in College Building.
Over 300 successful candidates in 5 years.
College Re-opens Sept. 10th

Send for special Music and College Cal-
endar. Address
PRINCIPAL DYER.

MEAT SHOP
Under new management. The business
formerly carried on by A. H. SMILEY, is
now changed to
SEELEY & HATTON

We are prepared to supply the public
with first-class Meats of all kinds at low-
est cash prices.
SEELEY & HATTON.

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat
& Candy Bowl Laxative.

Stirling's New Store.

The one price to all—all the time

We have just placed in stock our

NEW FALL COATS AND MANTLES

For Ladies, Misses and Children. Every garment guaranteed for Quality,
Style, Fit and Finish.

RODGERS' GARMENTS
HAVE NO EQUAL.

LADIES' LONG COATS
FROM \$8.75 TO \$18.00

We would like every
lady to see these Coats.
We do not want you to
purchase unless you are
satisfied they are the
Best, Most Stylish and
Up-to-date.

LADIES' READY-TO-WEAR SKIRTS
Large variety in GREYS, BLACKS and NAVYS, from
\$1.85 to \$6.50.

FRUIT JARS — We have them in all sizes.

DO NOT FORGET THAT WE SELL

GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS

G. W. ANDERSON.

Produce taken in exchange for goods or for cash. PHONE No. 29.

SCHOOL SHOES FOR SCHOOL DAYS

School time again pretty soon. We've gathered for the Boys
and the Girls a lot of suitable Shoes—little Shoes—big Shoes—all
sorts—all prices. We've looked well to the feature that must stand
the strain of many a kick,—and after we had made sure of looks
and strength, we found that the price could be kept within easy
reach.

Prices - 75 cts. to \$1.50

SEE OUR BARGAIN TABLE!

All Summer Footwear going at Bargain Prices.
Just a few pairs of White Shoes left.
Boots made to order.

J. W. BROWN
RELIABLE BOOT & SHOE MERCHANT

Butter and Eggs taken in exchange.

Farm for Sale
The southeast quarter of lot 7 in the 5th
con. of Rawdon, containing fifty acres.
Good house and barn, and never-failing
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with first-class Meats of all kinds at low-
est cash prices.
SEELEY & HATTON.

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat
& Candy Bowl Laxative.

Interior Decorating
We do all kinds of Painting,
Graining, Hardwood Finishing,
Paper Hanging, Etc., and will
guarantee perfect satisfaction
in every instance. We have
the newest and most artistic
Wall Paper from leading for-
eign and Canadian manufac-
turers, and will be pleased to show
you these goods and give an es-
timate for decorating one room
or your whole house.

OR, A SAD LIFE STORY

ices course it was still incoherent," she
 cees on hurriedly, stretching at the
 pression that occurs to her as likely
 to end, or at least a little modify, her
 work—"nothing that you could not
 find in your name resurged so
 inauspiciously; it was nothing but "Eliza-
 beth, Elizabeth." I am sure" to be re-
 munerous if clumsy attempt to kind,
 and a most uneasy smile—that I do not
 wonder at it."

In the narrow interspace between the
 blocks and the pull—not more than a
 couple of fingers wide—how the sea
 forces itself, and up races its foun-
 tains, throwing its spray aloft in
 such mighty plumes, as if they would
 blot the arch of heaven. What exhilaration in
 its great glad noise, superb and battle-
 ready!

"I cannot express how distasteful a
 task this is to me," she says, with cer-
 tainty, "but I have no reason to doubt the
 truth of her statement; 'but, after all,
 I am his mother; he is all I have in
 the world, and I am sure that you are
 the very last person who would wish to
 do him an injury.'

How curious still and slow her voice
 is, being as resolutely averted her
 eyes, so that her purpose may not
 again be shaken by the sight of the
 havoc she has wrought, and has fixed
 them upon some seagulls that are riding
 up and down upon the mazy waves,
 making them seem their buoyant mates,
 and more fond than they were before.

"It seems an impossible thing to say
 to you—a thing too bad to apologize for
 but yet I must say it"—in a tone of
 excessive distrust, yet firmness. "Under
 the circumstances it would have—would
 have been blither over his whole life."

"Yes, I know that it would; I have
 always known it; that is why we left
 Florence."

"And very good it was of you, too! Not
 that I am quite certain of the judicious-
 ness of the way in which you did
 it; but, however, I am sure you meant
 it for the best."

"Yes, I meant it for the best."

The sea-gulls have risen from the bil-
 low, and are turning and wheeling in
 the air. The light is catching their
 wings, and making them look like
 whirling silences. It seems as if they were
 at some play with it, trying experi-
 ments as to how they can best catch
 their bright playfellows, and again slash
 it off, and yet again recapture it.

"What a monster you must think
 me!" breaks out the elder woman pre-
 sently.

Now, that the impression has some-
 been conveyed to her mind, that her
 mission is likely to be completely suc-
 cessful, the full brutality of the method
 by which she has accomplished it bursts
 upon her mind.

"How treacherous! luring you out
 here, under the pretence of friendliness,
 to say such horrible things to you!"

Elizabeth's narrow hands are clasped
 upon her knees, and her small mouth
 is white, her face is locking out
 straight before her.

"No, I do not think you a monster,"
 she answers—"you are a kind-hearted
 woman! and it must have been very
 unpleasant to you." "I am quite
 sorry"—with a sort of smile—"for you,
 having to do it; but you are his moth-
 er. If I had been his mother, I should
 have done the same; at least, I suppose so."

"I am sure, if things had been differ-
 ent, there is no one that I should have
 —I do not know when I ever saw any-
 one whom I took such a fancy to. If
 it had not been for the disparity—I mean,
 if he had been less young and unfit to
 take upon himself the serious responsi-
 bilities of life—"

How deplorably lame even to Mrs.
 Dyng's ears sound her tardy efforts to
 place the grounds of her objection on a
 less cruel basis than that which she has
 already made so nakedly plain to be the
 real one! Even the sweet-mannered
 Elizabeth does not think it necessary to
 express gratitude for such insulting
 civilities.

"I do not quite understand what you
 wish me to do," she says, with quiet
 politeness; "if you will explain to
 me—"

"Oh, I do not want to dictate to you,
 please do not imagine I could think of
 being so impudent; but, of course, he
 will be asking for you. Since he
 came to himself, he has not mentioned
 you as yet; but of course he will. I am
 expecting it every moment; probably
 he has not felt up to embarking upon
 the subject. He will ask for you—will
 want to see you."

"And you wish me not to see him?"
 (It be continued).

INTELLIGENT BLIND HORSES.

The way in which blind horses can go
 about without getting into more diffi-
 culties than they ordinarily do is very
 remarkable. They rarely, if ever, hit
 their heads against a fence or a stone
 wall, or strike their shins, or when they
 come near one. It appears from careful
 observation that it is neither shade nor
 shelter which warns them of the dan-
 ger. On an absolutely sunless and
 windless day their behavior is the same.
 Their olfactory nerves doubtless become
 very acute, and they will poke their
 heads downward in search of water fifty
 yards before they come to a stream
 crossing the roadway. It cannot be an
 abnormally developed sense of hearing
 which leads them to do this, for they
 will not strike their heads on the wall be-
 hind a stagnant pool. Men who have been
 blind for any great length of time de-
 velop somewhat similar instincts to
 blind horses.

TOBACCO CONSUMPTION.

The consumption of tobacco averages
 about 800,000 tons yearly for the whole
 world.

SCOTT'S EMULSION serves as a
 bridge to carry the weakened and
 starved system along until it can find
 firm support in ordinary food.

Send for free sample.
 SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,
 Toronto, Ont., and \$1.00 a bottle.
 N. and \$1.00 a bottle.

Modern Juggernaut

Peter Quesnal tore away yesterday's
 leaf from his calendar, and, with eyes
 accustomed to note every detail, read the
 quotation disclosed for that day. He
 looked at it with a second glance and
 murmured the words to himself: "Upon
 my head they placed a fruitless crown."
 The son of mine succeeded!"

These words, so romantically with a
 certain leaf had received the night
 before, had a curious effect upon the
 man, giving a new warmth to his heart,
 a new interest to his life. A chord was
 touched, long dormant, almost dead
 chord of love. One of the foremost
 traits of his character seemed to be
 enormous wealth, he was still a lon-
 man—a man without wife, childless.

He glanced at the memorandum
 business awaiting him, and after a few
 minutes' conference with his chief clerks,
 he dictated a score of letters, attended
 to a number of reports, and then
 interviewed a dozen fellow-financiers
 sent out messages to as many other
 callers, and was soon mentally sub-
 merged in the full morning flood of
 business.

Presently a card was brought to him
 bearing a sign that the caller was to be
 admitted, and at a few moments later a
 man about his own age entered—a
 broad-looking man, with a weak, irresolu-
 lute face, but kindly, honest eyes.

The two men looked at one another in
 silence until the clerk had departed.
 Then the stranger spoke a few words,
 then said simply and held out his hand.

"I could hardly believe that it was I
 when you were pointed out to me a few
 days ago as Peter Quesnal," he said
 slowly; "you, the man I had known for
 other days, and under a different name."
 Quesnal was my mother's name," he
 turned, and then he spoke of his own
 own, which seemed unlucky, and told
 hers in place of it. A superstition, the
 was all—my sole superstition. He
 paused a moment, then added quickly:
 "I got your letter. Need I say that its
 contents surprised me? I can hardly be-
 lieve that what you assert is true."

"You know that it is true," he said
 never, "like you—except once," replied
 Stephen Haydon, simply. "I thought
 you must be dead, as I had lost sight
 for many years, and I should have
 ventured to you that the son whom I
 brought up as my own, and who
 regards me as his father, is your son—my
 mine. It is right that you should
 know this now, for I am a poor man
 who has never been able to do much
 but you—you have everything to give
 your son, your heir."

"I—I cannot believe it," murmured
 Quesnal, yet in tones that belied his
 words, "for if it is true, what could have
 been your motive in providing for a
 other man's child? Answer me that."
 "It was a woman's wish," responded
 Haydon, slowly, and with a certain
 woman—my wife. You and I, Peter
 Quesnal, married two sisters. Your
 wife died within three years of your
 marriage—died of a broken heart, her
 sister always declared."

"That false," he said. "If I neglected
 Margaret, it was only because I was
 sorbed in business. But I loved her, as
 the other knew."

"Perhaps I rather doubt it myself,"
 he said, "for your wife died you gave
 us the charge of your son, and we
 away, forgetting all about him beyond
 an occasional letter. Isabel and myself
 grew attached to the boy, and when of
 own one child died, a boy also, we
 presented to you that it was yours. We
 hoped to have been content on his behalf,
 perhaps you were indifferent."

Quesnal crossed over to where Haydon
 was standing, his eyes flaming, his look
 sterner. He placed his hands on the
 other's shoulders, looking them in
 grip of steel.

"Is it true?" he demanded, huskily.
 "Is it true? You have admitted one lie
 to me, and now you ask me to believe
 another?"

"What I have told you is the truth,"
 Peter Quesnal, he replied, in unflin-
 ling tones. "And now that you know
 he went on, "is it a welcome gift that
 bring you, or do you hate the thought
 of a son? For, if so, Cecil need never be
 born."

"Welcome?" Quesnal echoed the
 word. "Yes, welcome, indeed! May I
 don't you understand," he continued.
 "that I have shut myself up in a house
 steel—a temple in which gold has been
 worshipped as a god. It was for
 to the love of money, and for the
 sake of our child. I wanted big things
 out of life—I wanted success; but be-
 yond every ambition I wanted a woman—
 love—the love of my son. But such
 things have been denied me. I have
 gold, but have lost everything else; I
 robbed my life of one, robbed by my
 other."

He spoke with a note of deep emotion
 sounding in his voice. Breaking the
 silence came a sharp ring at the tele-
 phone, and Quesnal started.

He took down the receiver and atten-
 ted to the call, speaking in his harsh
 hard voice—the man or granite more.
 Within a couple of minutes a busi-
 transaction was settled, and he turned
 again to Haydon.

"Send the boy to me to-night," he said.
 "He must dine with me—at eight."
 The manly heart left him everything, and
 ask him to spare me any sentiment
 scene. I don't want sentiment, but I
 shall expect my son to possess common
 sense."

He stopped abruptly, then glanced at
 Haydon.

"Is the lad—worthy?" he asked, in low
 tones. "Not of me"—he gave a low
 queer laugh—"but of his mother; was
 the son of his mother's love."
 The answer came without hesitation or
 pause.

"Yes," said Haydon, slowly, "your son
 is worthy."

It seemed to Cecil Quesnal—a name
 that sounded so strange to him

men. He had resolved to squeeze him out of the markets for once and forever. Peter Quensal, his mind concerned in other matters, private matters which he troubled him despite himself, had been caught asleep. Before his natural agility of action was spurred into shooting flight an finding escape, he was down helpless in the arms of antagonists' teeth, trampled, ruined. For once his hand had been forced and himself compelled to play a losing game. So far as future financial matters were concerned Peter Quensal would have as little power as a dead man.

He did not complain, he made no will. These were his own methods used against himself. The man was not only crippled in action, but broken in spirit as well. The feeling of age was creeping over him. He was too old to begin again. The man of iron will and nerves of steel was inert now, down in this life.

When affairs were finally settled up, and almost all that he had possessed taken from him, somehow it was not the loss of them which affected him most. He wanted to be left with him, he longed for his only child, his son, in whom was blended so much that had brought back to him memories of his dead wife.

He could not complain of ingratitude because the world seemed already to have forgotten his name—there was no one who owed him gratitude. Even Coët had taken nothing from him. Coët, from whom no word had reached him since the lad had left his house twenty years ago, though within his heart un-

Drowning is a quicker death than most people suppose. Insensibility is said to begin in about one minute, and fatal unconsciousness—generally supervenes in the neighborhood of two. Few even practised divers can remain under water more than five minutes, and half, and it is generally fatal to remain beneath the surface longer than that. At Navarino, where there are many expert divers who plunge into the sea after sponges, not one was found who could remain under water for two minutes. In the Red Sea the Arabs are generally remarkable for their quickness and skill at Ceylon the pearl divers seldom stay below for even one minute. There is a case on record at Falmouth where a diver had descended eighty feet, and on giving the signal was drawn up slowly, and in two minutes before he reached the surface, blood ran from his ears and nose, and he was insensible. He died without speaking. Insensibility, however, does not always involve death, for in many cases a person may be resuscitated by the use of energetic measures. The time of life for people who have been under water for five consecutive minutes, however, is considered doubtful by physicians.

ANOTHER YOUTHFUL ESSAYIST.

The following gem is an extract from an English lad's composition on the evils of strong drink:—

"Alcohol is a mocker. At first it lulls like a servant and slings like a hater."

The following gem is an extract from an English lad's composition on the evils of strong drink:—
"Alcohol is a mocker. At last it bites like a servant and stings like a hatter."

The way in which blind horses can go about without getting into more difficulties than they ordinarily do is very remarkable. They rarely, if ever, hit their heads against a fence or a stone wall. They always shelter their heads some near one. It appears from careful observation that it is neither shade nor shelter which warns them of the danger. On an absolutely sunless and windless day their behavior is the same. Their olfactory nerves doubtless become sensitive to the odor of a pole or fence heads downward in search of a warning five yards before they come to a stream crossing the roadway. It cannot be an abnormally developed sense of hearing which leads them to do this, for they will still make the same error when the ground is covered with a soft blanket of snow. Men who have been blind for many lengths of time develop somewhat similar instincts to blind horses.

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Send for free sample.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,
Toronto, Ont.
Bottle, 50c; 6 bottles, \$5.00; all druggists.

EIGHTY MEN DROWNED

End of New Quebec Bridge Collapsed.

Locomotive and Three Cars of Iron on Structure at Time of the Catastrophe.

A despatch from Quebec says: The immense new \$10,000,000 steel bridge which was in course of construction across the St. Lawrence River at Lévis, two miles above the City of Quebec, collapsed late on Thursday afternoon, carrying down 95 workmen, mostly steel workers and riveters.

The collapse of the immense structure, with the great loss of life it entailed, has caused the greatest excitement here and it is difficult to get correct details. It is thought that the loss of life will exceed 70. Ten bodies have been recovered, 10 badly wounded men were picked up in the river, and there are 70 missing, all of whom are, no doubt, drowned. The bridge, which is being constructed by the Phoenixville Bridge Company of Philadelphia, was begun about seven years ago, and was expected to be finished in 1909. The estimated cost of the bridge was \$10,000,000, most of which was subscribed by the Federal Government, Provincial Government and City of Quebec.

Only a few of the big staff of workmen who are engaged in various duties escaped. The collapse, thought to have been due to the overloading of the superstructure with materials, occurred at an hour when the workmen were all in their places, preliminary to finishing the work for the day.

When the fall of the giant structure came, the big structural work with which it was being built prevented many of the workmen from drowning in the St. Lawrence. Those who were not stunned by the great tumble seized the big steel girders which were cast to the river bottom, and were thus saved from drowning.

Only a few of the dead and fatally hurt were residents of Quebec. They were employed by the contracting firms which are building the structure, and most of them live in the United States, many of them being from Pennsylvania.

CANADIAN DEATH LIST SMALL.

There is no doubt that the Canadian loss of life is small, for the only workmen outside of the steel workers from Phoenixville, Pa., who were employed on the span, were Canadian Indians. The big span which crumbled beneath the superstructure went without the slightest warning to the hundred or more who were on it at the time, and tumbled over into the water, a hundred feet below, like the faintest kind of a structure.

It was not long after the bridge fell that it became dark, and then the work of rescue, which had barely been begun, had to be almost abandoned because there was no light. A big bonfire was built along the river side, but did not help much.

From the flickering glare of the bonfires many bodies could be seen floating on the surface of the river, but the rescuing party had its hands full, and had to let many of the corpses sweep on down the stream.

Heart-rending scenes are to be witnessed in the immediate vicinity of the disaster. In three houses three dead bodies of three members of each family are laid out, with a fourth member of one with a broken hip.

According to the latest reports, the accident does not interfere with the navigation in the channel. Vessels have already passed through to ascertain the exact situation. The loss is estimated at \$5,500,000.

THE DEATH LIST.

Total death list	63
Canadians	17
United States Residents	17
Caughnawaga Indians	28
Injured Canadians	5
Indians	4
United States Residents	3
Canadians dead	Albert Smith, Joseph Binet, Jos. Boucher, Laurent Proulx, Leo Esmond, Ernest Jones, Harry French, Jos. Biron, E. Wilson, Albert Esmond, Michael Hurley, Chas. Hanson, Stanley Wilson, Eug. Duval, Aime Lebel, John Macnaughton, Philias

Public meetings on the streets are to be prohibited in Cobalt unless sanctioned by the Town Council.

NEW MINISTERS SWORN IN.

Hons. G. P. Graham and Dr. Pugsley Take the Oath.

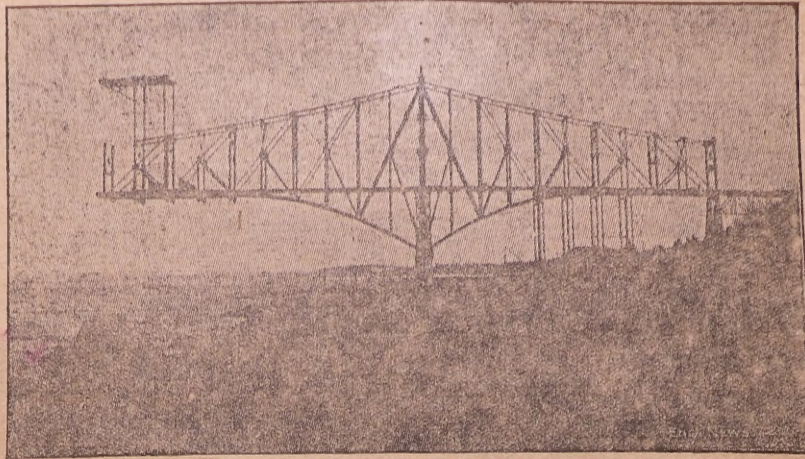
A despatch from Ottawa says: Hon. G. P. Graham was sworn in as Minister of Railways and Canals at 1 o'clock on Friday by Lord Grey, at Rideau Hall. Hon. Dr. Pugsley was sworn in as Minister of Public Works, at the same time.

Public meetings on the streets are to be prohibited in Cobalt unless sanctioned by the Town Council.

WILL CARRY WESTERN GRAIN

The Grand Trunk Pacific Will Assist This Year.

A despatch from Montreal says: Mr. O. W. Winter, General Superintendent of the Grand Trunk Pacific, states that the system will be in a position to carry part of the western wheat crop this fall over one of the completed sections of the line. He was entertained that the wheat might be moved all the way from Saskatoon to Winnipeg, but Mr. Winter declares that this will be impracticable, but wheat will be accepted for shipment west of Portage la Prairie as far as the track-laying is completed. Grain accepted by the G. T. P. will be carried to Portage la



Bridge as it Appeared Before the Accident.

AN EXPLOSION KILLS FOUR

Accident in a Railway Camp North of Kenora.

A despatch from Kenora says: On Monday at noon a most serious dynamite explosion, in which four men were killed, took place at camp No. 5 of W. T. Parsons, contractor on the G. T. P. construction works, and whose camps are situated about eighteen miles north of Vermilion Bay station, on the C.P.R. Foreman D. Flynn was engaged with several others in loading holes with powder and dynamite preparatory to a blasting operation. All of the men engaged at the time with Flynn were killed outright, so that only the most meagre details can be obtained. It is thought that the hole was being loaded too soon after a former shooting, and that not sufficient time had been allowed for it to cool, and that the accumulated heat from the former explosion caused the premature discharge. The men killed by the explosion are: J. Flynn, a Canadian, from Ottawa; A. Bulone, an Australian; A. Pietro, an Italian; and Nenekavan, an Indian, from Grassy Narrows.

LEADING MARKETS

BREADSTUFFS.

Trotro, Sept. 3.—Ontario Wheat—No. 2 white, 86c to 87c; nominal; new wheat, 83c to 84c, outside.
Manitoba Wheat—No. 1 northern, \$1 to \$1.00; No. 2, 97c to 98c, lake ports.
Corn—No. 3 yellow, 76c to 77c; Toronto; No. 3 mixed, nominal at 69c to 69½c; none offering.
Barley—Nominal, 44c outside; Manitoba, No. 2 white, 45½c to 46c on track at elevator; No. 2 mixed, 44½c to 45c.
Peas—Nominal at 75c for No. 3.
Rye—65c.
Flour—Ontario—90 per cent. patents, about nominal, \$3.20 to \$3.25; Manitoba first patents, \$5 to \$5.20; seconds, \$4.40 to \$4.50; strong bakers', \$4.50 to \$4.60.
Bran—\$16.50 to \$17, bulk outside; shorts, \$20 to \$20.50 outside.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Butter—Market is firm, with a good steady demand.
Creamery prints 23c to 24c
do solids 21c to 22c
Daily prints 20c to 21c
do solids 19c to 20c
Cheese—Large quoted at 12½c and twins at 12½c in job lots here.
Eggs—18½c, with some lots going at 19c.
Beans—\$1.65 to \$1.70 for hand-picked and \$1.50 to \$1.55 for primes.
Potatoes—Firm at \$3.25 per barrel for new stock.
Baked Hay—New firm at \$14 to \$14.50 in car lots on track here.
Baled Straw—\$7.50 per ton in car lots on track here.

PROVISIONS.

Dressed Hogs—\$9.25 for lightweights and \$8.75 for heavies.
Pork—Short cut, \$22.75 to \$23 for barrels; mess, \$20 to \$21.
Smoked and Dry Salted Meats—Long clear bacon, 11c to 11½c for tens and 10c; ham, medium and light, 15½c to 16c; heavy, 14½c to 15c; backs, 16½c to 17c; shoulders, 10½c to 11c; rolls, 11½c; out of pickle, 1c less than smoked.
Lard—Steady; Hercules, 12c; tubs, 12½c; pails, 12½c.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Montreal, Sept. 3.—There are no new developments in the flour trade. Choice spring wheat patents, \$5.10 to \$5.20; seconds, \$4.50 to \$4.60; winter wheat patents, \$4.65 to \$4.75; straight rollers, \$4.25 to \$4.35; do in bags, \$1.55 to \$2.10; extras, \$1.65 to \$1.75.
Wheat—Business in wheat was very quiet in the local market this morning, there being practically no inquiry from

BOY LURED AWAY.

Strange Adventure of Eleven-year-old Montreal Youth.

A despatch from Montreal says: An eleven-year-old boy named John Brown, son of Arthur Brown, a commercial traveler of Sussex street, had a remarkable experience on Tuesday. Being at Place Viger Station, he was accosted by a man respectfully dressed, but looking like an Italian and speaking rather poor English, and asked if he would so message for him. The boy at once replied in the affirmative, and the man took him on board the Quebec train and asked him to wait a minute for him, only returning when the train was about to start. He was carried to Quebec by the man and then left by him. He was sent back on Wednesday by the police authorities.

WAS PHYSICIAN AND BURGLAR.

Pennsylvania Man Led Double Life—Given Five Years in Prison.

A despatch from Westchester, Pa., says: Judge Butler on Wednesday sentenced Dr. Benjamin Holbrook, who was convicted of robbing schoolhouses and railway stations to five years imprisonment. Dr. Holbrook by day was a well-known and successful physician, and by night an audacious burglar, looting railway stations for miles around Coatesville, where he made his home.

DROPPED 800 FEET.

Aeronaut Had Narrow Escape—Gas Bag of His Airship Exploded.

A despatch from Greenville, Ohio, says: Earl Hess had a thrilling escape from death on Tuesday in the presence of 15,000 people who had gathered to see his ascension in an airship. When 800 feet above the earth the gas bag exploded, and the aerial craft shot downward with terrific speed. Just before Hess struck the earth the netting became tangled and caused the gas bag to form a parachute. Hess landed safely, although his ship was wrecked.

RAIL IN SASKATCHEWAN.

Long List of Claims from Suffering Farmers.

A despatch from Regina, Sask., says: From the list of claims in respect to railroads filed with the Provincial Treasurer, it appears that agriculture has suffered unusually in this way during the year. The proportion of policyholders in excess of the total number in 1908 is fifty per cent., and a considerable number have preferred claims.

WOMAN KILLED BY LION

Mrs. Anna Huckle, of Pittsburg, Mauled to Death at Show.

A despatch from Pittsburg, Pa., says: Mrs. Anna Huckle died at her home on VanBraun Street, this city, on Wednesday, from injuries inflicted on Tuesday afternoon by an escaped lion at Luna Park, a local resort.
The attack occurred when the park was crowded with women and children. Without warning the lion appeared from behind one of the buildings, and with a roar he sprang at Mrs. Huckle, who was nearest to him. She screamed, and attracted the attention of the crowds. Soon screams from the hundreds stampeding for the exits added to Mrs. Huckle's cries.
The noises drew the attention of W. A. Dowling, chief of the park police. He came on a run to the rescue. He found the lion leaping away at the woman's clothing, and, having drawn his revolver, he emptied all of the chambers at the animal. Dowling related his feat to the effect, "Other rescuers got rifles from the shooting galleries and Remingtons from the concessionaires, and soon a score were firing at the lion. Still standing over the prostrate woman, gnashing his teeth and lashing his tail, the beast stood with the ground about him ploughed up by the hundreds of shots being fired.
Soon the lion turned and rushed toward the show known as the "Mystic River," where he made his last stand. But the steady bombardment caused the brute to sink down upon the ground. He turned over on his back, and with a few kicks and gasps died. His hide was ripped with the small-caliber bullets. Mrs. Huckle was taken home, where she died.

TUG SWAMPED; THREE DROWNED.

A Triple Fatality on Lake Superior Near Cutler.

A despatch from Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., says: According to advices received in the Soo on Wednesday morning from Cutler, a drowning accident, resulting in three fatalities, occurred at that place at a late hour on Tuesday afternoon. It appears that the tug Seymour was towing another small tug, the Alert, behind which was attached a raft of logs. The lines slackened for a moment, and when they tightened, the small tug was unable to stand the strain and was swamped. Of the five men who were on her, three were drowned. Their names are Capt. Kennedy, of Thessalon; Endreus Joseph Smith, of Sudbury, and a man named Meyer, a resident of Cutler. The bodies were all recovered next morning and will be taken to their respective places for burial.

WAS HANGED TWICE.

The Rope Broke at Execution of Carmine Renzo.

A despatch from Indiana, Pa., says: The first hanging in this county for more than twenty years took place here on Wednesday. The victim was Carmine Renzo, aged 45 years, and weighing 175 pounds. The weight of the man and the drop of five feet proved too much for the strength of the rope, which snapped when the trap was sprung, precipitating Renzo to the ground. The jail attendants hurriedly adjusted a new rope to the scaffold, and the man, already half dead, was carried to the platform and the lever again sprung. This time the execution was successful. Renzo killed his sweetheart, Marian Kearne, aged fifteen, two years ago.

HARVEST OF 75,000,000 BUSHELS.

Estimates is Based on a Personal Inspection of the West.

Winnipeg, Aug. 28.—The weather reports today showed only Calgary and Virden to have fulfilled the weather man's forecast of frost. Both registered 3 degrees; Edmonton and Battleford were down to 36 degrees. High temperature is again the prediction. W. H. McWilliams, manager of the Canadian Elevator Co., has returned from a trip through the West, occupying several days, on an inspection of the crop conditions. He gives an estimate of the yield of 75 million to 80 million bushels. The harvest is from ten to twenty days late in different localities. Oats are the finest ever seen in the West, and will be 100 bushels to the acre. Effects of frosts are not nearly so serious as has been contemplated.

NEW YORK CITY'S BUDGET.

Estimates for Year 1908 Are Hundred and Forty Millions.

A despatch from New York says: It will cost one hundred and forty million dollars to keep New York City going during the year 1908, according to estimates submitted to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment by all department officials. This is an increase of \$10,000,000 over the estimates made for the current year.

THIRTEEN WERE KILLED.

Crushed to Death in Collision of Trolley Car.

A despatch from Charleston, Ill., says: Thirteen persons were killed and 20 others were seriously injured on Friday, in a collision between a passenger car and an express car on the Mattoon & Charleston Electric line. The passenger car was heavily loaded with persons going to the Coles county fair at this place. Crews of both cars say they had orders to go ahead, and the two cars crashed into each other one mile from here. The road is operated by a telephone signal system.

HOW BRIDGE WILL LOOK COMPLETED.



SUN

Gasoline and Oil Stoves

In Low and Cabinet Styles,
and Fitted with Warming Closets

Leaders by actual and critical test.
Substantially built and handsomely finished.
Made by the SUN STOVE CO., Detroit, Mich.

SEE OUR DISPLAY

HENRY WARREN & SON
Hardware Phone 25

HURRAH FOR SCHOOL!

Get the Boys and Girls Booted for School.

Boots for little Boys and Girls, strong ones, 50 cts. up.
Boys' Grain extra strong and soled, from \$1.00 up.
Girls' School Boots, no better boot on the market, from \$1.00.
Girls' Box Calf Bals, neat and excellent for wear, \$1.25 up.

Don't fail to call and see our lines before purchasing.

Big Discount this Month
on all Summer Shoes

OUR RELIABLE HAND-MADE BOOTS

We use only the best leather money can buy; made up
in the most substantial manner. Every pair guaranteed.
Come and leave us your measure.

If you want your dollars to go farthest, call on

GEO. E. REYNOLDS,
SHOE KING.

Butter and Eggs taken in exchange.

Continuous advertising carries with
it the idea of reliability, since no dis-
honest advertiser can successfully con-
tinue in business.

Brigadier Howell, of the Salvation
Army says that during the year 15,000
people have come to Canada under the
auspices of the Salvation Army, and
that at the Army headquarters in Lon-
don there is at the present time a list of
50,000 people anxious to settle in the
Dominion. The Army hopes to be even
more successful in its immigration ef-
forts in the future than it has been up
to the present time.

The Game Laws

There has been uncertainty in the
minds of some as to the game law,
rumor having gone abroad that several
changes had been made. This is not
correct, as the law remains practically
the same as in other years so far as the
dates of open seasons are concerned.
Duck shooting is from Sept. 1st to Dec.
15th; partridge, Sept. 15th to Dec. 15th;
deer, Nov. 1st to 15th; muskrat, Dec.
1st to May 1st. Beaver and otter are
not to be killed before 1910.

Report of S. S. No. 13, Rawdon

The names are arranged in order of
merit.
IV—A. Vance, R. Bailey, C. Sine.
Sr. III—C. Vance, M. Sine, Arthur
Pyeat, Morley Richardson, IV.
Visitors for August—Mary McLachlan,
Jessie McLachlan, Ethel Wescott, Miss
Ezzie McLachlan, Bruce Richardson,
Amelia McLachlan, Jean McLachlan,
Aletha Nolan, Ethel Wallace, Nellie
Keating, Myrtle Winsor. Average at-
tendance 30.40. Number on roll 32.

M. L. McLELLAN, Teacher.

Report of S. S. No. 22, Sidney

220 marks for good conduct, obtained
by—Elsie Armstrong, Jr. Pt. II; Ernest
Carlsie, Jr. IV; Minnie Pyeat, Arthur
Pyeat, Morley Richardson, IV.
Visitors for August—Mary McLachlan,
Jessie McLachlan, Ethel Wescott, Miss
Ezzie McLachlan, Bruce Richardson,
Amelia McLachlan, Jean McLachlan,
Aletha Nolan, Ethel Wallace, Nellie
Keating, Myrtle Winsor. Average at-
tendance 30.40. Number on roll 32.

M. L. McLELLAN, Teacher.

Rheumatism

I have found a tried and tested cure for Rheu-
matism! Not a remedy that will straighten the
distorted limbs of chronic cripples, nor turn boys
growth back to flesh again. That is impossible,
but I can now cure all the pains and aches of this
deplorable disease.

In Germany—a Chemist in the City of
Darmstadt—I found the last ingredient
which Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy was made
a perfect, complete prescription. Without
that last ingredient I successfully treated many
cases of Rheumatism; but now, at last, I have
found the cure in Rheumatic cases of this heretofore
much dreaded disease. These same kind of granular
injections found in Rheumatic cases seem to dissolve
and pass away under the action of this remedy as
freely as does sugar when added to pure water.
And then, when dissolved, these poisonous wastes
freely pass from the system, and the cause of
Rheumatism is gone forever. There is now no
real need—no actual cause to suffer longer with
this ailment. We sell, and in confidence recommend

Dr. Shoop's
Rheumatic Remedy

"ALL DEALERS"

A rumor in London says the Prince
and Princess of Wales are soon to visit
Canada.

Local option by-laws will be voted on
in upwards of 160 Ontario municipalities
in January next.

About the only thing we mortals
truly possess is our faults. They are
all our own, nobody covets them.

The Salvation Army this year has
brought out to Canada fifteen thousand
emigrants, and expects next year to
send between twenty and twenty-five
thousand more.

A Yankee tourist at Healy Falls re-
cently lost \$180 while fishing. He was
wading in the stream and the water
entered his pockets, and the current
washed the money out.

The recent floods in Japan have been
most disastrous. The latest figures re-
port 1,387 buildings destroyed, 1,570
embankments broken, 976 bridges wash-
ed away, 70 persons injured, 350 dead,
and 173 missing.

Sentence Sermons

Only a coward will hide behind his
conscience.

Religion is the touch of the infinite
on all our affairs.

An honest message never has trouble
finding hearers.

It takes more than soft solder to ce-
ment souls together.

It takes more than headache cures to
set the heart right.

The only worthy high living is that
which puts the soul on top.

No great deeds are done without the
doing of many little details.

No man increases his own good rep-
utation by stealing another's.

Preach the pleasures of piety and
people willingly will bear its pains.

The heart that feeds on pride must
have many an ache in its stomach.

As conscience becomes atrophied the
critical faculties often become active.

There's no advantage in making men
weary with a sermon inviting them to
rest.

Many think they can overcome sin by
shooting glittering generalities at the
devil.

You might be a walking theological
sawmill and still be travelling the
wrong road.

You will never persuade the world to
accept your religion when you look as
though it made you sick.

GET A GOOD START

Right now is the best time to start taking
something to get your Kidneys and System
in shape to withstand the sudden changes
of Fall and Winter, which bring on Rheu-
matism and other Kidney disorders.

Bu-Ju

is the remedy to take. "Bu-Ju" is guaran-
teed, your money back if it fails.

50c at Drug Stores or by Mail. 89
The CLAFIN CHEMICAL CO. Limited, WINDSOR, Ont.

A GREAT BASEBALL SERIES.

How Boston and Providence Battled in
the League in 1884.

Probably one of the grandest series
of baseball games played by National
league clubs was that between the
Boston and Providence Grays in
1884. The Boston team won the cham-
pionship of 1883, and it was the am-
bition of Providence cranks, who lived
only forty miles away from the Hub,
to wrest the laurels away from the
Beau Katers. Every game that was
played between the clubs was at-
tended by immense crowds, and the
excitement was at white heat.

The first game of the series in 1884
was one of sixteen innings and result-
ed in a tie, the score standing 1 to 1.
The pitchers were Charley Radbourne
and Jim Whitney, and 10,000 persons
saw the battle. The next day Providence
won by a score of 2 to 1 in nine
innings, and Charley Sweeney
struck out nineteen Boston batsmen.
Of the first eight games Boston won
five and Providence three. When the
series came to a close for the four final
struggles the Providence team had
won every series from the other league
clubs and wanted to win the series
from the Boston too. Radbourne ac-
cordingly was assigned to pitch in all
four games on four successive days.
He was in such magnificent form that
in all of the games the Boston were
beaten and scored the sum total of one
run. One of the games lasted eleven
innings. It was played in Boston and
was finally won by the Rhode Island-
ers by a score of 1 to 0. Arthur Ir-
win, who was the shortstop for Providence,
drove a long fly toward the
right field fence, and the ball went
through a hole between the boards. It
was a four bagger and decided the
game.

Radbourne's wonderful pitching in
those days will never be forgotten by
those who saw him perform. He went
into the box game after game and
pitched for nineteen consecutive con-
tests. It was his remarkable twirling
that was instrumental in helping Providence
to win the pennant that year. Sweeney
jumped the club in the middle
of the season, and Rad went
along single handed. One feat that
was the talk of the baseball world in
1883 was his pitching in an exhibition
game at Trenton. The home club
would not allow Providence to play
with the regulation league ball and in-
sisted upon substituting another of
lighter weight. Radbourne, however,
accepted the latter ball and proceeded
to strike out every man who came to
the bat until one man had been re-
tired in the sixth inning. Then a play-
er fouled the ball, which had not been
done before. The pitching distance
then was forty-five feet from the home
plate.

Work and Worry.

"I am working too hard. My work
is killing me." The man is mistaken.
Work does not kill. Work is medicine
to the body and mind and spirit. Work
is the salvation of men. Work cures a
thousand ills. Worry kills. Dissipation
kills. Worry is largely a matter of
nerves or indigestion or liver, or it
may be a quality of temperament or
it may spring from envy or some other
hateful habit of thought. In most
cases worry is concerning things purely
imaginary—things that cannot be
helped. One of the best cures for the
worry habit is work, hard work of
body and mind. Work requires con-
centration of effort and mind. That makes
one forget his troubles. Work may be
made a joy, and in the joy of work-
ing there is no room for worry. Right
living, right thinking, worry—these are
specimens for most of the ills caused by
worry.

Dissipation kills.

The Original New England.
"Not one man in a thousand living on
the Pacific coast knows that as a mat-
ter of fact the accents of our mother
tongue were heard on the beach not
far from San Francisco forty-one years
before English was spoken on Plym-
outh Rock. More amusing still is the
fact that the original New England
was on the Pacific coast, for Francis
Drake in 1579, at the close of a month's
stay, took possession of the country for
his sovereign, Elizabeth, and named
the new acquisition Nova Albion (New
England) because he thought the white
cliffs near what is now Point Reyes
resembled the chalk cliffs near Dover."
—Outing.

Men's Hats In Great Britain.

There is a difference of two sizes be-
tween the average hats worn in Bir-
mingham and Glasgow, and it is gen-
erally conceded that the average size
in Birmingham is smaller than in any
other town in the kingdom. Taking
the whole of England, the average size
of hat required by men is a 7, or nearly
twenty-two inches in circumference;
in Wales 6½ is the average, the Irish-
man averages a 7 full, while the Can-
adian Scot's average is 7½—Tallor and
Cutler.

Where Ignorance Was Not Bliss.

A story is told of a man as a cross-
ing a desolate cold field late at night,
fell into an apparently bottomless pit
and saved himself only by grasping a
projecting beam. There he clung with
great difficulty all night, only to find
when day dawned that his feet were
only four inches from the bottom.

Today the Best.

One of the illusions is that the present
hour is not the critical, decisive
hour. Write it on your heart that ev-
ery day is the best day in the year.
No man has learned anything rightly
until he knows that every day is
doomsday.—Emerson.

It is difficult to say who does you
the most mischief, enemies with the
worst intentions or friends with the
best.—Bulwer.

PRAYERS BEFORE BATTLE.

Curious Invocations by Famous His-
torical Personages.

One of the earliest records in his-
tory of a prayer before battle is that
of Childeric, king of Gaul, a pagan
who before going into battle at Zue-
lich, some 400 years after Christ,
prayed to the God of the Christians to
help him to victory. His foe was At-
tila, king of the Huns, and Childeric
vowed if God would give him the vic-
tory he would embrace the Christian
faith.

The prayer of a Hungarian officer
before one of the battles fought for the
independence of Hungary in 1849 was
as follows: "I will not ask thee, Lord,
to help us, and I know thou wilt not
help the Austrians, but if thou wilt sit
on yonder hill thou shalt not be ashamed
of thy children." This was the
prayer of the "Fighting Bishop" Les-
lie before one of the battles fought in
Ireland: "O God, for our unworthiness
we are not fit to claim thy help, but
if we are and our enemies are wicked,
and if thou seest not meet to help us,
we pray thee help them not, but stand
thou neuter on this day and leave it to
the arm of the flesh."

The one offered before the battle of
Edgehill by Sir Jacob Astley was,
"Thou knowest, O Lord, that I shall
be very busy this day, and if I forget
thee forget thou not me," and then the
command followed, "March on, boys!"
As King Edward advanced with his
columns to Bannockburn he remarked
to his aids, seeing the Scotch on their
knees: "See, they kneel. The rebels
are asking pardon." D'Umpreville
was heard to remark: "Yes, but it is to
the King of kings. These men conquer
or die on this field."

Oliver Cromwell had public prayers
before going to battle on several oc-
casions, as, for instance, previous to the
battle of Dunbar. It is a curious fact
that the English prayer book contains
prayers, or at least one prayer, to be
said before going into action at sea,
while nothing is provided for use be-
fore engagements on land.

OLD BIRDS' NESTS.

Many Feathered Creatures Use the
Same One Year After Year.

"That common expression for worth-
lessness, 'It has no more value than a
last year's bird's nest,'" said a bird
fancier, "is often far from correct.
The majority of our birds do leave
their nests after raising a brood, but
many do not, and their nests are used
through a succession of years. I have
known some birds to use their nests
ten years in succession, and so per-
sistent are they that many times the
female will return even after the nest
has been robbed and the male killed.
Among these users of perennial nests
are the wrens, some of the swallow
family, bluebirds, great crested fly-
catchers, some of the owls, eagles,
chickadees and some woodpeckers.

"They repair to the nest each year
and often build it over. A little wren
has made its nest in a hole in a tree in
my garden and has occupied it for the
last eight years. Each year it has piled
on new stuff till the hole is almost filled
up. Some say that as soon as it be-
comes crowded the birds will clean it
out. I know of a bluebird's nest that
has been occupied for several years. It
is the same female year after year, for
she has two black wing feathers and
is lame.

"Birds that build in exposed situa-
tions, like hangbirds, always build
anew each season, and some never
build anew for every brood. Some never
build. They either lay in the nests
of other birds or in the sand. The
eagle and the owl make a framework
of sticks and slight repairs are needed.
Many birds' nests that you find have
never been used. For instance, the
marsh wren builds several with the
idea that in the case of disturbance
the male will attract attention to the
nests other than that in which the fe-
male is brooding and so shield her from
enemies."

An Ishmaelite of the Plains.

The dead thing, wherever it lies, still
remains the coyote's choicest feast. A
creature without a friend, an Ishmael-
ite whom men and animals have com-
bined in despising, the ideal thief and
vandal of the animal world, this
gray, gaunt figurehead of the western
world still survives, as much the owner
of his empire as he was in the days
when his ancestors looked with cock-
eyed astonishment and staccato ex-
clamations upon the expedition of
Lewis and Clark feeling its way slowly
across that transmissouri wilder-
ness whose future was then undreamed-
of.—James W. Steele in Outing Maga-
zine.

Snuff Taking In London.

Snuff taking is a common habit
among certain classes of the London
poor. It shows its effects in rambling
speech, pallid aspect and dejected de-
monstration, resembling the symptoms
of the morphia taker. The practice is es-
pecially common among women, and
an observer says that women in the
prisoner's dock in the police court will
have their hair decorated with curl
papers which contain each the pinch
of snuff needed for consolation.

Its Advantage.

Kulcker—Why do you prefer serial
stories?
Flatter—Because it's the only thing
on the installment plan they can't take
away.

Not Very Flattering.

She—Emma is the prettiest, but Lena
is the smartest. Now, which do you
rather marry, beauty or brains?
He (very far gone)—Neither. I'd rather
marry you.

Concert may puff a man up, but it
can never prop him up.—Ruskin.

BLOOD SUBSTITUTE.

Why Saline Solution Is Sometimes In-
jected into the Veins.

Occasionally in cases of serious
wounds where there has been great
loss of blood the published reports
state that "saline solution" was in-
jected into the veins to supply the de-
ficiency. The average reader, however,
has a very vague idea of what a
solution of salt takes the place of
blood.

Not to go into a complete analysis
of the blood, it is sufficient to note
that of 1,000 parts, 780.15 is composed
of water, albumen 65 parts, sodium
and potassium 8.571, coloring matter
(supplied by the red blood corpuscles)
133, leaving only some 12 parts to be
composed of fibrin, fat, calcium and
magnesium, etc. Where there is serious
loss of blood a state of collapse
sets in because the normal weight of
blood being reduced, the heart's action
is diminished, there being less resistance
for that organ to overcome.

To counteract the result of shock and
collapse it is necessary to stimulate
the heart by restoring the normal
weight; in other words, to get it to
work by giving it something to work
on. As the analysis shows, of 1,000
parts of blood nearly 800 are composed
of water and sodium, and therefore a
plain saline solution makes a good sub-
stitute. The heart does not know the
difference, and it goes to pumping
away as usual as soon as this imitation
blood gets in the veins. The saline so-
lution serves to tide the patient over
the danger point. As the food is con-
verted into chyle, new blood is formed,
the red corpuscles are supplied rapidly
from the normal tissues, and the saline
solution is thrown out through the se-
cretions in the usual way.

Formerly transfusion of blood was
the means employed, but this always
objectionable method has been sup-
planted. The greatest objection to the
transfusion of blood from one person
to another was that to supply the
necessary amount to restore the
wounded patient it was inevitable that
the volunteer should be almost as badly
drained, so that the physician would
have two patients on his hands where
he had one. Besides, there was always
the risk of transfusing disease to the
patient with the other's blood. Dogs
and sheep have been sacrificed to sur-
gery for this purpose, but most people
prefer to use blood of their own man-
ufacture to any imported from beasts or
their fellow creatures.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

The first of the modern bank notes
were made in China about the year
1000 A. D.

Blood in its natural state contains a
surprising amount of pure air, amount-
ing to nearly seven-eighths of its en-
tire bulk.

The wasp's nest is constructed of a
first class article of papier mache,
made from the pulp of wood, with an
animal glue specially prepared by the
wasps for the purpose.

The honey of the snapdragon can-
not be extracted by the common bee,
which has not weight enough to pull
down the lower jaw of this curious
flower. Only the bumblebee has ac-
cess to the interior.

The first trapdoor was made by a
species of African spider which has
its nest in the ground and closes the
entrance by means of a trapdoor open-
ing outwardly and covered with bits
of earth and grass in order to escape
observation.

Women's Love of Ugly Men.

The illustrious men in history who
were distinguished as much for the fas-
cination which they exercised over the
fair sex as for their talents and abili-
ties were, as a rule, plain and insignifi-
cant in appearance. Julius Caesar was
a very ill favored man, and yet when a
mere stripling, before his fame in
Rome, girls of his own age sighed for
him and mature women longed for his
love. Among the men of later times who
were renowned in like manner were
Sir Philip Sidney, plain almost to ug-
liness; Paul Scarron, the comic poet, a
cripple; Voltaire, unmistakably ugly,
and Rousseau, whose manners were
awkward as his face was plain, while
John Wilkes, who had the power to
subjugate any woman who spoke to
him for even five minutes, was admit-
ted by his own showing to be the ug-
liest man in England in his time.

The Toe Nails.

Owing to the friction and pressure to
which toe nails are exposed in all per-
sons who wear boots or shoes there is
a great tendency to thickening on the
underpart of the free growth, the por-
tion of the nail that extends beyond the
toe point. This thickened part some-
times gets pressed against the flesh,
and then very painful corns result.
The preventive treatment is to keep
the nails cut short and to remove the
rather soft thickened parts with a
blunt pocket knife or scissors blade.

Pleasant.

"Tommy," said the young man to his
prospective brother-in-law, aged five.
"Will you be sorry when I marry your
sister?"

"Yes," answered the little fellow;
"I'll be sorry for you."

The Difference.

Harry—Do you know the difference
between capital and labor? Jack—No.
Harry—Well, if I loaned you 25 cents,
that would be capital, and if I tried to
get it back, that would be labor.

The Drawback.

"So Snooks married his stenog-
rapher? Well, she doesn't have to
work any more."
"Well, she doesn't draw wages any
more."

HARDWARE!

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Dr. Williams'
FLY & INSECT
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Protects Horses and Cattle from Fly
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This without doubt the best prepara-
tion ever placed on the market.

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If inserted

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FRED WARD ... THE TAILOR ...

If not, you ought to make his acquaintance at once

For the race has begun already for the first choice of his

New Imported Tweed and Worsted Suitings, Overcoatings, Trouserings

You are sure of getting the Style that goes, the Fit, Finish and Workmanship that will bring you and your chums back. Every suit we turn out we strive to make a standing advertisement. We want to give you satisfaction all the time. We don't charge extra for the superior make and finish of our garments.

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Ready-to-Wear Clothes

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WEAR THE WARD BRAND

You have a big range to choose from, at \$5.00 to \$15.00

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Stand the test which, as you parents know, is sometimes pretty hard,—\$1.50 to \$6.50.

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You may want a

New Shirt, Tie, Collar and Cuffs, or some Underwear

You can get just what you want from

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Smart Felt Hats in all the latest shades.

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Summer Millinery to be sold at less than cost.

APPRENTICE WANTED in Millinery Department.

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Results Speak Louder Than Words.

Total Payments for Death Claims, Matured Endowments, Surrendered Policies, etc. - \$7,476,529.26

Add present Assets - 10,385,539.84

Amount paid to policyholders and held for them - \$17,862,069.10

Total Premiums received - 17,338,715.05

Excess of Assets and Payments to Policyholders over Premium receipts - \$532,354.50

S. BURROWS,

AGENTS WANTED.

General Agent, Belleville.

Honorably Acquitted

James Rennie, a prominent farmer of Rawdon, was on trial on Monday in the County Court before Judge Deroche, charged with having committed perjury on the 15th of May last in taking an affidavit of disbursements as to the payment of certain witnesses in a trial which took place in the village of Stirling on the 14th of May last.

The evidence on behalf of the Crown was given by W. W. Dracup, Wilson Anderson, Matthew Johnson, Fred Snarr and William Pounder. The evidence on behalf of the defence was given by Mr. Rennie, the accused. The evidence as disclosed showed that the accused furnished to the Clerk of the Court at Stirling a statement of the amount of the costs of the witnesses and he swore to the same. The affidavit was not read over to him and he believed he had sworn to what the amount of the costs was, not knowing he was swearing to the fact that he had paid all the witnesses whose names appeared on the affidavit.

The trial lasted all day, the evidence being very exhaustive. On behalf of the defence the only witness was the accused himself and the presiding judge was satisfied Mr. Rennie did not knowingly, wilfully, or corruptly take the false oath. The accused was put in the box by his counsel and stated under oath he had never read the affidavit nor was it read to him. His evidence was corroborated by Mr. Clute, clerk of the court at Stirling, and after an exhaustive argument as to the law and evidence by the counsel for the accused and crown the judge rendered his judgment.

His Honor found that from the evidence adduced before him and as to the high character of the accused given to him by the crown witnesses, from his knowledge of the facts in connection with the case, from the conduct, demeanor and evidence of the accused he was satisfied the latter was stating the truth; that the affidavit was never read to him and consequently he could not have been guilty of the crime of perjury, and he further stated to the accused that he was not only acquitted of the charge as laid against him, but that he left the court without a blemish on his character.

Mr. Anderson appeared for the crown, Mr. W. F. McMahon was counsel for the accused, and Mr. G. G. Thrasher, of Stirling, was solicitor.—Ontario.

County House of Refuge

Belleville Ontario

The County Council have left no stone unturned in their efforts to make the new County House of Refuge and its outbuildings the most complete and perfect of their kind in Canada.

They showed commendable wisdom in selecting the site, upon which, owing to its elevation, the buildings show to great advantage, and from which a comprehensive view of our beautiful bay is to be had.

The workmen have nearly finished their extensive job, and the last nail will shortly be driven in the structure. The floors of the implement building, hog house and henhouse have been cemented, also that of the great barn for cattle and other live stock, of which it is capable of housing fifty.

These elaborate buildings cannot be beaten anywhere for comfort and convenience, and farmers can gather from them—for they embrace the latest ideas of the ablest men in that line—knowledge and new ideas which will be of great advantage to them. The buildings are the result of the best architectural skill, and are a credit to all concerned.

Mr. Stanley Vandervoort, reeve of Sidney, who has been superintending the work, has proved himself the right man for the position, and everything is going on very satisfactorily under his superintendence.

Vancouver rowdies on Saturday night attacked the Chinese quarter, beat and stabbed many of the Chinese residents, burned in effigy Lieut. Governor Duncanson, who at the last session of the Legislature vetoed the bill to enforce the Natal Act in British Columbia, and were with difficulty prevented from burning the whole section.

To check a cold quickly get from your druggist some little Candy Gold Tablets called Preventics. Druggists everywhere are now dispensing Preventics, for they are not only safe but decidedly certain and prompt. Preventics contain no quinine, no laxative, nothing harsh nor sickening. Taken at the "sneeze stage" Preventics will prevent pneumonia, bronchitis, influenza, etc., hence the name, preventics. Good for feverish children. 48 Preventics 25 cents. Trial boxes 5 cents. Sold by all dealers.

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Harold

A large number from here attended the S. S. convention at Spring Brook on Monday, and report a very instructive service.

Mr. Jas. Woodward has bought the laundry business in Marmora, and took possession on Monday.

Mr. John Garrison and wife, of Bay City, Mrs. Scriber of Trenton, and Mrs. Reid of West Huntingdon, have been visiting at "Elm-Hurst," the guests of Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Reid.

Mrs. S. Woodward is visiting her son in Bancroft.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest White visited at Mr. John Bailey's last night.

All the young people around here attended the Harvest Home service at St. Andrew's church, Belleville, on Sunday night last.

Halloway

Rev. Mr. Cragg, father of Rev. C. E. Cragg, has conducted the services for the past two Sundays.

As Sunday, Sept. 29th, is Rally Day in the Sunday School the service will be especially interesting. The object of this special effort is to increase the attendance and arouse a deeper interest in Sunday School work.

Miss Nora Reynolds of Stirling gave an excellent report at the League on Thursday evening last of the Summer School held at Chemong Park in July.

Mr. E. B. McMullen left on Sept. 4th to visit several places in Manitoba and Saskatchewan.

The home of Mr. John Townsend was the scene of a pleasant event on Saturday evening, Sept. 7th, when Miss Daisy Townsend was married. Mr. Harold Garrison by Rev. C. E. Cragg. The couple were unattended. The bride was gown in a dainty dress of white organdy, while her going away gown was of brown. On Sunday night they left for Medina, via Rochester.

Spring Brook.

The S. S. Convention held in the church here on Monday was a very successful meeting. Splendid addresses were delivered by the different speakers, and many questions were asked in reference to S. S. teaching by the congregation, to which satisfactory answers were given by H. W. Brown, B. A. Teacher Training Secretary of Toronto. The choir furnished music at both sessions. The evening session was opened by a song service conducted by Rev. F. A. Robinson, of Stirling. Mr. Fred Anderson also gave a solo, accompanied by his sister, Miss Olive Anderson, which was well rendered.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Lowell, of Nelson, B.C., arrived here this week, and will spend a few weeks visiting Mr. Lowell's old acquaintances.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. McGee expect to leave next week for their new home in Peterboro.

Mrs. H. Green is spending the week near Belleville.

Mr. and Mrs. John Spry of Spry settlement, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Reid.

Messrs. Bert and Arthur Mason are visiting at their father's this week.

Miss Nellie Mason is visiting friends in Hastings.

We deeply regretted to hear of the sudden death of Col. J. E. Halliwell.

We extend our heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved friends.

Evangelists Association

Eleven evangelists, representing a number of denominations, met at the home of Messrs. Hunter and Crossley in Toronto last week and a conference was held, when it was unanimously agreed to form an Evangelistic Association, to be called the Canadian Association of Evangelists (International). The object of the Association is the promotion of evangelism throughout the Dominion of Canada, and the mutual co-operation and fellowship of those engaged exclusively in evangelistic work.

Officers elected were: President, Rev. J. E. Hunter; secretary, Rev. W. Meikle; treasurer, Rev. A. E. Ranton. Executive Committee—Messrs. Will Pugsley, J. McD. Kerr, and Walter Russell, with the officers, members and ex-officers.

There shall also be a committee on credentials.

Besides the above evangelists there were present Messrs. Crossley, Turk, McHardy and McCombe Bros.

Trial Catarrh treatments are being mailed out free, on request, by Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. These tests are proving to the people—without a penny's cost—the great value of this scientific prescription known to druggists everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Catarrh Remedy. Sold by all dealers.

£ Sterling Hall

Big Gathering of Ladies' New

Tailor-made Fall Coats

We have already passed into stock in this line over one hundred Northway and Continental garments. Values and styles are surprisingly good. These facts, your careful inspection will soon demonstrate. Special values in Blacks, Fawns and Fancy Tweeds at.....\$7.50, \$10.00, \$12.00, \$15.00
See our very special value in fine, all-wool, black Kersey Coat, 50 inches long, at.....\$10.00

Two Skirt Specials

Special value in black and navy Vicuna Skirts in latest style, at.....\$4.00
Very special value in all-wool Venetian Skirts, blacks, cardinal and navy, at.....\$4.50

Plaid Dress Goods

Plaid goods will be especially favored for young people's wearables this fall. Our assortment includes the favorites in Clan Tartans and broken Plaids at.....25, 50, 75c. per yard.

Velveteens

A large import purchase in this line made before the price advance, enables us to offer an exceptionally fine quality in all leading colors, at.....50c. yd.

Grocery Specials

3½ lbs. fine quality Molasses Snaps for.....25c.
New crop select Valencia Raisins—a rush order shipment just in, at.....10c. lb.

W. R. MATHER,

Direct Importer of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods and Retailer of Everything to wear for Everybody.

VISIT

THE PALMS

The New Store now opened for business in the Meiklejohn Block, and see our fine display of

Fancy Decorated China and Glassware
Dinner and Tea Sets

You will find the quality No. 1, and our prices right.

We carry a full line of

Fresh, Up-to-date
CONFECTIONERY
GROCERIES AND

Also—

Cooked Ham, Bologna, Rolled Bacon, Breakfast Bacon and Long Clear Bacon.
Fresh Creamery Butter, Best American Coal Oil, Patent Medicines.

J. L. ASHLEY

Goods delivered. Phone 31.

NEW LIVERY

I have opened up a new Livery and am now prepared to supply you with a first-class turn-out.

GOOD HORSES, NEW RIGS AND HARNESS

I solicit a share of your patronage.

I also have for sale a few of McLAUGHLIN'S BUGGIES, MIKADOS which I will clear out at close prices to make room for Cutters.

Also agent for

Massey-Harris Farm Implements
P.S.—Two good yearling Colts for sale or will exchange for driving Horses.

N. LANKTREE,

Mill Street, Stirling.

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A Candy Bowl Laxative.

LEARN DRESS-MAKING BY MAIL

In your spare time fit home, or Take a Personal Course at School.

To enable all to learn we teach on cash or instalment plan. We also teach a personal class at school once a month. Class commencing last Tuesday of each month. These lessons teach how to cut, fit and put together any garment from the plainest shirt waist suit, to the most elaborate dress. The whole family can learn from one course. We have a guarantee to give five hundred dollars to any one that cannot learn between the age of 14 and 40. You cannot learn dress-making as thorough as this course teaches if you work in shops for years. Beyond limitations as we employ no one outside the school. This is the only experienced Dress Cutting School in Canada and excelled by none in any other country. Write at once for particulars, as we have cut our rate one-third for a short time.

SANDERS' DRESS-CUTTING SCHOOL.

31 Erie St., Stratford, Ont., Canada.

Dates of the Fall Fairs

Ameliasburg	Oct. 4, 5
Belleville	Sept. 17, 18
Brighton	Sept. 26
Campbellford	Sept. 24, 25
Coe Hill	Sept. 29
Colborne	Sept. 30, Oct. 1
Frankford	Sept. 19, 20
L'Amable	Oct. 1
Maddox	Sept. 12, 13
Napanee	Sept. 18, 19
Peterboro	Sept. 26, 27, 28
Pictou	Sept. 25, 26
Shannonville	Sept. 28
Stirling	Sept. 26, 27
Tweed	Oct. 2
Warkworth	Oct. 3, 4
Wooler	Sept. 18

A law is now in force in the state of Washington prohibiting the sale of cigarettes.

Twenty-four bodies have been recovered from the wreck of the Quebec bridge, leaving about fifty still missing.

The Ontario Railway Board advises municipalities not to borrow money for local improvements at the present excessive rates of interest.

Commissioner Starr, who conducted the license investigation, recommends a central board of three to administer licenses for the entire Province.

The British Medical Weekly last week announced that a certain widely advertised American pill, sold in bottles of two hundred for a shilling a bottle, contained nothing but pure sugar.

THE ENGINEER'S STORY

Swears That Train Was Travelling at Rate of Less Than 20 Miles

A despatch from Toronto says: There is every indication that the investigation into the cause of the Caledon disaster is to be a very thorough one. The principal evidence was that adduced by Engineer Hodge, who was driving the train.

Mr. T. C. Robinette, K. C., appeared on behalf of Engineer; Mr. Angus McMurphy represented the C. P. R., and County Crown Attorney McFadden, of Peel, appeared on behalf of the Crown.

THE ENGINEER'S STORY.

George Hodge, the engineer of the ill-fated train, was called, and immediately he got on the stand his counsel, Mr. Robinette, K. C., had entered a formal objection to Hodge giving evidence, so as to obtain the protection of the court concerning anything which he might say to incriminate himself.

"I think," said the coroner, "it would be well to allow the witness to give his evidence in this way, that if he objects to answer a question because it might incriminate him, then he has the protection which he craves. That answer could not be used against him."

"At the same time," remarked the coroner to Hodge, "you are not excused from answering any question which may be asked you here."

"I am quite satisfied with that," Mr. Robinette replied.

The examination of Hodge was then proceeded with. He deposed—"I left Markdale at 7.30, and had a good run to Orangeville, which we reached at 8.55. There were three cars added there and we left between 9.05 a.m. and 9.06 a.m. We reached Caledon at 9.30, and received an order to run one hour late of the original schedule. We left Caledon at 9.21, and before reaching the curve, and about 150 yards from the slow board, I slowed down and shut off steam. I applied the brakes about a quarter of a mile from where the accident occurred, and I felt the brake field. This made a reduction of 7 lbs.

on the air pressure of the brake, which was sufficient, in my opinion, to steady the train. Just before the accident I was about to release the brakes."

"Did you release the brakes?"

"No, sir. Not intentionally."

Describing the accident, Hodge said he felt the engine give a sudden lurch, and found himself out on the ground. Hodge explained that at the time the engine gave a lurch he was thrown to the north, and as he had his hand on the brake it would have the effect of releasing the brake.

HODGE'S EXPERIENCE.

Replying to Mr. Robinette, Hodge said he had been acting as engineer of a freight train since January of this year, but had had experience as a fireman since December, 1902. He had only previously to last Tuesday run one passenger train over this line. He was between 23 and 24 years of age.

In answer to Mr. McFadden he said—"I took on the train up the night before. There were passengers on it. That was the only passenger train I had run over this line."

BRAKES WORKED WELL.

The brakes were working well. He examined the brake after the accident and he could not find anything to account for the accident.

"What do you think yourself was the cause of the accident?"

"I couldn't say."

"The engine was all right?"

"Yes."

"And the roadbed was all right?"

"Yes."

Between Caledon and the slow board 20 miles an hour was the highest speed reached.

Replying to a juror, witness said he had been on continuous duty since 10.15 the previous night. He had had a good rest the previous day. His hours of work average 9 or 10.

The coroner pointed out that the witness had already been working about eleven hours at the time of the accident.

LEADING MARKETS

BREADSTUFFS.
Toronto, Sept. 10.—Ontario Wheat—No. 2 white, 85½¢ to 86¢ outside; No. 1 northern 81½¢; No. 2, 81¢, lake ports.
Corn—No. 3 yellow, 71¢ to 72¢; Toronto, No. 3 mixed, 69¢ to 69½¢.
Barley—No. 2, 53¢ to 53½¢; No. 3 extra, 51½¢ to 52¢; No. 3, 50½¢ to 51¢.
Oats—Manitoba, No. 2 white, 44¢ to 45¢ on track at elevator; No. 2 mixed, 44½¢.
Peas—Nominal at 75½¢ for No. 2.
Rye—65½¢ to 66¢ outside.
Flour—Ontario, 90 per cent. patents, about nominal, \$3.45 to \$3.50; Manitoba, first patents, \$5.10 to \$5.20; seconds, \$4.40 to \$4.60; strong bakers, \$4.30 to \$4.50.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.
Butter—Supplies are moderate, but the demand is heavy and prices firmer. Creamery, prints 23¢ to 25¢
Do solids 21¢ to 22¢
Dairy prints 19¢ to 20¢
Do solids 18¢ to 20¢
Cheese—Large quoted at 12½¢ and twines at 12½¢ in job lots here.
Eggs—Prices firm at 18½¢ to 19¢.
Poultry—Live chickens are quoted from 9¢ to 11¢, and hens from 7¢ to 8¢.
Pork—Market is firm at 65¢ to 75¢ per bushel.
Baled Hay—Prices firm at \$14 to \$14.50 in car lots on track here.
Baled Straw—\$7.50 per ton in car lots on track here.

PROVISIONS.
Dressed Hogs—\$9.25 for lightweights and \$8.75 for heavies.
Pork—Short cut, \$22.75 to \$23 for barrels, 10 to 12 lbs. per barrel.
Lard—Firm; tallow, 12¢; tallow, 12½¢; tallow, 12½¢.
Smoked and Dry Salted Meats—Long clear bacon, 11¢ to 11½¢ for tons and cases; hams, medium and light, 15½¢ to 16¢; hams, 14½¢ to 15¢; hams, 16½¢ to 17¢; shoulders, 10½¢ to 11¢; rolls, 11½¢; cut of pickle, 10¢ to 11¢.

MONTREAL MARKETS.
Montreal, Sept. 10.—Eggs—Sales of selected stock were made at 21¢ to 22¢; No. 1 at 18¢ to 18½¢, seconds at 16¢ to 16½¢ and straight gathered at 17¢ to 17½¢ per dozen.
Butter—Buyers' prices here for finest townships creamery are from 21½¢ to 22¢; Quebecs are quoted at 21½¢ and dairy at 20¢ per lb.
Cheese—Prices range from 12½¢ to 12½¢ for westerns, 12¢ for townships and 11½¢ for the best Quebecs.
Pork—Heavy Canada short cut mess, in tallow, \$33 to \$33.50; heavy Canada short cut mess, in barrels, \$22 to \$22.50; Canada short cut backs, \$22 to \$22.50; Canada short cut mess, in half-barrels, \$11.25 to \$11.50; Canada short cut backs, \$11 to \$11.50.

BUFFALO MARKET.
Buffalo, Sept. 10.—Wheat closed—No. 2 red, 94¢. Corn—No. 2 yellow, 72¢; No. 2 white, 70¢. Oats—No. 2 white, 56¢; No. 2 mixed, 52¢. Barley—Nominal.
NEW YORK WHEAT MARKET.
New York, Sept. 10.—Spot firm; No. 2 red, \$1.02½ elevator; No. 2 red, \$1.03½; No. 2 hard winter, \$1.06½ f.o.b. elevator.
LIVE STOCK MARKET.
Toronto, Sept. 10.—Trade was good and active and prices steady to firm for good quality cattle, but for the poor stuff, on which there was more than the usual disposition in the market to-day, trade was quite sluggish and slow, and prices weaker.
Good butcher cows steady at \$3.25 to \$3.50.
Sheep and lambs—Good grain-fed lambs are quoted at \$5 to \$6 per cwt.; export ewes, \$4 to \$4.50.
Export market steady; medium export, \$4.50 to \$5; choice, \$5.10 to \$5.15; extra choice, \$5.25.
Butchers—Market steady, choice picked butchers' cattle, \$4.50 to \$5, and ordinary to good butcher cattle at \$3.75 to \$4.50; common butcher cows and mixed cattle easier, at \$3 to \$3.50.
Light stockers—market dull and easier at \$2.75 to \$3.
Heavy feeders—Steady demand for good feeders, 1,050 to 1,100 lbs., at \$4 to \$4.50.
Calves—Market slow at \$5 to \$10 each.
Hogs—Market easy, select \$6.25, lights and fats, \$6.

CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

Telegraph Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Recent Events.

CANADA.

The G. T. R. have fixed upon a site for a new station for London.
Petitions are being circulated in London for Sunday street cars.

The United States team won the Palma Trophy at Rockville ranges on Saturday.

Elmhurst, the fine residence of Mr. H. B. Donly, at Simcoe, was destroyed by fire on Saturday.

The Manitoba Government awarded a contract for telephone exchange building in Winnipeg.

Milk producers in the Province of Ontario are considering the advisability of advancing the price of milk.

Col. the Hon. J. S. Hendrie, has been appointed commander of the Royal Victorian Order.

The freshman's class at Queen's University will likely be the largest in the history of the institution.

Winnipeg civil servants have formed an association with a view to improving their financial position.

Angus Cameron, an old resident of Carleton Place, was killed by a train shunting in the railway yards.

Plans have been made for a six-story building to be erected on the wrecked Crystal Hill, London.

Esther Spear, a fourteen-year-old girl of Fort Erie, committed suicide by taking Paris green, on Saturday.

Twenty-four bodies have been recovered from the wreck of the Quebec bridge, leaving about fifty still missing.

The Ontario Government has been asked to open offices in a new building to be erected on the Strand, London.

C. P. R. Live Stock Agent McMullen says there will be a reduction in the number of cattle shipped from the west this year.

Hamilton building permits for August total \$120,555, as compared with \$44,860 for the corresponding month last year.

The barns of the Macdonald Agricultural College at St. Anne de Bellevue, Que., were struck by lightning and burned to the ground on Wednesday.

D. McCool, formerly General Roadmaster of the eastern division of the Grand Trunk, has left the Great Northern and resumed his old duties in Montreal.

The Spring Hill miners now on strike, will make no overtures with the company, and insist that the next advance must come from that side.

The shipping contribution of \$250 to the Montreal police benefit fund as an appreciation of the policemen's work during the strike.

The customs revenue of the Dominion for the month of August shows the phenomenal increase of over a million dollars over the returns for August, 1906; the total receipts for the past month being \$5,643,402.

Government contractors hereafter must keep a record of payments made to workmen in their employ, and the books or documents containing such record shall be open for inspection by the fair wages officers of the Government.

GREAT BRITAIN.

St. Andrew's Society at Edinburgh is agitating for the restoration of Holyrood Chapel.

UNITED STATES.

Seven births occurred on the steamship Kronland on her last trip to New York.

One death from bubonic plague and two new cases are reported from San Francisco.

Plans are on foot at Chicago to form an international union of farmers' organizations.

The body of L. A. Henderson of Touchwood Hills, Sask., was found in a lagoon in a Chicago park.

An advance of 25 cents per ton for anthracite coal is reported from New York for the coming season.

A new Jewish synagogue, one of the finest in America, has been erected in Boston at a cost of \$500,000.

The United States Navy Department contemplates increasing the strength of its Atlantic fleet from eighteen to twenty-eight battleships.

J. W. Brown of Sarnia has been arrested at Superior, Wis., charged with manslaughter in connection with the death of Joseph Kranz.

The Henry Phipps Institute at Philadelphia has issued a report stating that alcohol neither prevents, cures nor predisposes to tuberculosis.

Gst. Duval, of Fallsville, and W. L. Walker, of Lawrence, Station, were fined at St. Thomas \$30 and \$100 respectively for supplying watered milk.

Mrs. Samuel Ralouin, the young wife of a Bristol, Conn., merchant, had him before the court in that town on the charge of contributing only ten cents a day to her support.

Plaintive cries from a parrot were the means of leading to the discovery of the lifeless body of Mrs. Katharine Ware, an octogenarian recluse, who was asphyxiated in her home in Philadelphia.

United States District Judge De Haven has sentenced John A. Benson and E. B. Perrin, recently convicted of land frauds, to ten years imprisonment in the Alameda, Cal., county jail and to pay a fine of \$1,000 each.

Mrs. E. T. Hughes lost her purse, containing jewelry worth \$1,000, in a car in New York and an hour afterward it was returned to her residence by a young woman, who refused to give her name or take a reward.

GENERAL.

The tariff is becoming a vital issue in the Australian politics.

A fine season in Newfoundland waters was met at London on Saturday.

The preliminary elections for the third Russian Duma are now in full progress.

A CRACK IN THE BRIDGE

Painter Gives Startling Evidence at the Quebec Bridge Inquest.

A despatch from Quebec says: The sensation of the sitting of the Coroner's inquest into the disaster with the bridge, the testimony of Alexander Ouellet, one of the bridge workmen, Ouellet, who was a painter, had gone to the land for a drink of water, and was returning when he saw the bridge begin to settle. He at once started back to land, but had one of his heels caught and crushed. He stated on Wednesday that he had known of a crack three inches long in one of the arches starting from the main pier. He had known of

this crack since May last, but had never said anything about it, as he had not thought that there was any danger. The witness pointed out on the plans the exact spot at which he had observed the crack.

The meeting of the citizens to take steps to provide means to relieve the pressing wants of the families of the bridge victims was held on Wednesday afternoon, Mayor Garneau presiding. The Mayor announced having received a number of subscriptions for the distressed, and nearly thousand dollars was immediately subscribed.

Four persons were killed by lightning which struck a Catholic church in West Prussia.

Four hundred partially finished buildings have been abandoned in Havana by striking masons.

The negotiations for a renewal of the Newfoundland fisheries modulus vivendi have been completed.

Ten Austrian soldiers have already died of exhaustion during the army manoeuvres at Wiener-Neustadt.

Plans are outlined by Hon. John Anderson for a National Bank of Newfoundland.

Over a million and a quarter cubic yards were excavated on the Panama Canal during the month of August.

Striking dock laborers at Antwerp flung a number of freight cars into the canal and set fire to a large lumber yard.

The new Franco-Canadian treaty gives France preferential rates on some of her products and minimum rates on the rest.

Two mutineers of the 21st Battalion of Russian Sappers have been sentenced to death and seven to imprisonment in the mines.

There is danger of a serious clash between the troops of Japan and China in the fertile territory lying between the Yalu and Tumen Rivers.

Frank A. Perrett, assistant in the Vesuvius Observatory, says that the reported disturbances at Mount Vesuvius are due to landslides and not to an eruption.

GUNS, KNIVES AND PISTOLS.

Fatal Riot Among Italians in New Brunswick.

A despatch from St. John, N. B., says: As a result of a drunken riot on Saturday afternoon, among a crowd of Italian laborers employed on the N. B. Southern, one man is dying and two are critically wounded. Forty-five Italians, who are living in a box car near Prince of Wales, got possession on Saturday afternoon of some liquor. The whole crowd became wildly intoxicated and a free fight broke out, in which driving wood alcohol, a shotgun were freely used. The dying man, Antonio Candisoli, was pierced by three revolver bullets, another is riddled with buckshot about the shoulders and arms, and another has several serious knife wounds.

WEAK SPOT IN THE LAW.

Eighteen Chinese Cause Government Officials Worry.

A despatch from Ottawa says: There are eighteen Chinese in custody in Sydney who are providing a puzzle for the chief controller of Chinese immigration in Ottawa, and who seem to have hit upon a flaw in the fabric of Canadian law. The Chinese came ashore from the schooner Colours, which had come from Newfoundland. The captain alleged that they escaped. They were seized by the customs officials as smuggled goods, and are now in jail. The law provides that the Chinese who enter Canada irregularly may be placed in jail for a year, but makes no further provision regarding them. No authority is given to deport. It is not considered good policy to keep eighteen Chinese in jail for a year and then give them their liberty, without even the payment of the \$500 entrance fee. A year in jail is hardly considered a qualification for permanent Canadian residence. The only thing apparently that can be done is to keep the Chinese until a law may be passed next session for their deportation, and then send them back.

LATEST REPORTS ENCOURAGING.

Grain in Canadian Northern Districts Looks Well.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: The C. N. R. crop report is fully encouraging as all previous reports from various sections during the week. The most optimistic feeling prevails as to the ultimate outcome of the harvest. There has been no frost in the majority of places and the weather promises to be all that could be desired. Some rains fell during the past few days, but no damage to crops was done. There is a scarcity of men in some districts, where the grain has been ready for a week or more.

DRANK WOOD ALCOHOL.

Fatal Riot Among Italians in New Three Dying.

A despatch from Quebec says: News has reached town of a terrible occurrence at Cape Bauld. A schooner captain, who arrived there from a small island in the Gulf, reports that four men are dead and three dying as a result of drinking wood alcohol. No further details have been received, nor have the names been learned, and the agent of the Marine Department in this city has telegraphed instructions to investigate the matter at once and report the circumstances attending the tragedy.

HINDUS BEATEN BY WHITES

Driven From U. S. Territory They Make for Canada.

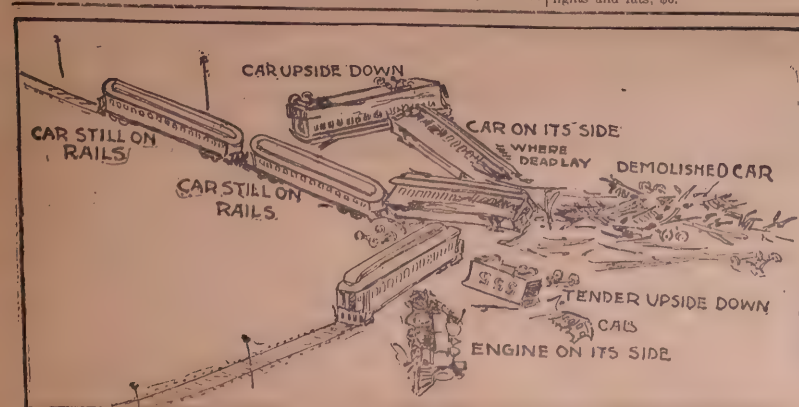
A despatch from Vancouver, B. C., says: Six Hindus, badly beaten and maltreated by a mob, are in the hospital at Bellingham, Washington; 400 are finding sanctuary in the jail and public buildings, and 150 beaten, hungry and half naked, are on the way to British Columbia. These are the results of a Columbus outbreak of local sentiment in the United States town on Wednesday evening.

The trouble started in the Polity Street district, which is filled with Hindu and Chinese houses. These houses were cleaned out, and the occupants driven out of the town. From there the mob swept down to the waterfront and the lumber mill. After the lumber mill was visited the white employees swelled the mob, and every black man was hustled outside. Here the police suggested that the unfortunate should be taken to jail. The proposal was hailed with delight, and the Hindus were hustled along. The mob kept up its work till early morning, when Darson's mill at Whiteman Lake was visited and hundreds of Hindus brought in from there. The police were helpless, authority was paralyzed, and for five hours a mob of white men raided the mills where the blacks were working and battered down the doors of the lodging houses where they sought shelter and dragged them from their beds.

Mayor Black has organized fifty armed deputies for the protection of the

RIOT IN VANCOUVER.

A despatch from Vancouver, B. C., says: The campaign against Oriental labor has taken a new and sinister turn in this city. Saturday evening a gang of the men from Bellingham, across the border in the State of Washington, the town from which the Hindus were recently driven, came to Vancouver and organized a parade with the intention of making trouble. There were some thirty of them, and, reinforced by a large number of ho-duns, they proceeded to the Chinese and Japanese quarter and began to raid the stores and assault the Orientals. Property was damaged and many people subjected to otherwise injured, while the efforts of the police force and the entire fire brigade to keep the mob from burning up the Chinese and Japanese quarters. Several arrests were made after a strenuous fight between the mob and the officers who took the mob.



Plan of Wreck at Caledon Last Week.
(From The Toronto Telegram).

THURSDAY, SEPT. 12, 1907.

The New Electric Light

A new light which is claimed to be far ahead of the electric light now in use was invented by Mr. Herschell C. Parker, Professor of Physics in Columbia University, New York, and Mr. Walter G. Clark, of New York.

These gentlemen have been associated in experimental work for a number of years, with the improvement of the Edison lamp as their objective point. With modern laboratories at their disposal, as well as the work of scientists in this direction for the past fifty years, they have had a distinct advantage over the experimenters of a few years ago, and with this their ability and genius has enabled them to place on a commercial basis a light that is as much an improvement over the Edison lamp as was this lamp over any lighting apparatus previously produced.

The objections to the generally used incandescent light are numerous. In the first place, the rays are yellow, and that is even of more importance, the energy required to produce a certain candle power is altogether out of proportion to the result obtained.

With these facts before them, Messrs. Parker and Clark realized that a fundamental change was necessary to overcome them, and their work began when they realized that the use of a different material would alone accomplish their purpose.

They finally made the discovery that a combination of elements, of which silicon was an important factor, when made into the form of a filament of about the size and shape of the Edison carbonized palm fibre in the lamps with which the public is familiar, gave a light that was much more effective than the Edison, at a far less cost.

The light of the new lamp is, further, exactly that of diffused sunlight and has none of the common characteristics of the ordinary incandescent light. It shows under the spectrum all the rays of the sun, while the Edison is a distinct yellow. Using this fact as a basis, the discoverers named their new light "Helion," after the Greek word, helios, meaning sun.

A comparison shows that helion light will give the same degree of illumination as the ordinary electric incandescent with a consumption of one-third less the electrical power. The Helion lasts longer and gives more and better light, consequently it is cheaper.

School Training

At the meeting of the International Congress of School Hygiene in London, England, Bishop Welldon delivered a lecture on the effect of school training on mental discipline and control in adolescence. He said it was only too easy to induce vice in the young by hygienic surroundings. It was the duty of the State to give to all young citizens the opportunity to lead virtuous lives, and that was dependent on good feeding, healthy surroundings, and good health. No child should be pronounced as hopeless. Teachers might be hopeless as to the training of a child, but the child was never hopeless. He was the successful educator who could produce out of somewhat unpromising material good and capable citizens. The aim of the teacher should be to turn out men and women who would acquire themselves well in the battle of life, and not to turn out the boys whom Wellington has described as "clever devils." It was not possible for the schoolmaster to do the whole education—the parents, and especially the mother, must share in the education. The educator could never be what the parent may or should be. The child of the intemperate and immoral parent mirrored the defects of the parent. There were lessons which the school teacher should not be required to teach. The fundamental lesson of obedience should be taught at home and not at school. Obedience was a primary virtue and it lay at the root of all other virtues. The present age was one of obedience of parent to children, and not of children to parent. Parents could do their children no better service than making their children obey their commands. When he looked back over the list of past pupils and comrades, many of those who were richest in prospects had "gone under," and as the cause of failure none had been more potent than selfishness. Education was now too easily obtained—it was good for children to find out things for themselves. He entered a protest against the luxury of the modern school. He advocated that children should be trained to generosity and should be encouraged to give voluntarily the money which was bestowed on them. Although possibly too high for modern life, the motto should be "everything for others, nothing for himself."

To Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal.

THE MAPLE
The Maple blooms in autumn, and its variegated hue
Is rainbow of a promise for a future grand
and true.
The leading festivity in the blend of color
on each tree
Proclaims a bright tomorrow for the faith
reposed in thee.
When other leaves have sought repose
and muffled roots of sleep,
Thou doth exult in pleasing tone an
octave of joy.
An emblem of a land art thou, of vastness,
wealth and pride;
Thy ship of state is launched upon a strong
and floating tide,
Sturdy are thy worthy sons as storm defying
gulls;
Thy daughters tune a loyal song to the
music of thy hills.
Twine the only maple leaves in wreath
of valor'd story.
Through the forest of the past they blaze
the trail to glory.

BRAMLEY KITE.

The King has returned from Marion-land apparently in robust health.

The Beginning of Crime

(Campbellford Herald)

Much has been said about the baneful influence of cigarettes on the rising generation, and while much has been said little has been done to save the boys.

We had occasion the other day to meet three boys all of whom were smoking cigarettes. The lads looked to be from eight to ten years. Taking occasion to ask the boys some questions as to their age and how they procured the cigarettes we got very little satisfaction. The leader of the three boys showed by his replies to the question that he was already on the road of degradation and probable ruin. He divulged his name and also those of his little friends, but that was as far as we got. Asked as to his age he did not know. He admitted getting the cigarettes from an older boy whose name he did not know. The older boy bought the cigarettes, but where he did not know. In fact all the little fellow knew was his own name and the names of his comrades.

The result of the interview goes to prove that the boy is already beginning a career of deceit and probable crime. Elsewhere in our columns we publish an account of young boys in Cobourg stealing cigarettes and chocolate. Doubtless the cigarette is the cause of their crime. The habit once created overcomes the will, which is naturally weak in the youth of tender age; and the boy becomes the slave to appetite. So much so is this the case that boys lose all sense of right and honor, resorting to lying and deceit—vices which after all, are at the bottom of all crime—in order to satisfy their unnatural cravings of appetite. With their will power thus weakened, and with their natures depraved, these boys grow to manhood maimed for life.

Not only so but they enter upon the duties of life with unhealthy bodies as well as depraved mental faculties. We speak advisedly when we say there are many men in our land whose physical and moral natures have been dwarfed and stunted, whose capabilities are entirely inadequate to cope with the difficulties of life, all of which defects are due to the depraving influence of the cigarette. We also speak advisedly when we say that the injurious effects of the cigarette is decidedly greater than those of intoxicants and opiates, attacking as it does the system in its immature state. Very often temperance workers concentrate their energies against the liquor evil when it might be well to divide their forces and attack the cigarette course.

So much for the evil and what about the remedy? There are two agencies to be used in fighting the evil, and if these are united it can be almost entirely eradicated. We refer to the law and the home. It is the duty of the Council to enforce the law, and no matter the cost it should be enforced. But the home is the most effective agent. Parents should take every precaution to keep their boys off the streets, and keep the strictest scrutiny into their lives and habits. The home so far as it is possible, should be made attractive, and parents should not take the exalted stand that their boys are above temptation in this regard. Moreover, they should take it as a personal favor to be informed that their boys are smoking. It might not be a bad move to form an organization the object of which would be to take steps to stop the evil by referring the case to the parents, or in cases of illegal sale of cigarettes, to the court.

We bring this matter before the public in the hope that something of a practical nature may be the outcome. Let us save the boys from lives of weakness and deceit and crime.

The Liberal party in Ontario is now without a leader owing to the acceptance by Hon. Geo. F. Graham of a portfolio in the Dominion Cabinet, and the question of who is to succeed Mr. Graham is now an important one. Some advocate the selection of a leader by the Liberal members of the Legislature, while others believe that the rank and file of the party should be consulted. The Kenfrew Mercury, one of the leading journals of eastern Ontario, in a well-written editorial says: "While it is natural for those who have their fingers on the threads of management to object to any change it may again be repeated, there seems a considerable section of the party which desires a convention; a free discussion, possibly the framing of a brief platform, and the selection of a new leader, one who is free from the limitations of being connected with that period of the party's history when it was tied up to awkward conditions, and who would lead the younger Liberals into an aggressive fighting force. Where can this leader be found? Without professing to know all the qualifications of present members, the Mercury states not only its own opinion but that of many Liberals with whom it has conversed that no M.P.P. at present in the Legislature combines all the qualifications. The Mercury then names John F. MacKay, business manager of the Globe, for the position of leader, and gives several good reasons for his choice, and believes that if Mr. MacKay could be pressed into the service of the Liberal party in the Legislature he would rapidly make it a fighting force on large lines—useful even in Opposition effective in Government."

At the regular meeting of Norwood Council on Wednesday night of last week, the Northumberland-Durham Power Co., Limited, gave an agreement to Norwood that they would build an electric power line from Healey Falls to Havelock and Norwood, some 13 miles, at the same time as the power line to the lake front towns is constructed.

MUSICAL SOUNDS

Thinking Them as One Does Letters and Words is Not Difficult.

To acquire the habit of thinking musical sounds, as one does letters and words, is not a difficult task. In fact, it is a necessity. It is seriously there is no difficulty greater than that of learning to read literature. The usual method of tuition, which teaches the pupil to regard this, that or the other note as identical with certain positions on his instrument, is not one of the best calculated to make him an efficient and intelligent reader. He never thought, and must ever refer to his instrument before he can form a fairly accurate conception of the musical story that lies silent on the page before him.

As a child may learn to read the alphabet, to form letters into words and thence into sentences and so on, just so may the music student learn to combine and use the notes before him. Strange as it may appear, the study of reading music may be carried on mentally. For instance, while I think of a melody my mind traces its flow and all the paraphernalia of the staff and notation appear as the melody passes away into time. I realize the clef, time, and key signatures, bar lines, rhythmic divisions, and in a moment I transfer the thought to paper. People in general are accustomed to the transference of their ordinary thoughts to papers and by constant practice the labor of transmittal from brain to paper is minimized so greatly as to appear almost automatic in performance. Whatever of laborious effort appears in the process of writing music is the result of want of practice and not that this form of writing is really or intrinsically more difficult than writing in words, or demands any greater mental or manual effort. The mind is here master and directs the operations of the hand; and both gain facility from the practice which comes of thinking music—Musicalian.

YOUR GOLD COINS.

See if Any of Them is Stamped With the Letter L.

"I got hold of a gold coin a short time ago, and it was marked with a letter L, which I supposed had been stamped upon it by some one who wished to keep watch as to whether he ever had it in possession again. I passed it along, to my landlord, I think, and thought nothing more about it for several months. Then I found out that I had been passing 'foul' coin."

"How is that?" was the question of a listener.

"All coins, whether gold or silver, upon which a large L is stamped are light weight. When you get one of these stamped coins, the only thing you do is to take it to some assayer, who will weigh it and pay you about 10 per cent less than the face value of the coin for it. He will then place it in a crucible to be melted into gold bullion."

"The government itself mutilates these coins and in so doing turns the ruined currency right back into circulation, where some innocent party will become victimized by them."

"When the light coins are tendered for duties on imports they are weighed at the custom house, quickly stamped L for light and returned to the importer. If the latter cannot pass the coin off, he must take it to the refiner to be melted."

"The light coins may be rendered light in the ordinary course of abrasion in circulation or they may have been sweated by parties who sell the gold last thus bruised off the coin. The common mode of sweating is to place a number of gold coins in a sack and shake them up for a long time, when the gold dust will gather at the bottom of the sack."

Mules and Gray Horses.

"I wonder if that truck driver knows of any good reason for hitching that mule with the gray horse?" remarked a Georgian as he saw such a team halted at Chambers street and Broadway.

"Let's ask him."

"The driver only knew that the team was always driven together by order of the stable boss."

"Well," went on the southerner, "since I was a child I've always seemed to know that mules will follow a gray horse or hitch with him where they won't have any truck with a horse of any other color. I've seen the most unusual mules behave properly when in the company of a gray, but I've never heard a good reason given for the fact."

How She Viewed It.

Perhaps she was jealous, perhaps she wasn't. Anyway, she had just heard of the engagement, and she could not help noticing the engaged girl's smile in her captured youth.

"Really," she said, and her lips curled scornfully. "There's no accounting for taste, is there? Some people think they have won the game when they get the booty prize."

A Portentous Prospect.

Collect I hadn't the heart to write a note. Break it gently to my wife, won't you? Ah! Second—Now, don't feel that way about it, my boy. You're coming out of this affair safe and sound. Collect—but it is more serious than you think. I have reliable information that Wildshot will fire in the air—Puck.

Position With a Pull.

Visitor—I understand that our friend Stuckup has got a position with a pull to it at last. Well, center. That's right. It means of a rope he helps to yank cattle to slaughter in an abattoir.

Promising is not giving, but serves to content fools.—Portuguese Proverb.

YORKSHIRE PIES.

Here is the Way They Were Made in the Olden Days.

The delivery of the Yorkshire pie of olden days may be judged by the following recipe from an old fashioned cooking book: "First make a good standing crust, let the wall and bottom be very thick; bone a turkey, a goose, a fowl, a partridge and a pigeon; season them all very well; take half an ounce of mace, half an ounce of cloves, a quarter of an ounce of cloves, and half an ounce of black pepper, all beat fine together; two large spoonfuls of salt, and then mix them together. Open the fowls all down the back and bone them, first the pigeon, then the partridge; cover them; then the fowl, then the goose and then the turkey, which must be large; season them all well first and lay them in the crust so that it will look only like a whole turkey; then have a hare ready cased and wiped with a clean cloth; cut it to pieces—that is, joint it; season it and lay it as close as you can on the other side of the woodcock, and one side on the other side of the woodcock, and what sort of wild fowl you can get. Season them well and lay them close; put at least four pounds of butter into the pie, then lay on your lid, which must be a very thick one, and let it be well baked. It must have a very hot oven and will take at least four hours." It is not surprising to find that a footnote adds that the crust requires a bushel of flour.—Chambers' Journal.

A CLEVER REPORTER.

He Got the Interview Word For Word and Took No Notes.

Interviewer—I have come to get your views on the proposed change in the curriculum of the school.

Mr. Swelhead—Curriculum! What's that mean? I'm against it, whatever it is.

Mr. Swelhead (reading the report of the interview in the next morning's paper).—"Our distinguished townsman, Mr. M. T. Swelhead, was found at his charming home, surrounded by abundant indications of ripe scholarship and sturdy common sense. In reply to our representative's questions he said, 'I do not desire to force my opinions upon the public, but this I will say, that I have given to this question long and studious attention, incidentally examining upon the curricula of institutions of learning, both at home and abroad, and, although I found in the existing course of study not a few matters for condemnation, still I cannot say that I should advise any radical change until I have further time to examine into the subject.'" By George, that fellow's got my exact language word for word. And he didn't take notes neither. Jiminy, but what a memory that fellow must have!—London Telegraph.

A London Lad's Prayer.

W. Pett Ridge, a London writer, made a London boy in one of his stories offer the following rather original prayer: "Lord, wilt thou have the kindness to make me grow strong and tall and with plenty to say for myself, and wilt thou do this as soon as thou can find time, so's to save me expense and waste of money that might be used in other ways—say for a cricket bat? Believe me, Lord, thy obedient servant, A. Martin."

He rose. He was halfway into his blue flannel bed gown when an important idea occurred to him, and he knelt down again quickly.

"Should 'ave mentioned," he whispered, "Elfred Martin of 53 Cavendish street, just over Surrey side of South-ark bridge."

Water Transportation Cheap.

Any class of water transportation is incomparably cheaper than land transportation, unless something better than the modern railroad is invented. For this reason the greater part of our domestic or inland tonnage has been and is carried by water and not by rail. For that reason the railways own the largest steamers on the lakes. The wheat trade was lost to the Mississippi, not by competition, but because the railroads did not bring it there. The Mississippi above Cairo is decadent, not for lack of ability to compete, but for lack of commerce, which is to say accessibility by means of its own tributaries.—Charles D. Stewart in Century.

Nothing Doing.

The musician was visibly annoyed. "But, hang it all," he said, "I told your reporter three or four times over that the violin I used was a genuine Stradivarius, and here in his report this morning there's not a word—not a word!"

With a scornful laugh the editor replied: "That is as it should be, sir. When Mr. Stradivarius gets his fiddles advertised in this paper under \$2 a line, you come around and let me know."

A Fine Morning.

"Fine morning, your honor," affably remarked the man who had been arrested the night before for being drunk and disorderly.

"Yes, indeed," responded the justice, "quite a fine morning—in fact, a ten dollar fine morning."

Golden Measure.

"In Australia," bragged one native of that country, "you can pick up gold by the pint."

"It comes in quart in America," retorted the quick witted nephew of Uncle Sam.

The Value of Ridicule.

"A man," said Dr. Johnson, "should pass a part of his time with the laughers, by which means anything ridiculous or particular about him might be presented to his view and corrected."

MORE FARM LABORERS WANTED



FOR HARVESTING IN MANITOBA SASKATCHEWAN and ALBERTA

EXTRA \$12 GOING TRIP

\$18 ADDITIONAL FOR RETURN Under conditions as below

GOING TUESDAY Sept. 17th

From all stations in Western Ontario south of North Bay and east to Sharnboro Lake and Kingston

ONE-WAY SECOND-CLASS TICKETS WILL BE SOLD TO WINNIPEG ONLY

Representative farmers, appointed by Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta Governments, will meet and engage laborers on arrival at Winnipeg. Free transportation will be furnished at Winnipeg to points on Can. Pac. and Can. Nor. Rys. where laborers are needed, east of Moose Jaw, Kamack and Swan River (including Lanes), and at one cent a mile each way west thereof in Saskatchewan and Alberta. A certificate furnished with ticket, and the certificate when executed by (farmer showing that laborer has worked thirty days or more) will be honored from that point for a second-class ticket back to starting point in Ontario \$18.00, prior to Nov. 1, 1907. Tickets are good only on special Farm Laborers' trains and will be issued to women as well as to men, but will not be issued at half fare to children.

Don't forget the Homebreakers! Excursions with Tourist Sleepers Sept. 24th, Oct. 5th and 22nd

For full particulars see nearest C.P.R. agent, or write C. B. FOSTER, D.P.A., C.P.R., TORONTO

ENGLAND

Old England is the herald of the morning. Her banner on the breeze is floating fair. The darkest lands on earth she is adorning. While nations gaze and wonder how she dures. Adorning them, but not with conversation. The doubt and fear of slaves she doth dispel. And, for very little provocation, She will battle for a subject even in hell. BRAMLEY KITE.

"Trained" Animals

The visit of a circus to a community is considered a great event. From north, south, east and west the inhabitants flock to witness the performances, and incidentally, to be "fleece" by confidence men who are too often "hangers on" to the travelling show. But perhaps few people who witness the tricks and exhibitions of trained animals know the real facts behind these performances. Especially in the case of "wild" animals the feats applauded by the public are the fruit only of violent cruelty or of systematic starvation. At home, parents strive to inculcate in their children a love of animals, and then will beg, borrow or steal, and undertake fatiguing journeys to have the "children" witness what has been the result of revolting and persistent cruelty. The accompanying article in reference to the vengeance which a "trained" lion took upon one of its keepers not many days ago, is worthy of perusal by everyone who desires entertainment devoid of cruelty.

It is to be hoped that the terrible fate of the unfortunate man, Joseph Haselmann, who was clawed to death by a "trained" lion at Gloucester, will draw the attention of the authorities to the risks incurred by performers and their assistants at popular places of amusement, as well as to the horrible cruelties that are practised on so-called "trained" wild animals.

If the public who throng variety theatres and circuses and applaud the daring performances of "Lion Kings" and "Queens" could peep behind the scenes, and witness the cruelty which is practised in the endeavor to compel lions, leopards, monkeys and other animals to go through unnatural performances, their patronage would be speedily withdrawn from all places of entertainment where "trained" animals form part of the exhibition.

The actual performer frequently buys his animals ready "broken," or cowed, by a systematic course of brutality and starvation. Young lions are turned loose in large cages, and the "breaker," clad in a kind of leather armor studded with spikes, and armed with a whip and heavy iron bar, proceeds to thrash them until they have a holy horror of man. Should the tortured brutes in their desperation spring on him, his assistants are always ready with hot irons, until they suffer almost any punishment rather than bite their persecutor.

When they become "docile" they are bought by the trainers, and then they are compelled to jump through hoops, sit on barrels, etc., by having their food remorselessly withheld from them until they go through their tricks to the satisfaction of the trainer.

Monkeys are probably worse treated than even lions or leopards. Not 10 per cent. of the monkeys survive the operation of training. They are terribly nervous animals, and the fear of the trainer's whip and goad causes the majority of them to pine away and die long before their education is complete. A man who made it his business to train cats reckoned to always lose fifteen out of twenty kittens before they acquired a certain trick, as his methods were to withhold food and let them die exhausted by starvation if they could not understand what was required of them.

Even performing birds, such as cockatoos and pigeons, are trained by starvation, and about competitors who perform with birds and rabbits boast that the living creatures are unharmed, this is seldom the case. A man may make a bird disappear in a collapsible cage perjury. But soon or later the unfortunate bird is bound to have its legs or wings broken. To kill these birds at every performance would be far more merciful, for even if they escape injury the wretched creatures pine and die of prolonged fear within a period, ranging as a general rule, from three to fourteen days.

The Municipal Bulletin just issued gives some interesting statistics. It gives the population of the several villages in the county as follows: Bancroft 529; Madoc 1,079; Munro 722; Stirling 567; Tweed 317. The population of the several townships in this vicinity for 1906 is as follows: Rawdon 3,123; Sidney 3,911; Thorow 3,490; Huntingdon 2,104; Madoc 2,080. The population of the Province for 1906: Rural 1,052,814; urban 807,205; cities 647,722; making a total population for the Province of 2,111,771.

The attendance at the Toronto Exhibition was over 700,000, being 50,000 more than last year.



Social Correspondence

Demands proper

Writing Papers

We have shades, sizes and styles to suit all tastes. Note Paper and Envelopes put up in fancy boxes.

Office Stationery

Of every description and all sorts of SCHOOL SUPPLIES. BLANK BOOKS. PADS. PENCILS. PENS. INKS, ETC.

J. S. MORTON

Druggist, Stationer, Etc.

Monday was the Jewish New Year, and was duly observed by the Jews everywhere.

A German chemist at Columbus, Ohio, has discovered an anti-toxin that will kill diphtheria germs in the living human organism in three minutes.

The Canadian Government has acquiesced in the proposal of the British Government that the fisheries question be submitted to the Hague Tribunal.

A committee of prominent educationists from New York have reported that after investigation they have estimated that about one-third of the school children in the country are suffering from physical defects.

The Methodist church at Campbellford has been enlarged by the building of an alcove, which will add somewhat to the seating capacity. The ladies of the congregation will renovate the church, and purchase a new pipe organ.

An outrage worthy of the Dark Ages occurred in the town of Bellingham, Wash., when for four hours 500 white men raided the mills on the water front, where Hindus were employed, and with yells of "Drive out the Hindus!" battered down doors of lodging houses and drove 750 hungry and half-clothed persons out of the town. Four hundred more are in jail for protection, and several are in the hospital. These men are all British subjects.

A butter factory is in operation at Bancroft, under the management of Mr. George Bothwell, of Guelph. The output is from 325 to 350 pounds per week for local and export trade. The patrons all have cream separators to the number of over 80. They find it little trouble to bring in cream twice a week to what it would be handling milk at a cheese factory. Mr. Fair is president of the company and the farmers get full value for their output as the company simply deduct actual running expenses and a moderate dividend on the capital invested.

For Coughs and Colds

There is a remedy over sixty years old—Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Of course you have heard of it, probably have used it. Once in the family, it stays; the one household remedy for coughs and hard colds on the chest. Ask your doctor about it.

The best kind of a testimonial—"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufactured at SAUSAPILLA, PILLS. HAIR VIGOR.

We have no secret! We publish the formulae of all our medicines. Ayer's Pills increase the activity of the liver, and thus aid recovery.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

Marriage Licenses.

GEO. E. CHYER, Issuer,
Residence, Stirling House, Stirling.

J. S. MORTON,
OPTICIAN, GRADUATE CANADIAN
Optician, Graduate of the
University of Toronto.
Specialist in all eye troubles.
At MORTON & HARTIG'S Drug Store.

CHAS. F. WALT, D.D.S., L.D.S.
FIRST CLASS HONOR GRADUATE IN
Dentistry of the University of Toronto.
Graduate of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons,
Ontario.
Office—Over Sovereign Bank.
Open every day. Evening appointments by appointment only.

G. G. THRASHER,
SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEY-
ANCER, etc., Office in W. S. Martin's
Block, Mill Street.

L. O. L. NO. 110
Meets in Lodge Room, the first Friday
evening of each month at 8 o'clock.
—W. H. RODGERS,
Secretary.

STIRLING LODGE
NO. 230,
I. O. O. F.
Meets in the Lodge room,
Conley block,
EVERY WEDNESDAY EVENING
At 8 o'clock.
G. G. THRASHER, R. S.

SPRING BROOK MEDICAL, SURGICAL AND X-RAY INSTITUTE

SPRING BROOK, ONTARIO

R. ELGIN TOWLE, M.B., M.D.C.M.
Physician-in-charge.
Specialist in Rectal Diseases, Prostatic
Diseases of Men, Diseases of Women, Can-
cers, Tumors, X-ray examination. Dis-
eases of Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat and Lungs.
Fitting dentures and all acute and chronic
diseases. Office Hours: 12 to 3 p.m. Drug
store in connection.

GREAT DEMAND FOR HARVEST HELP

Western Farmers Want Men for Late
Harvest—C. P. R. will run Extra
Excursion.

Although several thousand men have
gone west on earlier excursions the de-
mand for harvest help still considerably
exceeds the supply, latest advices from
Winnipeg stating that farmers every-
where are short-handed. Despite rumors
of frost and short crops, there is well-
paid work in the field for all comers. A
last opportunity for laborers is offered
by the Canadian Pacific, which has
arranged to run an extra Farm Laborers'
Excursion to Winnipeg, leaving all
Ontario stations, east and west, Tues-
day, Sept. 17th. Same conditions will
apply as on earlier excursions, going
trip \$12.00; return for \$18.00 additional,
after at least one month's work harvest-
ing. Full particulars can be obtained
from C. P. R. agents and from C. B.
Foster, District Passenger Agent, Tor-
onto.

Prince Edward County Cheese

That the quality of cheese manufac-
tured in Prince Edward county is the
finest in Canada has again been demon-
strated by her winning the highest
number of prizes at Toronto Exhibition.
With a total number of ten entries,
eight prizes go to one county. The
maker winning the largest number of
prizes is Mr. J. A. Mitchell, Mountain
Grove factory. In a field of 265 entries
he won two firsts, one second, one third,
and one fourth prize. Mr. Mitchell had
a fine exhibit, the quality being largely
due to the high standard of milk fur-
nished by his patrons. The patrons of
this factory deliver the best milk going
to any factory in the county. Mr.
Mitchell was able to obtain 8,000 lbs. of
milk any morning from four patrons.
This milk was cooled by the use of ice
to 50 degrees as soon as drawn from the
cows. Then by using a pure culture
starter the rich desirable flavor which
wins prizes was installed in the cheese.
The other makers of the county de-
serve an equal amount of praise for
their efforts under more unfavorable
conditions. The present season has
been very dry in Prince Edward and it
has been hard to have the flavor of the
cheese perfect owing to the cows eating
all varieties of weeds which produce
bad flavored milk.
The syndicate prize given to the in-
structor whose cheese bore the highest
number of points goes to Dr. C. A. Pub-
low of Picton. All the cheese that won
prizes at the exhibition were cured in
cool rooms.—Ontario.

The Model School at Madoc has 22
pupils in attendance.
The date of Wooler fair has been
changed from Sept. 18th to Tuesday,
Sept. 24th.

Belleville Fair will be held on Tues-
day and Wednesday next, the 17th and
18th of September.

The new C.O.R. station at Maynooth
will be the finest on the line. It will
be built of cement blocks, and will cost
\$10,000.

The Rev. D. J. Cornish of Trinity
Episcopal Church, St. Thomas, is spend-
ing a few days at the Presbyterian manse.
Mr. Cornish addressed St. An-
drew's congregation at their mid-week
service on Wednesday evening.

Stomach troubles, heart and kidney ail-
ments can be quickly corrected with a
prescription known to druggists every-
where as Dr. Shoop's Restorative. The
prompt and surprising relief which this
remedy immediately brings is entirely due
to its restorative action upon the control-
ling nerves of the stomach, etc. A weak
stomach, causing dyspepsia, a weak heart,
with palpitation or intermittent pulse,
always means weak stomach nerves or
weak heart nerves. Strengthen these in
side or controlling nerves with Dr. Shoop's
Restorative and how quickly these ailments
disappear. Dr. Shoop's Restorative
Wills, will mail samples free. Write for
them. A test will tell. Your health is
certainly worth this simple trial. Sold by
all dealers.

ADVERTISING NOTICES.

In the local column will be charged as follows:
By Regular Advertisers.—Three lines and under,
25 cents each insertion; over three lines, 35
cents. Matter set in larger than the ordi-
nary type, 10c. per line.
By Transient Advertisers.—10c. per line each
insertion. No insertion less than 25c.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE
Trains calling at Stirling station as follows:
To Toronto West. Leave Stirling 8:20 a.m.
Mail & Ex. 8:27 a.m. Passenger 10:17 a.m.
Passenger 11:43 p.m. Mail & Ex. 2:43 p.m.

The Stirling News-Argus.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 12, 1907.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Mrs. Jas. Sarles is visiting relatives
in Kingston.

Frankford Fair will be held on Thurs-
day and Friday next, the 19th and 20th
of September.

Sixty-five pupils are now in attend-
ance at the High School, the largest
number yet enrolled.

Mrs. Jas. Vanduzen and son, of Wat-
ertown, are visiting her brother, Mr.
and Mrs. Chas. Scott.

The rain of Tuesday afternoon and
night was very welcome, as it was the
first heavy rain we have had here for
about three months.

The annual Harvest Thanksgiving ser-
vice will be held in St. Lawrence
church, 5th line of Rawdon, on Sunday,
15th inst., at 7.30. All are welcome.

WANTED.—At the Evaporator, Stir-
ling, hand-picked Crab apples.
51-11 O. VANDERVOORT.

An entertainment consisting of mov-
ing pictures, interesting views and re-
freshments will be given in the Baptist
Church, Hubble Hill, to-morrow even-
ing, Friday, Sept. 13th.

Mr. R. Piper, a student of Albert
College, very acceptably filled the pul-
pit of the Methodist Church on Sunday
last, and is expected to take charge of
the services on the coming Sunday.

There were 570 boxes of cheese offered
at the Stirling cheese board on Tuesday.
The sales were: Jas. Whitton 230, and
Mr. Cook 350,—all at 12 1/10c. The
board will meet again next Tuesday at
4 o'clock.

The entertainment in the Baptist
Church last Friday evening was at-
tended by a good number, the church
being well filled, and all were well
pleased with the programme of moving
pictures and other views.

The Coe Hill fair will be held on Fri-
day, Sept. 20th, and the Central Ontario
railway will run special trains. The
return fare from Anson is \$1.25, and
from Rawdon, Spring Brook and C. P.
R. Junction, \$1.10.

The public school re-opened on Wed-
nesday morning. The work of install-
ing the heating and ventilating system
is far enough advanced that the finish-
ing will not interfere with the carrying
on the work of teachers.

Mr. H. W. Brown, B. A., the Provin-
cial Teacher Training Secretary, of Tor-
onto, who has been the principal speaker
at a number of Ontario Sunday School
Conventions, has accepted an invitation
to occupy the pulpit of St. Andrew's
church on Sunday next. Mr. Brown is
a young man who will interest old and
young, and the public is cordially in-
vited to be present.

The new extension of the Central Ont-
ario Railway from Bancroft to May-
nooth will be officially opened for traf-
fic on Tuesday next, Sept. 17th, at which
date the new fall time-table of the Rail-
way will take effect. The morning
train will leave Trenton at 6.15 a.m.,
arriving at Bancroft at 10.30, and May-
nooth at 11.25. Leaves Maynooth at
12.10 p.m., and Bancroft at 1 o'clock,
arriving at Trenton at 5.05 p.m.

Messrs. John Sharp & Son have made
a good record in threshing, as is shown
by the following: They threshed 7,854
bushels of all kinds of grain in 6 days,
moving and setting the machine twice
each day. In one day they threshed
1,440 bushels of all kinds of grain, mov-
ing and setting the machine twice. 900
bushels of barley and oats were threshed
in four hours. Their machine is equip-
ped with a blower and feeding attach-
ment.

His Honor Judge Deroche held a sit-
ting in the town hall here on Tuesday
to hear parties in reference to the equal-
ization of the assessment for county
rates. A number of the residents of
Rawdon were summoned to give evi-
dence as to the value of their property,
after which some parties from Stirling
were heard. The case as far as Stirling
was concerned, was concluded by the
Council consenting to a twenty-five per
cent increase.

The Methodist congregation at West
Huntingdon will hold their anniver-
sary services on Sunday, Sept. 22nd,
when the Rev. S. G. Rorke, of Caniton,
will preach morning and evening. On
the following evening a Harvest Home
luncheon and entertainment will be
given, under the auspices of the Ep-
worth League and the W. M. S., for
which a good literary and musical pro-
gram has been arranged. For further
particulars see posters.

Rally of Sunday School Teachers

All Sunday School teachers and
workers are invited to unite in a short
conference with the Provincial Teacher
Training Secretary on Sunday next, at
8.45, in the lecture room of the Metho-
dist church. Teachers of all denomina-
tions and from any surrounding schools
are urged to be present.

SUDDEN DEATH OF J. EARL HALLIWELL

On Tuesday afternoon our village-
were startled by the announcement of
the sudden death of our well-known
citizen, Lieut.-Col. John Earl Halli-
well. He was attending Court of Re-
vision in the Town Hall during the
forenoon, and felt wearied, and on go-
ing home telephoned for his family
physician, Dr. H. H. Algor, to come to
him as he felt unwell. The doctor
was soon in attendance, and finding
that his heart was weak gave him
something for it, and Mr. Halliwell
partook of a light dinner, and after
wards felt considerably better, but
suddenly collapsed, and in a few mo-
ments was dead, the cause being heart
failure.

Lieut.-Col. John Earl Halliwell, was
the eldest son of the late Rev. John
Halliwell, and was born at Blackburn,
England, on July 18th, 1854, and
came to Canada with his parents when
three years old. He matriculated
from Stirling High School, afterwards
attending Trinity College, and gradu-
ated with the degree of B.A. in 1879,
and took his M.A. degree in 1903.
He taught in the Orillia High School
for two years, and then went to Belle-
ville and commenced the study of law
in the office of the late George D.
Dickson, K. C. Colonel Halliwell
early took an interest in military mat-
ters. As early as 1873 he was a mem-
ber of No. 23rd Regiment, 49th Regiment,
under the late Dr. Boulter, and while
attending Trinity, in Toronto, was a
member of the Queen's Own Rifles
then under Lieut.-Col. Otter. In 1883
he became a commissioned officer in
the 15th Regiment, Argyll Light In-
fantry, under Lieut.-Col. Lazier and
passed successfully from 2nd Lieuten-
ant to Lieutenant-Colonel of the Regi-
ment, which position he held until
August, 1906, when he was placed on
the retired list.

During the Riel Rebellion in 1885
Cool Halliwell went with the Belle-
ville contingent, which became "A"
Company of the Midland Battalion, as
Lieutenant, under the late Col. Wil-
liams. He was in command of "A"
Company at the charge at Batoche,
where he was seriously wounded. He
completed his law course, and com-
menced practice in Belleville, remain-
ing there until 1893, when he removed
to Stirling, where he resided until his
death, and had built up an extensive
practice.

Col. Halliwell was always an active
member of the Church of England.
He was warden of St. John's church,
superintendent of the Sunday School,
lay delegate to the Synod of Ontario,
representative of the Ontario Synod
for the Provincial Synod of Canada,
member of the Mission Board and of
the Executive Committee of the Dio-
cese, and representative of the Diocese
of Ontario on the Council of Trinity
University.

Col. Halliwell was Past Master of
the Stirling Masonic Lodge, Past D.
G. M. of Prince Edward District,
and Scribe E. of the Keystone Chapter
of Royal Arch Masons. He was also
Past Grand Superintendent of Prince
Edward District Royal Arch Masons,
and a member of the Executive of the
Grand Chapter of the Royal Arch
Masons of Canada. He was Past
Grand Master of the Royal Black
Knights of Ireland, Past Grand Mas-
ter of the Grand Orange Lodge of
Ontario east, and was for three years
District Deputy Grand Master of the
Ancient Order of United Workmen
for Prince Edward and Hastings. In
1896 he was Grand Overseer of the
Order for Canada, and at the time of
his death was Financier of the Stirling
Lodge, and member of the Executive
Committee of the Grand Lodge of
Canada. He was a Past N. G. and
member of Stirling Lodge, I. O. O. F.,
also member of the Oddfellows En-
campment, and member of the Order
of Humility and Perfection. He was
also a member of the I. O. F.

He served several years in the vil-
lage Council, and was reeve in 1896.
For several years past he was clerk of
the municipality.

Col. Halliwell was a staunch Con-
servative, and always took an active
interest in politics.
He was married in October, 1900,
to Letitia E., only daughter of James
Bouldrick, Esq., and besides his widow
leaves three children, two daughters
and one son to mourn their loss; also
three brothers, William Earl, Edwin
Armitage Earl, and Lawrence Earl,
and one sister, Charlotte Earl.

The funeral will take place to-mor-
row afternoon at 2.30, under the aus-
pices of the Grand Orange Lodge of
Eastern Ontario, and there will also
be a military escort. Service will be
held in St. John's church.

There are 153 municipalities in the
Province of Ontario in which local
option by-laws are in force, and in all
of which the law is working well.
There are 138 other municipalities in
which no licenses are granted. Alto-
gether in the Province of Ontario there
are 286 municipalities without the legal-
ized sale of liquor. The temperance
people propose to add another hundred
to the number at the ensuing municipal
elections.

Village Council.

A special meeting of the Council was
held in the council chamber on Monday
evening. The members were all pres-
ent.

The following accounts were read,
and on motion ordered to be paid:

Jas. W. Cummings, cement walk, \$255.83
J. S. Spence, services as
Medical Health Officer, 2.00

Mr. T. H. McKee addressed the Coun-
cil on the subject of water in his cellar
on the north side of Front street. The
street committee were instructed to in-
vestigate and take necessary action.

Mr. Haight gave notice that he would
introduce a by-law for licensing vendors
of fresh meat in the corporation at the
next meeting of Council.

The Clerk was instructed to draw a
lease of the east part of St. James street
to J. W. Haight, for \$2.00 a year for 5
years.
Council adjourned.

Pain anywhere, pain in the head, pain-
ful periods, neuralgia, toothache, all pains
can be promptly stopped by a thoroughly
safe little pink Candy Tablet, known by
druggists everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Head-
ache Tablets. Pain simply means conges-
tion—undue blood pressure at the point
where pain exists. Dr. Shoop's Headache
Tablets quickly equalize this unnatural
blood pressure, and pain immediately de-
parts. Write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis.,
and get a free trial package. Large box
25 cts., at all dealers.

Auction Sale

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 18.—On Lot 23, con-
9, Sidney, the farm stock and implements
belonging to Mr. John N. McCutcheon.
Sale at one o'clock, p.m. Wm. Rodgers,
auctioneer.

Deaths.

HALLIWELL.—In Stirling, on Tuesday, Sept.
10th, J. Earl Halliwell, aged 53 years and 2
months.

Farm to Rent

Consisting of 200 acres, being the east
half of Lot 17 and west half of Lot 18, in
the 9th Concession of Rawdon, about two
miles west of Spring Brook. Good frame
house and new barn, and well watered.
For further particulars apply to
MRS. JOHN HEAGLE,
Spring Brook.

Farms for Sale

Twenty-five acres, being part of Lot 16,
Concession 7, Sidney.
Eighty-three acres, being part of Lot 17,
Concession 9, Sidney.
One hundred acres, being part of Lot 20,
Concession 2, Rawdon.
Two hundred acres, Lot 10, 2nd Conces-
sion, Seymour.
For further particulars apply to FRANK
SCOTT, Stirling, JOHN RICHARDSON, Stir-
ling, or the undersigned,
G. G. THRASHER.

Notice to Creditors

In the Matter of the Estate of John A. French,
late of the Village of Stirling, in the Coun-
ty of Hastings, Agent, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given in pursuance of the
Revised Statutes of Ontario, chapter 121, sec-
tion 38, that all creditors and others having
claims against the estate of J. A. French, who
died on or about the 22nd day of August, 1907,
are required on or before the 5th day of Octo-
ber, 1907, to send by post, prepaid, to the
undersigned, their claims, or to deliver them
to John Richardson, of the township of Rawdon,
or Oakley Vandervoort, of the township of
Sidney, Stirling post-office, Executors of the
last will and testament of said deceased, or
their solicitor, as hereunder, Stirling, post-
office, their claims, and to furnish them with
descriptions, and full particulars of their
claims, a statement of their accounts and
the nature of the securities, if any, held
by them, verified by affidavit.
And further notice is given that after such
last mentioned date the said Executors will
proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased
among the parties entitled thereto, having re-
served only to the claims which they shall have
notice, and that the said Executors will not
be liable for said assets or any part thereof to
any person or persons of whose claims notice
shall not have been received by them at the
time of such distribution.
And notice is further given that all persons
indebted to said deceased in any way must
pay the amount of their indebtedness to said
Executors, or their solicitor, as hereunder.
G. G. THRASHER, Solicitor,
Stirling, Ont.
51-4

Wanted

Peeling Apples and Cider Apples wanted
at the Evaporator, Stirling. Highest price
paid.
O. VANDERVOORT.

Mortgage Sale

The west one-quarter of lot number
Eight, in the Twelfth concession of the
township of Huntingdon, will be offered
for sale by public auction at the Stirling
House in Stirling, on Tuesday, September
24th, 1907, at 2 o'clock p.m.
For further particulars see posters, or
apply to
J. EARL HALLIWELL,
Vendor's Solicitor at Stirling.
WM. RODGERS, Auctioneer.

Farm for Sale

The north half of Lot 24, in the 3rd Con-
cession, and the south-east quarter of Lot
24, in 4th Concession of Rawdon, contain-
ing 175 acres, more or less. Two houses,
one frame and the other hollow block
cement. Two barns, one on each lot, one
with cement floor in stables and well in
barn with windmill for pumping water.
Also good drive house and hog pen. About
twenty acres of good hardwood. A never-
failing stream running through both lots.
For terms and further particulars apply to
A. PARKS,
Hoard's Station.

The Albert

Business College

and School of Finance

(In Albert College, Belleville, Ont.)

Is now the leading Canadian School of
Practical Education.

Attendance Doubled in Last Three Years

\$40 pays board, tuition, room, electric
light, use of baths, gymnasium,—all but
books and laundry, for a term of ten weeks
—longer period at the same rate. \$25 pays
tuition alone for the entire scholastic year.

A staff of experienced specialists gives
individual instruction in five distinct
courses.—An evening class FREE for all
registered students in this department.
Graduates holding best positions. Grad-
uates prepared yearly for the examinations
held by the Institute of Chartered Ac-
countants of Ontario, and teachers for
Commercial Specialists.

For particulars and illustrated calendar,
address,
PRINCIPAL DYER, M.A., D.D.,
Belleville, Ont.

MEAT SHOP

Under new management. The business
formerly carried on by A. H. Searcy, is
now changed to

SEELEY & HATTON

We are prepared to supply the public
with first-class Meats of all kinds at low
est cash prices.

SEELEY & HATTON.

Strayed

Came into the premises of the subscriber
about the 1st of July last, a spring calf.
The owner is requested to prove property,
pay charges, and take it away.

NATHAN REGGLEN,
Lot 20, 9th Con. Sidney.

Flour Sale

FOR

One Week Only

Will offer a Special

Price on the differ-

ent grades of Flour.

S. HOLDEN,
Groceries, Crockery, Flour, Feed, etc.

Stirling's Cash Store

The one price to all—all the time

New Dress Goods

We have just placed in stock our
new Dress Goods for fall and
winter wear. These include all
the latest materials in Fancy
Checks, Plaids and Stripes, from
...25 cts. to \$1.50 per yd.

New Silk Blouses

From \$1.98 to \$7.50 each. See the
special values we show, regular
\$2.50 each, sale price.... \$1.98

New Flannelettes

In stripes and plain shades of Pink,
White, Cream, Cardinal and
Grey, from .8 cts. to 17 cts.

New Wrapperettes

Extra value at 10c., 12c., 15c. and
18c. yard.

LADIES' & MISSES' NEW FALL COATS

RODGERS' GARMENTS

HAVE NO EQUAL.

Every Garment guaran-
teed to be

CORRECT STYLE

Prices from \$2.25 to \$18

Produce taken in exchange for goods or for cash. PHONE NO. 29.

G. W. ANDERSON.

Just received our Fall Shipment of

Men's Patent Colt Bluchers

They are beauties. We guarantee them to give satisfaction.

Also see our—

Men's Box Calf Bluchers

Leather lined, Dry-foot Soles.

STRONG BOOTS FOR MEN & BOYS

\$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00, \$3.50.

Ask to see our—

Women's & Misses' Waterproof Calf Boots

We are still

Headquarters for Hand-made Boots

Leave your order now and be prepared for wet weather. Shoes neatly
repaired.

J. W. BROWN

RELIABLE BOOT & SHOE MERCHANT

Butter and Eggs taken in exchange.

Farm for Sale

The southeast quarter of lot 7 in the 5th
con. of Rawdon, containing fifty acres.
Good house and barn, and never-failing
well. A small orchard and about four
acres of wood land. For terms and further
particulars apply to
JAMES WRIGHT,
Minto, P.O.

Farm for Sale

or To Let

The north half of Lot 24, in the

WAR IS A COMIC OPERA

WHEN SULTAN AB DEL AZIZ TAKES THE FIELD.

Money is a Consideration, But the Friendly Natives Have to Put Up the Cash.

It is little wonder the Sultan laughed when the Moorish Sultan, Moulai Ab del Aziz IV, begged them to leave to him the chastising of the tribesmen, outside Casablanca. For his Sherifian Majesty's military methods, while unquestionably magnificent, are decidedly not war.

For one thing, money has been lacking. To-day all that is available for the imperial treasury is whatever may be left of the customs revenue after the French have taken their 50 per cent. And even such a remnant is in large measure stolen by the native administrators in all the ports between Tangier and Mogador.

Formerly when the Moorish Sultan needed money he merely sent his demands to all his Kirdi or provincial Governors, from the Rift coast to the mysterious and little known seas coming in the great Atlas. Of late years the Sultan's tax gatherers, far from returning with a rich harvest, have been grievously maltreated. Some of them have never come back, and those who followed in their footsteps were checked to bleed at the very gates of the great cities in the hills. Clearly, then, the Sultan is obliged to go forth pretty often to chastise the rebellious tribes. And since the imperial army is a mere rabble of adventurers, that live by looting, a few volunteers is the first step in the formation of a mahalla or expeditionary force.

FEDERAL SYSTEM IN VOGUE.

Each federal lord is required to furnish some hundred horse men, and as a result perhaps 50,000 warriors of all grades are assembled in a vast tented camp on the hills outside the walls of Fez. Among them young lords and tribes that have been friendly to the Sultan for the moment to sink private quarrels in view of the lot to come when castles, villages and even walled cities shall be sacked by the Lord of the World.

The strange thing is the absence of hurry. "These are the days of the devil," says the Moorish proverb. Two years ago, when Morocco's finances were in a desperate state, and a swift move on the Bahama rebels was imperatively necessary, Ad del Aziz waited fully two months at Rabat to witness the arrival of a Constantinople of some Cossack regiments he had bought for his arena at a large sum of \$15,000.

The moral effect exerted by the mere idea of the Sultan on the warpath is supposed to strike terror into the fiercest tribes. "We have the Sultan's word," say the tribes, "and the mandate of the Maghzen, or Cabinet, goes little further than the walls of Fez."

For this reason a serious rebellion or inter-tribal fight may last for months before the Sultan's mahalla takes the field to restore order. That a my is supposed to have a sprinkling of French, Italian or Spanish officers under Knid Sir Harrold Moberg, but these are quite helpless in the face of the lawless hordes nominally under their command.

Years ago batteries of quick-firing guns were ordered by the Sultan's British Commander-in-Chief from Krupp's and Armstrong's. These weapons have been described as being fit only for a museum. The small machine guns, and fifteen-pounders are hopelessly rusty, and their branches jammed. The only object in taking them along at all is that the Sultan fancy they add a new and mysterious dignity to his moral force.

Magnificent indeed is the sight when at length the thousands of tents are struck and packed upon camels and mules, and the army moves forward by easy stages, led by the Sultan, perhaps in a day, with long halts for rest and prayer. It is the Sultan's comfort which must be considered rather than the expedition's success.

HAREM IN THE FIELD.

Over a hundred ladies of the imperial harem travel with the army. When camp was struck the chief eunuchs were seen well ahead, mounted and driving a flock of mules, on each of which is balanced uneasily a shapely bundle of snow white wool and silk. There are the ladies of Moulai Ab del Aziz, and not a man of the mahalla may mount until they are an hour or two ahead.

But it is the absurd arrangements at the next halting place are more so. First of all high dignitaries seek for a likely site for the imperial encampment. In the Bible, it must be a high place, where the rest camp in the valley below.

The halting place, the next point is to locate the camels and mules bearing different sections of the vast white tent and crimson kumhar, or imperial napier. To find these tents and mules, there is a matter of time.

Meanwhile, dozens of official princes and high court officials have gathered around the tent ropes of the Sultan's temporary abode. And however long the construction of this may take, not a soul in the entire army may attempt to pitch camp until, with cries of "Allah" and "Allah," the big golden tents are strung, the central peak of the harem is raised on high.

One Sultan's approach camp is a vast tent, the roof of which is made of a material of a different color from the rest of the same material. And it is death to approach, whether through ignorance or mere curiosity. On a hill close by are the tents of the Sultan's harem, the Sultan's harem, the Sultan's harem.

All settled down as though on a plateau, the tent. Even the most despairing appeals for aid from a beleaguered city full of loyal subjects are disregarded or waved aside with a placid "Wait and we will see what we can do for you."

SET OF MODERN SHYLOCKS

HELPLESS VICTIMS OF ENGLISH MONEY-LENDERS.

League Find Out How Poor People are Done Out of Hard Earned Money.

Some time ago the Rev. Herbert Williams, of St. John's Clergy House, Tottenham, S.E., was instrumental in founding "The London Moneylenders' Victims' Relief Association," of which he is hon. sec. This was the outcome of a wide knowledge of the misery caused in the poorer districts of London by the activities of moneylenders.

Some accounts of the efforts he is making in behalf of these helpless victims has already appeared in "Lloyd's," and how necessary such efforts are is shown by the following letter from Mr. Williams, has written to us:—

"I have collected our work for the poor victims of Shylocks has brought me many letters, and I have been able to help some of them to get out of their clutches. Will you allow me to say that we are anxious for three things to be done:—

"1. That all who have suffered from moneylenders should write and lay their cases before their own Member of Parliament.

"2. That all advertisements of moneylenders be sent to us.

"3. That all who can contribute anything should send to our association, so that we may help the helpless, and bring pressure to bear upon the Government to amend the Act.

Living, as Mr. Williams does, in a very poor neighborhood, he is acquainted with many small cases of injustice—cases in which people who had borrowed money and repaid more than the original amount were still saddled with a debt almost equal to it. He can cite almost numberless cases.

SWINDLED A WIDOW.

A poor widow, living in the East-end borrowed £20 on a bill of sale. Repayments to the amount of £32 6s. 3d. have been made, and proceedings are now threatened to recover the "balance," amounting to £20 10s. 6d. A man from Essex was compelled to borrow £20 on his furniture. After paying £20 in instalments he offered £2 in settlement. This was refused and his home was sold up.

Many borrowers are so ignorant of business matters that they are astonished when told that they have signed an agreement to pay 8 1/2 per cent. This is a common figure, as it is the custom of many lenders to lend £12 on the basis of twelve monthly instalments of 3s. What is not apparent to some people in this transaction is that, while the repayments diminish the amount of the loan, interest is paid on the whole amount, and more than the whole amount, to the end of the transaction.

In the East-end of London it is not unusual for a person to borrow a shilling, or even sixpence, from a professional moneylender. The usual rate of interest is one penny per shilling per week, or over 400 per cent. per annum.

DOG AGENTS FOR CHARITY.

Some Railroad Animals Collect \$200 in a Year.

Among the different funds established by the Great Western Railway Company of England for the benefit of their employees, the "widows' and orphans' fund" has become famous for the traveling fund of the company's collecting dogs. The sum collected by the dogs amounts to between £200 and £300 per annum, and provides enough to meet the assistance given by the institution to about 25 widows out of about 1,500 who are dependent on the fund. Some of the dogs earn as much as £30 or £40 a year, others are not so successful. A great deal depends upon the characteristics of the animal and much upon the way in which it is trained. The most famous of the Great Western Railway collecting dogs, says the Great Western Railway Magazine, was undoubtedly Tim of Paddington, which collected at that station for a number of years. He has been dead a few years now, but his preserved remains are to be seen in a glass case on the principal departure platform, where he continues to appeal to the public on behalf of the widows and orphans. In May, 1900, he was by special command of the late Queen Victoria honored by a presentation to her Majesty at Paddington Station, and in July, 1901, he was similarly honored by presentation to his Majesty King Edward VII. He has earned for the fund considerably more than £1,000.

Another collecting dog—Jim—was brought to Slough Station when a few weeks old. He was like a ball of wool and could be put into one's pocket. He was very carefully trained. The first thing taught him was to get over the steps of the footbridge, and he never afterward crossed the metals. He was named collecting when about four months old. After a time he was taught to bark when he received a coin, which little recognition caused a great deal of amusement to his numerous patrons.

One Sunday a hospital parade was organized at Slough, and Jim was taken there to collect. When his boxes were opened they were found to contain 365 coins. Considering that he gave a bark for each coin, the must be regarded as a good afternoon's work. He died suddenly in his home in 1896 and was afterwards placed in a glass case on the principal departure platform, where he continues to appeal to the public on behalf of the widows and orphans.

All settled down as though on a plateau, the tent. Even the most despairing appeals for aid from a beleaguered city full of loyal subjects are disregarded or waved aside with a placid "Wait and we will see what we can do for you."

War is a comic opera. Money is a consideration, but the friendly natives have to put up the cash. It is little wonder the Sultan laughed when the Moorish Sultan, Moulai Ab del Aziz IV, begged them to leave to him the chastising of the tribesmen, outside Casablanca. For his Sherifian Majesty's military methods, while unquestionably magnificent, are decidedly not war.

THEY INCUBATE 'GATORS

ALLIGATOR FARM NEAR HOT SPRINGS, ARKANSAS.

Quincy, Ill., Manufactures Incubators—Alligator Raising is Profitable.

Quincy, Ill., has achieved a good deal of fame as a manufacturer of incubators. The chicken incubator is the oldest of all, and from the first invention these followed the manufacture of instruments to hatch out birds of every description.

But the strangest incubator of all is the alligator incubator, says the Clinton (Iowa) Journal. The industry of alligator raising has grown to a science within the last few years, and one or two very extensive farms are being operated in the South.

The most successful of these is that of the Arkansas alligator farm near Hot Springs, Ark., which raises the animals for the market on a large scale. About 1,500 young alligators are raised each year, and from this supply the menageries and zoos of the country are stocked.

INVENTION NEEDED.

The chief profit from the business arises from the sales of the young alligators. These are sold for pet and for sale, and not, as usually supposed, for the sale of their skins for ornamental leather work.

With the saurians raised in such large numbers every year advanced methods of incubation had to be invented, and as in the poultry business the invention was long delayed. As the incubator took the place of the mother hen, so the artificial hatcher superseded the female alligator as a mother of her young.

When the need of some more expeditious method of hatching alligators began to become urgent an incubator was made particularly for raising the brood of the inhabitants of the southern bayous. The machine was somewhat larger than the ordinary chicken hatchery.

USUALLY A SUCCESS.

The eggs are placed in the trays as in any incubator, and when the young are hatched the wriggling mass presents a curious sight. The eggs are covered with straw, which is moistened every day. The temperature is maintained at 80 degrees till the eggs are hatched.

The little animals are nursed in the brooder for several days before being turned out into the babies' enclosure. It is claimed by the operators of the farms that the introduction of artificial methods has appreciably reduced all uncertainty in hatching.

The percentage of eggs which fail to incubate is very small, and as the eggs are worth \$5 a dozen it is seen that any improved method of incubation which reduces the loss of eggs, which do not hatch, is of immense value to the alligator raiser.

METALS RETURN TO THEIR ONES.

Industrial Implements of To-day May Furnish Raw Material for To-morrow.

An interesting study of metals has been published by a German physicist, J. Dittler, and therein the writer propounds a very difficult and interesting query as to what becomes of the metals. As is well known, the majority of pure metals are a very unstable substance. By the expenditure of energy other chemical elements which were originally amalgamated with the ores were liberated, leaving the pure metal behind, but these released chemical agencies are constantly awaiting the opportunity to re-enter the combination. The question then arises, what becomes of the metal?

Professor Dittler asserts that the oxides are finally transformed again into ores and ultimately collect in the earth to be dug up again at some future time. A metal when extracted from its ore is always subjected to the action of a large number of alternative forces under which influence its weight diminishes little by little, until the metal disappears altogether. Its life may not short, or it may be extremely long, but it returns at last to the earth whence it came. It is to be noted that in most cases it even reassumes the form in which it was first found as an ore.

Iron or tin, which we extract, generally from other oxides, are destroyed on oxidation. The principal sources of copper are oxides and sulphides, and this metal disappears chiefly by oxidation or sulphuration. Silver, which we find in the form of simple or complex sulphides, is changed back into sulphide with great ease, and lead, whose principal alteration products are the sulphide and the oxide, is fed chiefly in the form of galena and cerussite.

Gold and platinum, which are rarely found other than pure, and which are only slightly alterable under the most diverse influences disappear by friction and mechanical action.

Thus the masses of metals prepared industrially disappear little by little and their remains are scattered as dust that mingle with the other elements of the soil. Then they meet with other saline substances and with water, which dissolve and mineralize them, causing them to enter into the cycle of operations that is going in the interior of the globe. The water circulates in the cavities of the earth's crust, and apparently they take part in the reconstruction of minerals which in the course of their life with new metals deposits to be exploited by the industries of a distant future.

SEVEN AGES OF MAN.

1. Rock age; The infant.
2. Copper age; The kid.
3. Brass age; The adolescent period.
4. Iron age; Sad and old for the wife.
5. Steel or steel age; The trust age.
6. Silver age; Small change.
7. Golden age; Death always precedes M. Bohemian.

The expert who said that singing makes us healthy and happy hasn't heard some of our friends sing.

YANKEES VISIT LONDON

SUMMER OF 1907 HAS BEEN A RECORD SEASON.

From 60,000 to 80,000 Americans Have Visited London Since May.

A dimly wet summer and save for a very brief period a dull season has had in the eyes of Londoners one redeeming feature.

It has been a record American season. Estimates of the number of Americans who have visited London since May vary from 60,000 to 80,000.

One writer calculates that Americans this year have spent \$7,500,000 in London. At one of the largest hotels, which has housed 6,000 Americans since March, the average bill of such has been \$250. There are at least five hotels which can give similar figures.

PICKPOCKETS HAPPY.

But London has not been favored by spenders alone. It has been a good season for those gangs of gruffers, card sharps, of whom less than half regard it as their Mecca. In the spring their jewelry is in vogue and their pockets are empty. Now they are wearing diamonds and carrying gold bars.

Card sharps have been unusually successful. Numerous new recruits have sprung up like mushrooms, and the season has been so profitable that, where two or three were once considered sufficient for a season, this year gangs of five and six, and even seven are necessary to make a thorough clean.

During one off-week a North American reporter saw twenty-five of these were old-timers. The German boys have been the principal scene of activity, and the hauls have been large. The old games have been worked without discovery.

On a recent steamer just before reaching Plymouth, two card sharps met in the smoking room in the presence of their victims. One said: "Let's divide now; to biases with these guys." And divide they did. None of the victims even made a squeal.

A FAMOUS SINGER.

Caruso, the Great Italian Tenor, Earns \$180,000 a Year.

In the past very large fees have been paid to celebrated vocalists, the "record" hitherto being, it is said, the \$5,000 cheque handed nightly to Adelina Patti by Colonel Macfarlane, during the prima donna's engagement at the Metropolitan Opera House in New York. Christine Nilsson received \$2,000 nightly; Marcella Sembrich, \$1,500; Campanini, \$1,000; and Mme. Scalchi, \$1,000.

The great rival of Patti, Mrs. Frezzolini, a generous and romantic-souled woman, born by some mistake of Nature in the most material of all the centuries, would never accept more than \$300 a night. In this respect La Frezzolini resembled the painter who, when at the height of his renown, never sold a picture for more than \$1,000, declaring that "a piece of colored canvas cannot possibly be worth more."

However, his may be, even Patti's fees have been surpassed to-day. And by whom, think you? By a man, a tenor, Enrico Caruso, "the divine," who comes forward to the footlights, sings his little song, and so, in his lean years, makes a minimum income of \$180,000! Alone among professional performers does Paderewski, with his annual average of \$150,000, come anywhere near this.

The greatest tenor of the day is a big, jovial fellow, absolutely free from all pretence of unnecessary self-importance, who will tell you about his modest origin without the least pride. Lend ear, all ye other insupportable warblers! Like ordinary mortals, Caruso wears delicate collars, never puts a silk handkerchief round his neck nor flies to even the slightest cold, and he eschews the omnipresent cigarette. He smokes after dinner, between two songs, and night and morning.

At ten years of age Caruso was a choir boy, a humble function which he filled for eight years. Later on he worked in an engineer's shop, and afterwards became a position in the service of the Grand Duke of Tuscany, where he was a massive scale over to become a first-rate horseman, and very soon we find him singing in the Italian theatres, his true vocation, for a modest monthly wage. When he appeared at Naples, his native town, he was in a trice carried to the pinnacle of fame. At Florence Caruso has had a splendid success, all the places of which he himself designed, for, in addition to being a singer of such extraordinary powers, he possesses a very pretty talent for drawing, and can turn out caricatures and sketches of his friends with a facility and briot that many a man who makes a living, and a good living, with pen or pencil, might strive in vain to surpass. The tenor has two sons; the younger, Enrico, seven years of age, is already threatening to surpass his father, whose sternest critic he is. Some time ago Caruso, for singing four songs for a phonograph manufacturer, received the most little of \$250, in addition to a big royalty on every cylinder sold.

MISFITS.

"How is it a smart-looking chap like you never married?" "Well, you see, when I was quite young I resolved I would never marry until I found an ideal woman. After many years I found one."

"Well, what then?"

"She was looking for an ideal man."

COMPARISONS.

"Human sympathy," remarked the home-grown philosopher, "reminds me of the only strawberry box I ever saw."

"What's the answer?" queried the very young man.

"The bottom of it is very near the top," answered the philosopher dispassionately.

AN AUSTRALIAN DELICACY

PASSION FRUIT APPEALS TO ALL VISITORS.

How It is Eaten—Will Not Stand Sea Voyage—Very Cheap in Australia.

"Plum!" I asked as the steward handed me a dish heaped up with dark purple globes. "No, sir, passion fruit," replied the steward, I glanced quickly at my watch, an Australian said, "Don't you know passion fruit?" "Then this is one of the great days of your life!" "How many passion fruit must I take to make it really great?" I asked. "Well, say half a dozen, and then the steward had better put the plate out of your reach, for after you have tasted one you will want to take the rest."

So I helped myself to half a dozen, wrote a Sydney correspondent of the London Daily Telegraph, and found that the dark purple skin which had suggested plums at first sight was in reality a red skin. Then, limiting my fair instructions, I cut the top off with a knife as if one were performing a similar operation on an egg, and I had in hand a natural cup filled with a GREENISH YELLOW PULP.

In which were a number of flatish circular seeds. "And now?" I queried. "Well, there are lots of ways of eating passion fruit," she said, "but you had better start with them as nature put them in your spoon and begin and tell me what it is like." With some feeling of the emotion of an explorer entering upon a new country I put the luscious spoonful to my mouth, closed my eyes, and tasted rapturously.

This introduction to passion fruit took place on a liner on the Australian coast. The question I immediately put to myself was: "Why have we not this delicious fruit in England?" I made inquiries and I was informed that it would not stand the sea voyage. I was further told an anecdote to the effect that Queen Victoria had a great desire to taste all the fruits of her empire, and that her wish had been gratified to the story, was denied to his sovereign, for in the Orlovka has been sent to England a consignment of passion fruit, with a view to testing the possibilities of trade. And if the venture proves satisfactory I will take upon myself to prophesy that in the course of a year or two the London public will be readily able to procure

THIS CHARMING FRUIT.

and that in a year or two longer the cooler will be selling it from his barrow. In Australia passion fruit is very cheap. I have myself bought them at twelve a penny, though these were not good in quality. Nevertheless six a penny is a common price, and at four a penny one can buy first-class passion fruit in most of the towns of Australia. Now this is a trade which has been very little worked up. If there were a large export demand it can hardly be doubted that passion fruit could be grown exceedingly cheaply.

New South Wales passion fruit appears to be obtainable all the year around, though in the winter months they are less plentiful and more expensive—up to 6d. a dozen. The winter supply probably comes from North Queensland or Fiji. In summer, of course, the fruit would be most plentiful in England. On a sultry day nothing can be more refreshing than some passion fruit. It has usually a slightly acid taste, so that most people prefer to eat it with powdered sugar. Epicures say that it is best with a little port wine put in the fruit before it is consumed. It is a most effective way of consuming it. Half a dozen passion fruit emptied on a plate and mixed with sugar and cream make a dish for a gourmet.

WORLD'S WHEAT CROP.

Estimate Makes It 288,270,000 Bushels Less Than Last Year.

The official estimates from Budapest of the world's production of wheat in 1907 gives the grand total at between 3,100,330,000 and 3,205,550,000 bushels. By countries the amounts in bushels are as follows:

Great Britain	52,250,000
France	348,330,000
Germany	122,830,000
Austria	52,250,000
Italy	181,500,000
Denmark	5,080,000
Sweden	4,180,000
Switzerland	13,380,000
Belgium	4,400,000
Netherlands	5,870,000
Norway	200,000
Spain	110,000,000
Portugal	8,800,000
Greece	8,070,000
Japan (including Korea)	13,600,000
China (including Manchuria)	130,000,000
India and Ceylon	2,270,000
Russia and European Asia	3,500,000
Ukraine	33,170,000
Belgium and East India	11,000,000
Siam	17,670,000
Turkey, European Asia	7,670,000
East India	311,000,000
United States	611,000,000
Canada	33,500,000
Argentina	159,500,000
Chile	16,130,000
Uruguay	8,250,000
Australia	73,500,000
Algeria	611,000,000
Tunis	6,250,000
Mexico	4,400,000
Japan	16,500,000
Peru	29,800,000

Reports from South Africa, Paraguay and Brazil have not yet arrived. The crop is 288,270,000 bushels less than last year.

IN MERRY OLD ENGLAND

NEWS BY MAIL ABOUT JOHN BULL AND HIS PEOPLE.

Occurrences in the Land That Rides Supreme in the Continental World.

On board a barge off Lambeth the skipper's wife has given birth to triplets, two boys and a girl.

During the hearing of a police court case at Lambeth a man was stated to have spent 23s. a day in drink.

On its working class dwellings the London City Corporation, states a return, earned last year a net profit of £125 12s. 2d.

A request to remove a dead mouse from near her premises has been received from a St. Asaph lady by the local sanitary inspector.

English Quakers will send over 200 delegates to the Quaker convention which held one in their own meets this year at Richmond, Ind., U. S. A.

Owing to the heavy rain, beekeepers in Cornwall who have made £20 per year by means of honey have this season only realized £2 and 23.

Burglars who broke into Horner Oak post-office and stole a number of postal orders tied towels round their feet in order to dodge the sound.

A herd of 300 tame reindeer for Labrador has been ordered from Liphard by Dr. Wilfred Greulich, who has chartered a steamer for their conveyance.

The father of the child born on the summit of Snowdon has asked the Archbishop of Wales to select a name and to christen it at a public open-air service.

From blood poisoning contracted while performing an operation to a pricked finger, Major Fullerton, of the Indian Medical Service, has just died at Lucknow.

To maintain her two dogs, Borey and Ruffie, two bottles of £40 per annum have been left by Dame McKenna, of Waverford, widow of Sir Joseph McKenna.

While on his honeymoon at Scarborough, a man named Plims, butler to Lord Carrington, was seized with a fit while walking with his wife and expired.

Riding a bicycle after a hearty meal was stated at a Romford inquest to have caused the death of George Quinlan, whose heart was twice its normal size.

One of three schoolboys charged at Marlborough Street Police Court with an ingenious robbery from automatic sweat machines confessed to the name of Stefano Alessandro Johann Ambrogio Fernago.

In order to prevent black smoke issuing from Blackburn factory chimneys, mirrors are being fixed up in the boiler sheds, by means of which the firemen have the chimney brought within their view.

Found unconscious on the beach at South Shields, where he had been left by the retreating tide, a bather recovered from a concussion and was rushed to his home after artificial respiration had been applied to him for three hours.

Of fifty horse cokes consigned from Holland to Mr. Charles Hall, of 52 George Lane, Lewisham, thirty were found to contain each a cardboard tube with fourteen cigars. For evasion of the duty payable on cigars, Mr. Hall was at Greenwich fined £50, with five guineas costs.

DECLINE IN TIUANCY.

Due to the Attractiveness of School Life It is Said.

Truancy as a schoolboy delight is declining, says a London paper. The reports of the school attendance officer show that in some districts the wildest element is being attracted to the school. An acquaintance has been formed that this state of affairs is due to the attractiveness of public elementary school life. The 15s. increase in the fine for non-attendance also compels parents to keep a sharper eye on their children.

"I should not like to say that the tramp is as extinct as the dodo," said an official of the divisional office, but there has been of recent years a great falling off in the number of boys and girls who prefer the noisy streets to the safer attractions of the schools and playgrounds. Nothing was more noticeable to truancy than the fashion of the doctrine of keeping the child's nose to the grindstone all day long. The new policy of giving free meals and introducing sports and pastimes into school hours has worked wonders among the children. For instance, a boy wants to swim does not play truant in order to have a dip in the Surrey Canal, and he is taken to the public baths and enjoys his swim along with his schoolmates. Then the annual sports in Southwark Park are a great factor in welding the bonds of school life."

As a proof of our representative quackery a group of boys who were playing in the gutter in the Old Kent-road, it is a far cry to Southwark Park for the little fellows, and they all confessed that they would sooner be back in school and in the play ground than playing about in the streets a view which doubtless coincided with that of their parents.

CUTTING.

The morning was an auspicious one for the new barber, for it marked the first time that the barbers' union had been able to hold a meeting in the barbers' hall. The first customer he made the usual inquiry: "Baz or right, sir?" "My good man," said the customer, "you had better not cut my hair, I should have known there was a reason for my face."

The tonsorial artist smiled delightedly. "Here was a good man, indeed. 'Thank you, sir,' said the customer, 'I should have known there was a reason for my face.'"

"Thank you, sir," said the customer, "I should have known there was a reason for my face." "No," added the customer, reflectively, "I should have known there was a reason for my face."

THRESHERS' SUPPLIES

Asbestos Packing --

"British Navy,"--the best on the market to-day.

Threshers' Mitts --

All kinds and prices.

Lace Leather --

Highest quality.

Red Engine Oil --

A high grade Machine Oil.

White Cotton Waste --

Of superior quality.

Give us a call. We can supply your wants in this line.

HENRY WARREN & SON
Hardware Phone 25

HURRAH FOR SCHOOL!

Get the Boys and Girls Booted for School.

Boots for little Boys and Girls, strong ones, 50 cts. up.

Boys' Grain extra strong and soled, from \$1.00 up.

Girls' School Boots, no better boot on the market, from \$1.00.

Girls' Box Calf Bais, neat and excellent for wear, \$1.25 up.

Don't fail to call and see our lines before purchasing.

Big Discount this Month on all Summer Shoes

OUR RELIABLE HAND-MADE BOOTS

We use only the best leather money can buy; made up in the most substantial manner. Every pair guaranteed. Come and leave us your measure.

If you want your dollars to go farthest, call on

CEO. E. REYNOLDS,
SHOE KING.

Butter and Eggs taken in exchange.

The Largest Print Mills

Turns Out 600 Miles of Cloth Daily

Fall River, Mass., is a cosmopolitan city. There are more English, Irish and French than there are Americans among the inhabitants. The French number 30,000, the Irish 25,000, the English 16,000, the Americans 15,000, Hebrews 6,000, Portuguese 5,000, and the remainder are Italians, Russians, Poles, Hungarians, Greeks and almost every other nation on earth is represented. Of the 32,000 operatives in the mills more than 70 per cent are foreigners. The most conspicuous and interesting of the 72 industrial plants is the American print works, said to be the largest in the world. Its output of calicoes is said to exceed in yards that of all other factories in America or Europe. An ingenious advertiser has figured out that its product is more than 600 miles of cloth a day, 8,600 miles a week, and 187,000 miles a year.

He shows that if the fastest locomotive in the world should start out with a piece of cloth hitched to its tender and run around the world it could not keep up the slack. Every two years the mill turns out enough printed wash fabrics to reach the moon, with a sufficient quantity left to tie a band around the earth with a double bow tie knot 4,000 miles long.

The reason why all the industry is concentrated at Fall River is because of the remarkable water power derived from a small stream only about eight miles long, the outflow of a chain of ponds lying east of the city, which are supplied by perennial springs of great force.

Paris physicians have advanced the theory that houses occupied by cancer patients become infected with the disease.

A federation of all the Free churches of Great Britain and her dominions beyond the seas in the work set himself by the Rev. F. B. Meyer.

Heart Strength

Heart Strength, or Heart Weakness, means Nerve Strength, or Nerve Weakness--nothing more. Potently, but not weakly, is a hundred is, in it, hidden the little nerve that really is all at fault. It is almost always the cause of all the trouble. It is almost always the cause of all the trouble. It is almost always the cause of all the trouble.

Dr. Shoop's Restorative

"ALL DEALERS"

YOUR TRUE COMMUTER.

He Must Be by Nature a Man Who Takes to Routine.

Your true commuter must be by nature a man who takes to routine. There are some who have committed for a quarter century or more and yet have not acquired the trick and never will. They are the ones who write letters to the newspapers, airing their grievances against the countless railroad corporations. They are not born commuters. They have had commutation thrust upon them. But many really enjoy the life of the commuter. They like the clocklike regularity. They like the pleasant social aspect of the early morning trip to town, the neighborly interest in one another's affairs, the ample time for reading the newspapers, which numerous city residents miss by not being obliged to get an early start. They look forward to the pleasant relaxation of the whistle game on the way home, with head on one side to keep the smoke out of their eyes. Some of them even say that they enjoy being awakened early in the morning.

In time all who work in New York will come to it. Meanwhile, for the man with a family it appears to be in many ways a happy solution of a difficult problem. Undoubtedly it is a more wholesome existence physically, but mentally and spiritually it has the defects of its virtues when pursued all the year round. The commuter devotes the best part of the day to one narrow corner of the city. The rest of his time not consumed on the train is in still more narrowing atmosphere of the suburbs. He neither gets all the way into the life of the city nor clear out into the country. So his view of things has neither the perspective of robust rural life nor the sophistication of a man in the city and of it. His return to nature is only halfway. His urbanity is suburban. Much of our literature, art and especially criticisms show the taint of the commuter's point of view. --Jesse Lynch Williams in Century.

NUGGETS.

Genius is inspiration. Talent is perspiration.

Do not measure your enjoyment by the amount of money spent in producing it.

Education turns the wild sweetbrier into the queenly rose.

A vigorous initiative and strong self faith make up the man of power.

Be sure that the honors you are striving for are not really dishonors.

What men get and do not earn is often a curse instead of a blessing.

You can purchase a man's labor, but you've got to cultivate his good will.

Ignorance itself is a disease, the deepest, most treacherous and damning malady of the soul.

Worry poisons the mind just as much as a deadly drug would poison the body and just as surely.

While you stand deliberating which book your son shall read first, another boy has read both.

Lincoln and Stanton.

There was a marked contrast between Lincoln's manner, which was always pleasant and even genial, and that of Stanton. The latter's stern, spectacled visage commanded instant respect and in many cases inspired fear. "In receiving visitors, and they were legion, Stanton seldom or never sat down, but stood before a high desk as the crowd passed before him and one by one presented their requests or complaints, which were rapidly disposed of. He was haughty, severe, domineering and often rude. When I think of him in the daily routine of his public audience by Charles Phillips, the Irish orator, comes to mind, "Grand, gloomy and peculiar."--David Homer Bates in Century.

Gambling in Church.

The mania for gambling will out, no matter how carefully hedged about by the law. Here is an illustration: "It took a conversation I overheard at the close of the church service last Sunday night to bring me to a realization of the virulence of the betting fever," said a Harlem woman. "I actually heard two boys betting on the skill of the sexton in snuffing out the candles. One bet 25 cents that he would extinguish each candle at the first application of the snuffers, the other that he wouldn't. I had been watching the proceedings with the same thought in mind, but it never occurred to me to bet on the outcome."

One Glean of Sunshine.

His play is a rank failure. It is a frost and a fizzle, and he knows it. The dramatist bows his head upon his hands and refuses to be comforted for it is his first drunk.

One by one his friends try to say something that will console him, but to no avail.

Finally his trusting wife finds one sunny gleam in the clouds.

"Anyway," she said, "you didn't have to go through the ordeal of making a speech before the curtain, and you know you always said you would be thankful beyond words if you could escape that."

Late Already.

Five minutes after the tardy gong had struck the principal of the school was walking through the lower hall when he saw a pudgy little fellow scurrying toward the first grade room as fast as his fat legs could carry him. "See here, young man, I want to talk to you," called the principal to the late comer. "I haven't got time to talk to you; I'm late already," replied the breathless beginner as the door of his classroom closed. --Circia.

RELICS OF THE DEAD.

Horrible Custom of a South American Indian Tribe.

The Ucaiali Indians, a numerous south American tribe, with thickened canaliculate tusks, who inhabit both banks of one of the uppermost tributaries of the Amazon, have a system by which they preserve the features of their dead, so that friends can always identify those that have gone to the "happy hunting ground" as surely as if gazing at a photograph.

To accomplish this they cut the head from the body, but retain the long hair. The gleaming, bleeding trophies of a day's battle or a night's massacre of their enemies are suspended by the long, straight black hair to the limbs of a tree. Directly under this they dig a hole, which they fill with water. In their primitive way causing it to boil by placing hot stones in it, or, if near a camp or village, an earthen pot of boiling water is used.

The ascending hot vapor and steam which envelop the suspended head outlined by the hair and shadows, like ghosts in the darkness of a tropical night, in the deep solitude and under the black shadows of the palm forest, accompanied by the weird antics of the ugly human brutes and the shriek of wild birds of the night or the howl of tigers, make a scene that cannot be fully described to the imagination.

This steaming process has the effect of loosening the scalp from the skull or in some way of softening it that all the bones are removed. With the vacant sack of skin drawn from the head intact they next fill it with hot pebbles and sand. These are replaced by others when they are cooled. The process they use has the effect of drying and shrinking the skin, but in some way not clearly known, it preserves the original features of the victim. They are thus distorted and ghastly looking reminders of the departed. --London Spare Moments.

BOTH WERE TRICKY.

A Bit of Business Between a Merchant and a Lumberman.

There used to be an old retired merchant in Detroit who delighted in recalling his experiences when an active man running a general store in one of the northern cities of the lower peninsula.

"I used to reap a harvest when the men were coming out of the woods," he related. "They were not up in styles, and about any old thing would suit them provided the color was right and the fit even passable. But there were tricksters among them, and I had to have my wits about me in order to keep even with them."

"How much is that hat?" asked a strapping six footer who arrived from camp one day with a pocketful of money.

"Two fifty," I replied.

"Then he informed me that he always had the crowns of his hats punched full of holes in order to keep his head cool and his hair from coming out. I soon had this attended to, and then he asked what the hat was worth. 'Two fifty,' I responded in surprise, but he laughed at me for asking such a price for damaged goods. He had me and got his hat for \$1, while the jolly crowd with him had a laugh at my expense. He wanted to look at some 'fiddles,' and after pricing one at \$10 concluded to take it."

"Where's the bow?" he asked as I was doing up the package.

"You only bought the fiddle," I laughed. The others saw the point and laughed too. The giant tried to bluff me, but I kept good humored and got even on the hat by charging him \$1.50 for the bow. I not only got even, but the others were so pleased with my 'Yankee trick' that they spent plenty of money with me."

Wisdom Beyond His Years.

His mother found him in the jam and reprimanded him. A little later she caught him teasing his baby sister and reprimanded him again.

"I don't see what's got into you, Willie," she said, "you're usually the good little boy, but today you're up to all kinds of mischief."

"I'm tired of being good," he returned, with juvenile frankness.

"Tired of being good?" she exclaimed.

"What do you mean by that?"

"Well, Brother Bob is naughty most of the time, and you're always giving him things to get him to be good, and I guess I'll be naughty for awhile and see if I don't get something too."

Sometimes a youngster seems to have wisdom beyond his years.

A Magnate in Embryo.

At the opening exercises of one of our schools it is the custom to have mottoes and sentiments given by the pupils.

Julius Moses gave, "The pen is mightier than the sword."

"Why, Julius, is the pen mightier than the sword?"

"Why? Because," answered Julius, "you can sign checks with it." --Circia.

A Nice Little Hint.

First Lieutenant--How do you like the horse you bought from me last week? Second Lieutenant--Very much. He might hold his head a little higher, though. First Lieutenant--Oh, that will come all right when he is paid for. --London Tit-Bits.

Soothing.

"Are you hurt, John?" "Yes, dear, I am afraid three or four of my ribs are broken."

"Well, don't fret bad; it doesn't show."

Observe the face of the wife to know the husband's character. --Spanish Proverb.

BELIEVE IN DREAMS?

If Yes, What Would You Do In a Case Similar to This?

If you should dream that a man with whom you were acquainted killed his wife, if you vividly saw him plunge a dagger into her heart, in your vision, would you tell the wife of your premonition of a tragedy?

This question has been puzzling a number of people in London. A married couple were inspecting a house which was for rent in Surrey some time ago. While the husband inspected the stables the wife remained in the parlor.

Shortly after her husband left the room, the wife said, a man and woman entered. The woman was young and pretty and in tears. The man was angry. After gesticulating a few minutes he rushed to the girl, drew a knife from his coat and plunged it into her heart.

With a loud shriek the woman who witnessed the tragedy arose and staggered to the door. She looked about her and saw that the couple had vanished. She realized she had either been dreaming or had seen a vision. When her husband returned she told him her experience. They did not rent the house.

Some time afterward while attending a reception the woman was introduced to a young lady and her fiancé. She recognized the characters of her vision. Later the young couple to whom she had been introduced were married. To her dismay, the woman learned they had leased the very house where she had experienced the harrowing dream.

What was she to do? She asked her friends. They were at a loss to give her advice. The woman was convinced that she was given the premonition of a tragedy. At the same time she dreaded provoking a disagreement in case there should be nothing but a hallucination.

What would you do in such a case? This would depend, of course, as to whether or not you believe in dreams. Do you?

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

As a matter of fact there are no very big fish in small puddles.

You can usually find a pin almost anywhere but in the pin cushion.

A fool is the greatest nuisance in this world. And there are quite a few of them.

It is beyond some men to understand the difference between pomposity and dignity.

We have always wondered what women do with the 2 cents saved in purchasing a two dollar article for \$1.98.

Have you ever stopped to admire the self control of the man who can pick up a lead pencil without marking on something?

Every man would have a pretty fair reputation if people looked for his good qualities as carefully as they look for the good qualities of a dog.

Absentminded Gators.

An old colored man who is devoutly religious returned to Brooklyn recently from a trip to Florida, his birthplace, and told his employer about a narrow escape he had had from an alligator. Knowing of the religious zeal of the darky, the employer sought to test his faith.

"What were you afraid of an alligator for?" he asked him. "Don't you know that the Lord will take care of you? Of course you know the story of Jonah and the whale. The whale swallowed Jonah, but Jonah came out all safe enough."

The darky shook his head dubiously. "Yes, boss, I know about Jonah," he said, "but, then, you see, a whale's got a memory. An alligator ain't got no memory. If a gator swallows you he won't think no mo' about you."

Simplicity's Saving Grace.

"I like simplicity," said the statesman. "Simplicity saves us a lot of trouble too."

Two men met in front of the Blank hotel the other day and fell into a political argument. They were ordinary, everyday sort of men, but one of them had an extraordinary flow of polysyllabic language. He talked half an hour, and his companion listened in a daze.

"And now," the speaker pompously concluded, "perhaps you will coincide with me."

"The other's face brightened up."

"Why, yes. Thanks, old man," he answered heartily, moving toward the barroom door. "I don't care if I do."

Querer Smokes.

"Tobacco," said a tobaccoist, "is one of many herbs that are smoked. In the Orient, for instance, bang or cannabis, a drug that gives one the desire to caress people's feet, goes into loads of pipes. Some savages smoke the leaves of the wild potato and the wild tomato. These bitter leaves are narcotic. They throw you into a pleasant stupor. Pursed lips, though, they bring insanity. Some of the Swiss guides smoke 'mountain tobacco,' a weed that grows only at great heights. This stuff produces an intoxication akin to alcohol's. Our Indians, when hard up, smoke holly and sumac leaves and the silvery leaves of 'Indian tobacco,' which every boy has chewed."

An Author's Journal.

Sold one poem. (Molly has just come in to say the coal's out.)

The Monthly Review paid me \$3 for two sonnets. (Jane says the gas bill is \$3.)

Have just written an article on "How To Live on One Dollar a Day." (Molly says she has got to have \$2 every day this week. Atlanta Constitution.)

HARDWARE!

I keep --

Dr. Williams' FLY & INSECT DESTROYER

Protects Horses and Cattle from Fly Pests and Vermin.

This without doubt the best preparation ever placed on the market.

I guarantee every can to give Perfect Satisfaction, or Money Refunded

I also keep SPRAYERS for using the above preparation.

L. MEIKLEJOHN.



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speak for themselves. You will find it hard to duplicate our offerings.

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Next door to H. Warren & Son's Hardware Store.

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Vol. XXIX, No. 1.

Goods delivered. Phone 31.

THE MURDEROUS MOOR

SOME REMINISCENCES OF THE LAND OF RAISULI.

The Principle of an Eye for an Eye and a Tooth for a Tooth Is Maintained.

There is probably no country in the world save, perhaps, the Congo—where human life is held so cheaply as in the land of the Moors. And certainly there is no land where the sanctity of the human body is so lightly violated. In a walk through the so-called market-places of any Moorish town what chiefly impresses itself on the visitor is the extraordinary number of mutilated persons. Poor wretches who have lost a hand, or a foot, or an eye are to be encountered at every turn; and should a question be put to any of these unfortunate, reply would be made, with a shrug of the shoulders, that some comparatively trivial offence had been the cause of this ghastly punishment. On one occasion the writer put the question to a man named Berber, the withered stump of whose arm seemed to indicate that more than ordinary brutality had attended the loss of his hand, writes Frank Scott, the famous war correspondent.

AN EYE FOR AN EYE.

"How was it done?" was the question. And the man's creature's reply and accompanying gesture were gruesomely significant. The snarling or executioner—said the fellow, had slit the skin of the wrist with his knife and had screwed off the hand!

"And did you scream?" was the further question.

The Moor shook his head.

"One does not protest," he said, "or one would lose his head as well as his hand."

Of course, throughout Morocco the lex talionis is everywhere in force. The principle of an eye for an eye and a tooth for a tooth is maintained with literal exactness, and although the alternative of a money compensation is accepted in theory, in practice, it is seldom allowed. Intertribal vengeance, indeed, are carried out with an atrocious ferocity that Europeans can ill conceive.

A necessary outcome, perhaps, of the fact of bloodshed that prevails throughout the land is the existence of the sanctuaries that are scattered all over the country. These places are ordinarily either the tomb of some holy man or a shrine commemorating some local saint.

THE STORY OF ARRUZZI.

Whosoever shatters shelter in one of them—he be murderer or bandit, or merely a fugitive from what passes for justice—he is immune from pursuit or punishment for so long as he chooses to remain within the sacred precincts; moreover, the people of the Moorish shrines are constrained by custom to provide food and drink for him. And inasmuch as these sanctuaries are very numerous, it will readily be guessed that they put a premium on deeds of violence. If it were not for these shrines there would probably be but few brigands.

The most common form of crime is the abduction of children for purposes of domestic slavery, and from this cause result blood feuds that continue from generation to generation.

The wish nearest to the heart of every Moor is to conceal from his neighbors—and especially from his superiors—the existence of any property he may possess. The reason for this is very simple, for wealth in Morocco brings misfortune on its owner.

One of the best-known bandits of modern times was a Berber named El Arruzzi, tales of whose atrocities are even yet

whispered under the breath, although their perpetrator is no more. Arruzzi was not less brave than ferocious. Alone and unaided, he would make a sudden descent upon a village, and carry off the best horses and the prettiest women of the tribe. He had many wives—one of them, by the way, being a beautiful girl who accompanied him on his many plundering expeditions and was well-nigh as intrepid as himself.

Moorish justice is not far-reaching, but all length his many villanies drew down upon him the vengeance of the law. Arruzzi fled from shrine to shrine, but at length found himself surrounded by a word array from the shelter of sanctuaries. There he fought like a wild beast at bay, until, covered with wounds and utterly exhausted, he recognized that he must fall into the hands of his enemies. The fair companion was also wounded, but still sought for a shield for himself with her body. The soldiers closed in upon the doomed pair, but before they could reach them Arruzzi stabbed his wife to the heart, and then, turning the weapon on himself, put an end to his life.

RAISULI AS RULER.

I am not sure that it would be correct to describe Raisuli as a brigand. Lawless and ruthless he undoubtedly was, and many cold-blooded murders were committed by him, but it should be pointed out that his hand has been against the Government rather than against society at large, and it must be remembered that his many followers regard him as being the rightful ruler of the land. In fact, of course, he has perpetrated many robberies, and not a few murders, but these have, in the main, been necessitated by his lack of private resources. All Moors are armed, and I do not know that Raisuli was especially equipped with those obtaining of the Moorish Court.

BLOOD-CURDLING HORRORS.

One band, who is pretty notorious, is called out a system of torture which reveals the methods of the inhuman. He employs, indeed, one form of argument that seldom fails to obtain from his victims the desired thing—place. In the month, in his language are two highly-tortured wretches of huge stature. At a signal from their master these ruthless men, suggestive and throw him into the air in such a manner, they, according to

their chiefs' decree, the victim falls and breaks his right or left shoulder, or his legs, or even, if he has been recalcitrant, his skull is smashed like an egg. Another device of this amiable person, which generally has weight with the friends of his captives, is the sending to them of various portions of the poor wretch's anatomy—an eye, a nose, a hand even, have been received in succession by the family of a wealthy victim as reminder of his ultimate intention if the ransom exacted be not forthcoming.

GENERAL INFORMATION.

Interesting Tid-Bits of Knowledge About 'Most Everything.'

The eyes of the hare are never closed, as it has no eyelids.

A chimney 115 feet high will sweep 13 inches in a high wind without danger. Within the past hundred years wheat has risen in price from \$150 a ton to \$15,000.

In France 4,000,000 tons of potatoes are annually used in the manufacture of starch and alcohol.

Wedding-rings were worn by both Jews and Romans at dates long prior to the Christian era.

The average size of Australian sheep-runs is 36,000 acres, while sheep-runs in South Africa average only 5,500 acres.

The population of the British Empire is estimated at about 450,000,000, of whom approximately 348,000,000 are native races.

Germany's colonies are five times as big as herself, those of France eighteen times, and Britain's ninety-seven times bigger than herself.

If all the land in the United Kingdom were divided among its inhabitants, a little over 12½ acres would be the share of each person.

A vast portion of Australia is virtually empty. The ratio of white population in Northern Australia is about one to every 700 square miles.

The people of Iceland are so honest that there are neither prisons nor police in the country. It is said that there have been only two thefts in one thousand years.

A comical foot-race was recently witnessed in Paris. Nineteen men, each with a wooden leg, were the contestants. The winner ran a mile in twelve minutes.

It costs a good deal of money to become a medical doctor. It is estimated that from first to last a complete medical education on the highest lines runs into \$5,000.

A limestone, composed of the fossils he collected in his rambles, is to be erected in a Bath cemetery to the memory of an engine-driver who was an ardent geologist.

During a thunderstorm a remarkable incident happened at a house near Deal. The lightning inspired a perfect photograph of a flower-vase on a mirror before which it stood.

In France the average yield of wine is 112 gallons to every acre of vineyard; in Spain it rises to 150 gallons per acre; but Algeria holds the record with 300 gallons to the acre.

Like the ancient Egyptians, the Japanese are accustomed to store in huge public granaries the grain saved in years of plenty against the day of need which a famine may bring with it.

A dustable (England) butcher recently purchased a Norfolk bullock from a local stock dealer. On being slaughtered there was found in the animal's stomach about 2½ feet length of a bicycle tyre (inner tube).

In order that dead worshippers may be able to follow the sermon, the vicar of Holy Trinity Church, Tunbridge Wells, has decided to install the electro-phonograph in the church, and to permit a few special texts.

In Germany, if a doctor is wanted suddenly in the night, instead of flying round in a cab or rushing wildly from house to house, one goes to the nearest emergency station, and fetches one of several doctors who are always on night duty in their turn.

It is calculated that if all the mailcoaches used in the United Kingdom every day were placed against each other they would cover a distance of 15,000 miles. Ninety-three tons of wood are used daily in England in the manufacture of 500,000,000 matches, while 25,000 tons are produced yearly from Sweden.

The Union Jack which flew from Nelson's flagship, the Victory, and which covered his remains on the journey by water to Greenwich Hospital, has been sold in London for 120 guineas. The White Ensign which hung at the rear of Nelson's funeral car on its way to St. Paul's was sold for 20 guineas.

According to recently-published statistics Germany possessed at the beginning of 1907 no fewer than 15,700 motor-cycles utilized for private purposes, and 254 for commercial purposes. Prussia alone had 6,369 motor-cycles serving for amusements and sport. Bavaria 451, Saxony 463, Wurtemberg 65, Baden 155, Brunswick 117, Hanover 161, and Elsass-Lothringen 160.

A section of the Canadian Northern Railway running northwest from Sudbury and crossing the Vermilion River, is unique in that it is ballasted with gold. Every yard of the gravel used for ballast has been found to contain from 50 cents' worth to a dollar's worth of the precious metal, in the shape of fine dust, and a syndicate is installing machinery for its extraction. Large operations are contemplated in the near future.

INSTEAD OF DREAMING OF TOMORROW'S SUCCESSFUL AND WEALTHY TO THE OPPORTUNITIES OF TODAY.

It is a sad, but too often official source, that in spite of the march of civilization, an average of nearly 30,000,000,000 letters find their way to the British Post Office every day, and are discarded as useless. In this way, it is estimated, the Government loses \$1,000,000,000 per annum in this way. The enormous part of the matter is the way in which many letters are addressed. "Dear Sir," was, on one occasion, addressed to a lady by a man named "Mr. X." "Dear Madam" was, on another, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a third, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a fourth, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a fifth, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a sixth, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a seventh, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on an eighth, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a ninth, addressed to a man by a woman. 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"Dear Madam" was, on a three hundred and thirty-second, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a three hundred and thirty-third, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a three hundred and thirty-fourth, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a three hundred and thirty-fifth, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a three hundred and thirty-sixth, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a three hundred and thirty-seventh, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a three hundred and thirty-eighth, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a three hundred and thirty-ninth, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a three hundred and fortieth, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a three hundred and forty-first, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a three hundred and forty-second, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a three hundred and forty-third, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a three hundred and forty-fourth, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a three hundred and forty-fifth, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a three hundred and forty-sixth, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a three hundred and forty-seventh, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a three hundred and forty-eighth, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a three hundred and forty-ninth, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a three hundred and fiftieth, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a three hundred and fifty-first, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a three hundred and fifty-second, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a three hundred and fifty-third, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a three hundred and fifty-fourth, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a three hundred and fifty-fifth, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a three hundred and fifty-sixth, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a three hundred and fifty-seventh, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a three hundred and fifty-eighth, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a three hundred and fifty-ninth, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a three hundred and sixtieth, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a three hundred and sixty-first, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a three hundred and sixty-second, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a three hundred and sixty-third, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a three hundred and sixty-fourth, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a three hundred and sixty-fifth, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a three hundred and sixty-sixth, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a three hundred and sixty-seventh, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a three hundred and sixty-eighth, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a three hundred and sixty-ninth, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a three hundred and seventieth, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a three hundred and seventy-first, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a three hundred and seventy-second, addressed to a man by a woman. "Dear Madam" was, on a

HUNTING BY SUBMARINE

EFFORT TO RECOVER BULLION OF LOST WARSHIP.

When Vessel Went Down She Had \$2,500,000 on Board—\$500,000 Recovered.

The latest invention is a submarine for salvaging wrecks, and it will be used in an attempt to save H. M. S. Lutine, which was wrecked off Terschelling Island, on the coast of Holland, in 1799. The submarine is fitted with a special internal apparatus, says J. Garner Flood, of London, England, who will be engaged in the work. "It has regulators, by the aid of which the operator can control the pressure of the air inside, and so make it the same as that of the water. The bottom can then be opened with perfect safety, and the wreck examined with ease."

"I have just returned from the wreck and I think that we shall be successful in our efforts."

IT IS WELL MARKED.

and is guarded by the local authorities. "There are, naturally, many difficulties to be overcome, one of the greatest being the continual shifting of the sand around the vessel. At some times the wreck is completely covered, and then our work is twice as hard."

"The Lutine now lies right in the centre of a number of dangerous sandbanks, and some of the operations, which have been frequent during the last century, have been attended with less of life."

"It is stated that when the vessel went down there was bullion on board to the value of \$2,500,000, but so far only \$500,000 has been recovered, and we are now going to try to recover the remainder."

"Unfortunately, the weather handicaps us considerably, and during the whole of this year we have not had one really favorable day. As can be easily imagined, the sea is rough, and the work is very difficult to carry out, and on one occasion, when an attempt was being made with the aid of a diving bell, the waves almost overturned it."

DANGER AT A MINIMUM.

"With submarines the danger will be removed, but, nevertheless, on a rough day, the shoals of continually moving sand interfere with our work to a great extent, and prevent our getting at the wreck."

"On one day, for instance, the sand is all removed from above the wreck, but by the next it is frequently covered again, and the work has to be begun all over again."

"The Lutine now belongs to Lloyd's and we have already placed the order for the building of the necessary apparatus, so that we shall begin salvaging operations very shortly. I think they will be successful, and that with the submarine we shall recover all the bullion still remaining in the hold of the ship."

WEAK, SICKLY PEOPLE.

Will Find New Strength Through the Use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

A great many young men and women are suddenly seized with weakness. Their appetite fails, they tire on the least exertion, and become pale and thin. They do not feel any specific pain—just weakness. But that weakness is dangerous. It is a sign that the blood is thin and watery; that it needs building up. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will restore lost strength because they actually make new, rich blood—they help you. Concerning them, Mr. Alfred LePage, of St. Jerome, Que., says: "For several years I have been employed in a grocery and up to the age of seventeen I had always enjoyed the best of health. But suddenly my strength began to leave me. I grew pale, thin and extremely weak. Our family doctor ordered a complete rest and advised me to remain out of doors as much as possible, so I went to spend several weeks with an uncle who lived in the Laurentians. I was in the hope that the bracing air would help me, but it didn't, and I returned home in a deplorable state. I was subject to dizziness, indigestion and general weakness. One day I read of a case very similar to my own cured through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I decided to give them a trial. After taking four boxes of the pills I felt greatly improved, my appetite returned for some time longer, and they fully cured me. I am now able to go about my work as well as ever I did and have nothing but the greatest praise for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

The blood—this is the secret of health. If the blood is not pure the body becomes diseased or the nerves shattered. Keep the blood pure and disease cannot exist. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills make rich, red blood—that is why they cure anaemia, rheumatism, indigestion, headache, backache, kidney trouble and the secret ailments of girlhood and womanhood. Sold at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, by all medicine dealers or by mail from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

HAIL NOT DISSIPATED BY GUNS.

For several years past, in some of the vine-growing districts of France and Italy, persistent tempests have been made to dissipate gathering hail-storms by the systematic firing of guns at the clouds. Many vine-growers believe that the method is effective, as their vineyards have escaped threatened hailstorms when the guns were fired. A recent report by Doctor Bismara of the results of a long series of experiments, under scientific control, shows that the supposed effects of the gun-firing are illusory, and that hail cannot be dissipated by firing in the air any more than rain can be induced by a similar method.

Doctors: "Do you cut well, my little man?" Little Man: "I ought to, I've been practising since I was two days old."

CURE FOR SEA SICKNESS

AN OLD SAILOR PRESCRIBES NEW REMEDY FOR EVIL.

Pocket Looking Glass, Steadily Regarded, Will Remove All Feeling of Nausea.

A new remedy has been discovered for sea sickness. An old sailor has proved that a pocket looking-glass is an infallible cure. The looking-glass cure must be taken immediately the sufferer steps on board ship. The prescription directs the patient, when the first indescribable feeling comes on, to take out the pocket looking-glass and look himself up and square in the eyes. The result is alleged to be that the rolling of the ship, and even the smell of the engines, will pass unnoticed, and

A LITTLE PERSEVERANCE

will transform a bad sailor into a good one. "It is a very curious fact, and one for which it is difficult to account," said a noted London physician recently, "that a casual glance in the looking-glass may arrest sea sickness. It is responsible for introducing a vein of humor, and the sufferer resolves to 'cheer up.'"

"Personally I think there is a more scientific reason. It is well known among sailors that the rise and fall of the horizon is responsible for the early stages of this distressing malady. Physicians in consequence often recommend their patients to try to fix their eyes on some immovable object, such as a ring on their finger or a book held firmly on the knee. The looking-glass is probably the same kind of antidote to the movement of the ship."

ON THE REFLECTED IMAGE.

"The looking-glass remedy may be something in the nature of a faith cure. If the attention can be absolutely concentrated on the image in the glass and all thought of illness banished, there is an excellent chance that the voyage will have no bad effects. "With regard to the length of time required for the cure, it is a general fact that if sickness can be successfully warded off for several hours the symptoms are not likely to recur, except in cases where no remedy will relieve the unfortunate sufferer, and sea and brain sickness are interchangeable terms."

THE STRIKE IN THE CHURCH AT MILLVILLE.

There's a cloud on the church at Millville. There's a frown on the Deacon's face. There's a cyclone a-fitting around the pews.

And filling with gloom the place. For the Parson had read a notice From the W. C. T. Union.

That a woman would speak in the church that night.

And added, he hoped every pew Would be filled, for a treat so rare Had seldom come to the people there.

Then up rose the Deacon at once, And said, growing red in the face, "Here order something be done to keep The women out of their place."

This dreadful pervertin' of Scripture This straining over the land, This makin' the sinner uneasy like This tryin' to speak like a man—I tell ye they're getting too uppish, Bein' as they're only a rib,

Their place is at home with the childer, A-coolin' and joggin' the crib."

There was blank o'er the church in Millville, As an army of fobs arose, Marched down the aisle, out the church-door.

Like women in Sunday clothes, Liking behind in mute surprise, Just seventeen pairs of masculine eyes.

"Prayer meeting as usual on Wednesday night, A cordial welcome to all," And each man thought of the crowd of men.

That responded to such a call, "The Sabbath school after church," For old and young all thronged.

And there in the house sat seventeen men, With only one teacher in sight, A smile quivered over the Parson, As he glanced at Deacon Rose,

And announced "The Ladies Aid will meet At the house of—, no one knows."

"The Y. P. C. E. to-night, At six o'clock will meet, And be led by Miss—," the speaker paused.

And the Deacon blinked at his feet, "The Woman's Home Mission Society Will pack its barrels," but no, The women had struck, the society's gone.

And the barrels cannot go, "We'll open the service by number six," And he glanced at the choir around, But for choir, and organist, leader and all

Only one bass singer was found, Then up rose the Deacon again, "I never afore seed the like, I never afore heard a sermon through Without a woman in sight, And if that air woman want ter speak, I move we hear her to-night."

There's a smile on the church at Millville, There's a gleam on the Deacon's face, There's a cyclone of woman's prayers and songs, Filling with joy the place.

THE WISE FATHER.

"But I can't live properly on an allowance of \$10 a week," protested the son.

"Of course you can," replied the father, "You want an increase so you can live improperly."

NOT LOVE BUT MAMMON

PROF. JOHN GRAHAM BROOKS SAYS SOME SCATHING THINGS.

Denunciation of Present Day Marriages—Books Which Tell of Money Marriages.

"The rich do not wed; they buy partners." Such is the sweeping remark made by Professor John Graham Brooks, the Harvard instructor, who wrote "Social Unrest," and who now set all New York by the ears by saying various scathing things about the connection between marriage and money.

One of them is that "a rich woman can buy a man next to the king—his grace the gartered Duke—as she would a bit of blue ribbon over the counter," and another that she can "buy a lord, or a whole shoal of dapper counts and seedy barons, and get into society."

He goes on to say things much more scathing about the power the moneyed man has with women, "because money has the same power of purchasing anything a man wants. Money has come in to disturb the ennobled passion of love."

Opinion in England as to the truth of Professor Brooks' remarks seems to be pretty equally divided.

CHARACTER FROM LIFE.

"I must say I agree with the 'American' said Mr. Horace Wyndham, whose latest novel, 'Reginald Auberon,' the Autobiography of a Selfish Man, was reviewed the other day in the London Daily Mirror. 'It is the appalling truth of romance in the present-day courtships that gave me the ground-work for 'Reginald Auberon.' In that book there are three 'money' marriages; that of the heroine, and the two marriages of the hero (if one may so dignify him), who allows himself to go to the highest bidder. He is in the end through-out the entire volume, and I may as well say, in my own defence, that I took the character from real life."

Miss Rhoda Broughton, than whom there was no more popular story teller in our youthful days, maintains, however, that there is no more buying and selling in the marriage market to-day than there was when she gave us "Red as a Rose Is She" and "Good-bye, Sweetheart, Good-bye," as typical episodes of the life around us.

"Of course there are instances here and there of a man or a woman marrying for money," she said, "but if you take English people, at any rate, I am certain you will find more marriages out of pure affection than for any sordid reason."

WORSE IN UPPER CLASSES.

"I live in Oxford, and my own knowledge of human nature and belief in my fellow-creatures forbids my thinking that every bright-faced, clean-limbed, athletic university youth whom one meets in the streets or on the river would so foolishly himself as to sell his natural birthright—love."

Again: "There is a great deal of truth in Professor Brooks' condemnation," a London West End clergyman said. "I am at times called upon to officiate at ceremonies which are practically nothing more than the surrender of youthful love for gold, or the purchase of money with a title. I do not think the state of things is as bad in the lower and middle classes as among the upper ten thousand, and then I think the men are chief offenders."

"I am thankful to say that these remarks do not apply to the East End of London," said a Bethnal Green missionary. "We may have separation orders, desertions, appeals, summonses for cruelty, but we have no buying and selling in our marriages."

TO THE DISCOURAGED.

Meet your problems with an effort of the mind. Meet your difficulties, your sorrows, your disappointments with an effort of the will—which is a struggle of the brain. Devote your energies to maintaining mental alertness. Remember that that brain inside your skull contains all your hope for the future, all your possibilities of usefulness as well as pleasure, since there alone sensation and real activity exists. Use your brain to succeed, and, above all, use your brain to counteract the depressing, discouraging effects of failure. Remember that if you do as well as you can you have done all that you ought to do. Don't worry about the superior achievements of others. You have no cause for worry unless your life fails to bring you up to your highest possible degree of mental development.

ONE CHILD IN TWO DIES.

Dr. Francis J. Allen, medical officer of health for Westminster, England, states in his annual report that of 1,278 children born in 363 families during the past three years, 639—exactly one in every two—died before reaching the age of one year.

RIGID.

Little Millie—Granddad, what makes a man always give a woman a diamond engagement ring? Grandfather—The woman.

PILES

"I thought I must go on suffering from piles until I died; but Zan-Buk cured me," says Mrs. M. E. Reed, of Stearns (Ont.), and adds: "I was so weakened that I could hardly move about, and a little work caused me great pain. After I used of this grand balm, and I am thankful to say, I am cured."

Zan-Buk

Celluloid REE Starch

Just send us your name and address on a post-card and we will mail you a Painting Book for the little folks and a quarter-pound package of Celluloid Starch. That means fun for the children and satisfaction for you. Celluloid Starch requires no boiling, gives a perfect finish to the clothes and never makes the iron stick. Write to-day for this free book and sample.

The Brantford Starch Works, Limited
Brantford, Ontario

LOST FOR THREE WEEKS

SWISS LADY'S TERRIBLE EXPERIENCE IN ALPINE GORGE.

She Lost Her Way While Mountaineering, and Slipped Into a Fissure.

Mme Schopfer, the intrepid Swiss lady who had the remarkable experience of surviving twenty-one days imprisoned in an Alpine gorge, is now recovering.

Thirty-seven years old, in excellent health and spirits, she left her hotel in the village of Loèche-Bains, Switzerland, for a stroll into the mountains. For full three weeks she was lost to her friends, and narrowly escaped death. When she had recovered somewhat from the effects of the strain she had undergone, she described her experience as follows:

"On the morning of August 1 I walked along the bank of the River Aar, but penetrated too far into the gorge and lost my way. While retracing my steps I fell into a cave, and was horrified to find that, owing to its steep and slippery sides,

I WAS UNABLE TO CLIMB OUT.

I shouted all that day and night for help until my voice gave out and my throat was so inflamed that I was unable to eat my last two pieces of chocolate. I continually drank water, which trickled through the rocks. Another day came and went, and yet another—I forgot how many, because I must have become delirious.

"The steeple of the village church was visible from my prison, and on Sunday I could hear the bells peeling and the choir singing, practically within a stone's throw of the spot, where all the while, as it seemed to me, I lay dying by inches.

"I cannot describe my hunger. I often dreamed about bread and biscuits, which compelling seemed to be dancing in the air before my eyes. A grass, moss, and my leather shoes. Gradually I became a skeleton, and my clothes fell from me. I had plenty of money in my purse, which I would have willingly exchanged for a piece of bread. On two nights rain soaked me, and the several days the heat was so great that I was glad to wet my head and sprinkle my clothes. My voice began to return gradually, and I took much care of it."

CRYING SOFTLY AT INTERVALS

during the day when I thought people might be passing my tomb. "Slowly my strength faded, until I was unable to stand without resting my hands on the rock. Toward the end I became desperate and wanted to dash my head against the rock—my mind then God sent darkness. I remember no more."

In the meantime the missing woman's husband and guides were searching the overlooking mountains, inquiring in every village. On August 22 a peasant named Adolphe Grand heard groaning which he was walking on the bank of the Aar River. He rescued Mme Schopfer, whom he carried like a baby, insensible, to the hospital. Mme Schopfer recovered her senses thirty hours later. During her ordeal her hair turned from black to grey."

Records kept show that since the middle of January last the Alps claimed twenty-four victims, some of whom were women.

Good Digestion Should Wait on Appetite.—To have the stomach well is to have the nervous system well. Very delicate and digestible. In some so sensitive as they that atmospheric changes affect them. When they become disarranged no better regulator is procurable than Parmentier's Vegetable Pills. They will assist the digestion so that the hearty enter will suffer no inconvenience and will derive all the benefits of his food.

Only a fool takes experience for a road instead of a guide.

ITCH, Mange, Pruritis, Scratches and every form of contagious itch in human or animals cured in 30 minutes by Wolfford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold by all druggists.

DIFFICULT. A teacher in a certain Eastern school asked her class to draw a picture of that which they wished to be when they grew up. The pupils went diligently to work with paper and pencil, some drawing pictures of soldiers, policemen, and lady ladies, etc. They all worked hard, but one little girl, who sat quietly holding her pad and pencil in hand. The teacher observing her, asked: "Don't you know what you want to be when you grow up, Alice?"

"Yes, I know," replied the little girl. "I know I want to be married, but I don't know how to draw it."

NEEDLESS CEREMONY.

Peter had been hastily bidden to Bobby Hunt's party, and his mother was "rounding him up" in front of the washstand. "O mother," he said, "do I have to have a whole bath?" "Certainly."

Peter mumbled something, and his mother asked him what it was. "I said were you sure it wasn't just your idea," replied Peter. "I'm certain I heard Bobby's mother tell you over the telephone that the party was very informal."

CAUSED BY KISSING.

Eva—"Do you consider kissing deleterious to the health?" Jack—"I don't know. I kissed a girl one time and black spots came before my eyes."

Eva—"Gracious—Was it heart disease?" Jack—"No, she wore a veil."

There are a number of varieties of corns. Holloway's Corn Cure will remove any of them. Call on your druggist and get a bottle at once.

Knicker—"What is a self-made man?" Mrs. Knicker—"One whose wife doesn't have to wear a self-made hat."

Rose-colored spots on the bodies of children are sometimes mistaken for measles. The trouble may be removed, a local diet, and the skin promptly cured with Weaver's Cerate.

Fathers who think they have the slightest child in the world should keep the thought to themselves.

A man is foolish to go round looking for trouble unless he is strenuous enough to take a fall out of it.

A Pill for Generous Eaters.—There are many persons of healthy appetite and poor digestion who, after a hearty meal, are subject to much suffering. The food of which they have partaken lies like lead in their stomachs. Headache, depression, a smothering feeling follow. One so afflicted is unfit for business or work of any kind. In this condition Parmentier's Vegetable Pills will bring relief. They will assist the assimilation of the aliment, and used according to direction will restore healthy digestion.

Matrimony makes a man awfully restless a little while before and forever after.

Askit—"What is the quotation about 'A friend in need'?" Noll—"A friend in need keeps a man broke."

Overworked Persons, either mentally or physically, should try "Ferrovin," the world's most powerful and effective tonic. It will quickly recover strength and health.

Hostess—"Mr. Lilwale is going to sing a comic song." Guest—"I knew something would happen. I overheard a sail-cellar at the dinner-table."

Tourist—"What do the people round here live on, Pat?" Jarvey—"Pigs, sort, in the winter, and tourists in the summer."

Its Power Grows With Age.—How many medicines loudly blazoned as panaceas for all human ills have come and gone since Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil was first put upon the market. Yet it remains, doing more good to humanity than many a preparation more highly vaunted and extending its virtues wider and wider and in a larger circle every year. It is the medicine of the masses.

BEEES FASTER THAN PIGEONS.

It is not generally known that bees are swifter in flight than pigeons—that is, for short distances. Some years ago a pigeon fancier of Hamme, Westphalia, laid a wager that a dozen bees liberated three miles from their hives would reach home in less time than a dozen pigeons. The competitors were given wing at Rybern, a village nearly a league from Hamme, and the first bee reached the hive a quarter of a minute in advance of the first pigeon. Three other bees reached the goal before the second pigeon. The bees were also slightly hand-capped, having been rolled in flour before starting for purposes of identification.

She—"Did you ever stop to figure out how many hats in a year you could buy with the money you throw away on cigars?" He—"I have, dear. I could buy about fifty for myself, but only about three for you."

No person should go from home without a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial in their possession, as it is a remedy for cholera, summer complaint, and there is nothing like being ready with a sure remedy at hand, which oftentimes saves great suffering and frequently valuable lives. This Cordial has gained for itself a widespread reputation for affording relief from all summer complaints.

If men were to write their own epitaphs marble cutters would be compelled to work overtime.

After celebrating the twenty-fifth anniversary of her birth, the average woman's chief aim in life is to not look her age.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASE

For all kidney disease, including Gravel, Catarrh, Stricture, Hematuria, etc., etc. It is a sure and safe remedy, and is sold by all druggists.

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PEN-ANGLE underwear

One kind of underwear, and only one, fits right wears you from the day you buy it. That kind is trade-marked (as above) in red, and guaranteed to you by stores that sell it and the people who make it. Made in many fabrics and styles, at various prices, in form-fitting sizes for women, men and children. Look for the PEN-ANGLE.

DO NOT BE UNKIND! To him who talketh tommyrot Oh do not be unkind: Think of the burden did he not Get such things off his mind.

Do not delay in getting relief for the little folks. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is a pleasant and sure cure. If you love your child why do you let it suffer when a remedy is so near at hand?

A DANIEL. "Can any little boy in the class tell me why the lions did not hurt Daniel?" asked the Sunday school teacher. "I guess it was 'cause he belonged to the 'circus,'" answered a bright youngster.

There are many persons of healthy appetite and poor digestion who, after a hearty meal, are subject to much suffering. The food of which they have partaken lies like lead in their stomachs. Headache, depression, a smothering feeling follow. One so afflicted is unfit for business or work of any kind. In this condition Parmentier's Vegetable Pills will bring relief. They will assist the assimilation of the aliment, and used according to direction will restore healthy digestion.

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If men were to write their own epitaphs marble cutters would be compelled to work overtime.

After celebrating the twenty-fifth anniversary of her birth, the average woman's chief aim in life is to not look her age.

WILSON'S FLY PADS

Kill them all. No dead flies lying about when used as directed.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS, GROCERS AND GENERAL STORES 10c per packet, or 3 packets for 25c. will last a whole season.

FOR \$2.50! We will mail immediately a magnificent pair of men's

\$5.00 GAUNTLET DRIVING GLOVES

Perfect in FIT, FINISH and FASHION The Swellest Gloves Obtainable in this Country.

THE PARKDALE GLOVE WORKS TORONTO.

QUEBEC STEAMSHIP COMPANY LIMITED.

River and Gulf of St. Lawrence Summer Cruises in Cool Latitudes

Twice a week from Montreal, with electric lights, electric beds and all modern comforts.

SAILS FROM MONTREAL ON MONDAYS at 1 p.m., and 25th September, 10th and 25th October, 10th and 25th November, 10th and 25th December, 10th and 25th January, 10th and 25th February, 10th and 25th March, 10th and 25th April, 10th and 25th May, 10th and 25th June, 10th and 25th July, 10th and 25th August, 10th and 25th September, 10th and 25th October, 10th and 25th November, 10th and 25th December, 10th and 25th January, 10th and 25th February, 10th and 25th March, 10th and 25th April, 10th and 25th May, 10th and 25th June, 10th and 25th July, 10th and 25th August, 10th and 25th September, 10th and 25th October, 10th and 25th November, 10th and 25th December, 10th and 25th January, 10th and 25th February, 10th and 25th March, 10th and 25th April, 10th and 25th May, 10th and 25th June, 10th and 25th July, 10th and 25th August, 10th and 25th September, 10th and 25th October, 10th and 25th November, 10th and 25th December, 10th and

THURSDAY, SEPT. 19, 1907.

Church Union

The Committee which met in Toronto last week to consider a basis of union of the Methodist, Presbyterian and Congregational churches of Canada has adjourned for a year to give time to consider provisions for managing the funds for need and retired ministers, and the widows and orphans of ministers, and to get the legal difficulties in the way of union resolved into proper shape.

Before adjourning a resolution was adopted, reading in part as follows:

"That this joint committee feels that there is abundant occasion for thanksgiving to God in view of the brotherly intercourse again enjoyed and the spirit of candor, patient deliberation, and mutual regard and concession that has characterized all the proceedings of the session.

"We are persuaded that decidedly substantial progress has been made toward the end in view, and that such solutions of difficult problems have been found so far as we have prosecuted our work as to enable us to affirm our conviction that the proposed union appears to be practical.

Insanitary Conditions

in Canneries

According to the reports of the Provincial Board of Health most insanitary conditions prevail in some of the canning factories in this Province. These are principally in the housing of employees and the use of over-ripe or rotten fruit. The report of Dr. Bell, medical inspector, who made a tour of inspection in the Niagara district, with Mr. Holmes, of the factory inspectors' staff, disclosed such a disgusting condition of affairs that Dr. Hodggets, the chief health officer of the province, felt compelled to pay the canneries a visit. What he found there is scarcely printable. It appears that in the season about sixteen hundred persons, two-thirds of whom are females, are employed in the Niagara district. About half of these are foreigners from Buffalo, and there are about two hundred Indians from Brantford and Caledonia. As one sample of what was found, we quote from Dr. Bell:

"Food was frequently kept in dirty fruit baskets under the beds, and was often eaten either on the floor or on the beds. These sleeping and living quarters were often kept in a most wretched condition, and in some cases thirty or forty were huddled together in one compartment. Many of these buildings were most filthy, and choice places for vermin-breeding. I saw a notice in one factory that after visiting the closet hands must be washed, but neither soap nor water was to be seen, and, if washed, their hands must have been dried on dirty clothes."

Dr. Bell indignantly inquires:

"How can these people be clean in these circumstances? Yet these are the people," he continues, "who handle and put up our choicest foods. Several factory managers declared that it was impossible to keep these people clean, and that they would use the facilities if they were provided. If such is the case, then I say in the name of all that is righteous, insist on those employers going out of business, who, for the greed of a few extra dollars, hire such dirty help and prepare our food under such insanitary conditions. It is a guarantee both as to cleanliness and quality."

However that may be, it is certain that after this exposure the canners must do something to reassure consumers, and that promptly, or they will find that there will be a disastrous falling off in the demand for their goods, as was the case with the Chicago packers. Drastic reforms are recommended by Dr. Bell and Dr. Hodggets. Dr. Bell emphasizes that the time is ripe for a change in the health laws of the province and that the whole system of inspection needs reorganization if efficiency is to be secured. We had all along been conoling ourselves that we were doing the canning business in Canada better than in the United States, but Dr. Bell shows us that we have been living in a fool's paradise, and that after all the recent attention turned to the subject the old evils remain unslashed. After a number of recommendations relating to health measures, Dr. Bell concludes:

"And all these changes must be made if this province is to be kept abreast of the times, for the lives of our people are at stake and the health of our cities is the state's health, in the highest sense of the word."

That this is not an alarmist exaggerated statement on the part of Dr. Bell is proved by Dr. Hodggets, who reports that he has found better provision made for horses and more care exercised in the keeping of stables than he found to exist in most of the factories he visited. Evidently rules are required regulating each work, rules as to air and space, number of rooms, the separating of living and dining and washing rooms, efficient and efficient lavatory accommodation, and so forth—and the vigorous enforcement of such rules. As Dr. Hodggets sums up:

"Certainly personal cleanliness must be insisted upon—for that a rule is not to be found at present. The strange thing about it is that only now, after so much also elsewhere, have the provincial authorities discovered these things.

Don't Take It.

(Klinefelter Review.)

Young man—be warned in time. Let no one—not even your own self—entice you to seek a public office or what is commonly called a Government job. In this age, when your life is your own, your health good, and when an independent competence awaits any man who has any, some intelligence, and a willingness to work, you would be a fool to take a Government office. If there are fifty thousand office-holders in Canada, depend upon it that 40,000 of them are sorry for being in the list. The other 10,000 are men who get the few public offices that are worth while, or are men who were broken down in health, or had been relegated to the shelf. The average public office is not a private snap. Make no mistake about it. From the fury men show in rushing for a vacant office you might suspect that it is worth while, but note how soon it turns into Dead Sea fruit or apples of Sodom. Once you get it, you are measured with real life. If you say your soul's your own, and your friends remind you that a change of Government will see your finish. When you take sick, two score of your friends will be after your job with the "characteristic fury," you did play when you were a fool. If you recover they will all be sorry. If you die, 39 of them will, in the course of a month, regret your death, and curse your successor and the man who appointed him.

No, sir, don't do it. If you would be a man among men—if you would retain your ambitions, your self-reliance, your independence—seek northward when a Government job is vacant in the south.

There is Scripture for It.

Old Dad Sulpin is a mean man, there's no use of talking. He had some youngsters picking plums for him all week, and he doctored them for what they devoured.

Dad has never heard of that passage of Scripture which says we are not to muzzle the ox that treadeth out the corn. Surely the child picking berries in the patch or pulling peaches or plums has a right to as much as he can eat, even as the ox has a right to take a mouthful of corn every now and then as he goes on his rounds.

But there be millions who never taste the fruits of their own toil. They haven't time to sit down and enjoy the peach that they planted and grew. They wouldn't think of eating a plate of strawberries and cream, the fruit of their own fields. They never kill one of their own chickens and eat it, and they never roast a duck.

After all, a big injustice is done some people. Many folks complain that the rich boss is hard on them, but as a matter of fact the hired man lives better than his master. In thousands of cases he is better off than his employer. By the time the boss pays his wages bill and expenses he hasn't a cent to bless himself with. No one lives so extravagantly as the hired man.

It is the hired man's wife who buys creamery butter at 40 cents a pound, who gets her potatoes by the peck, and has her sirloin steak brought in by the butcher boy.

They will always be poor. The boss is the ox who treadeth out the corn. He is the only one in the whole caboodle who owns a muzzle, and if he didn't the rest of them wouldn't need a muzzle, for there would be nothing to eat.

We have got so far away from serfdom that to-day the hired man is better off than his employer. When I see two men working in a field I spot the man with worn and anxious face and the hair prematurely grey for his boss, while the deaconate person, with the silver finger ring, and silk shirt and the rolled-gold watch is the hired man. He has no worries or cares; he lives on the best and he is not muzzled.—The Khan.

The workman is apt in these labor disputes to think of himself as a worker only and to fancy that a rise of wages in his own industry is clear gain to him. He forgets that he is a purchaser and consumer, and in that character a hirer of other men's labor as well as a seller of his own. A rise of wages all round would be a rise in the price of articles generally to all workmen as well as to the rest of us. The same result would follow a general shortening of hours, at least, if it diminished the amount of work done. Manual labor, in a word, cannot sever its own interests from those of the community at large. That it can detach itself from the community at large and prepare the way for a ruinous struggle—ruinous to all classes—in the future is only too apparent. Nor do the signs of this peril appear to be growing less.—A By-stander, in Weekly Sun.

Henri Pilon, aged twenty-six years, was killed at Montreal while playing baseball, being hit by a thrown ball.

William Jamieson, farmer, near Cobourg, was caught in the wheels of his buggy when his horse ran away and was killed.

Madoc fair was held on Thursday and Friday last and is reported to have been very successful, both as regards exhibits and attendance.

Philip Penn, a young farmer of Picton, was fixing a charge of dynamite at the bottom of a well, when the charge exploded, inflicting injuries that will probably prove fatal.

An exchange says: "Peaches will be scarce this year. Fortunately for oligible young men this does not refer to peaches in petticoats, but to the variety which can be sliced up, mixed with sugar and boiled up, to be afterward put in jars and doled out at the proper time by discreet housewives. Whether the edible variety has been put to rest by those which do not grow on trees cannot be definitely stated, but certainly it is said that the tree crop is going to be very light this year. The other crop is heavy and ripe."

To check a cold quickly get from your druggist some Little Candy Cold Tablets called Preventives. Druggists everywhere are now dispensing Preventives, for they are not only safe, but decidedly certain and prompt. Preventives are not like quinine, no laxative, nothing harsh or sickening. Taken at the "sneeze stage," Preventives will prevent colds, bronchitis, influenza, grippe, etc., hence the name, preventives. Good for feverish children, is Preventives. 25 cents. Trial boxes 5 cents. Sold by all druggists.

ARTIFICIAL PEARLS.

What a Little Silver Fish Taught a French Beadmaker.

"I'll tell you," said a jeweler, "how he wonderfully perfect artificial pearl came to be invented."

"A rich French beadmaker, Mosele Aquila—he lived in the seventeenth century—found a pond in his garden covered one morning with a lovely silvery luster. Amazed, he called his gardener, who said it was nothing—some albatross had got crushed; that was all.

"Albatross were little silver fish, bleaks, the Lenculus alburnus. The gardener explained that if you crushed them they always gave the water a pearly sheen, like that. Aquila put on his thinking cap.

"For six years he worked with beads and bleaks, wasting millions of both, but finally he achieved success. He learned how to extract the pearly luster from the bleaks' scales and to cover a glass bead with it.

"What he did—and his method is still used—was to scrape the scales from the fish, wash and rub them and save the water. The water, decanted, gave off a lustrous fluid of the thickness of oil, a vegetable paint, a magic fluid that imparts a lovely pearly sheen to everything it is applied to.

"It takes 1,000 bleaks to yield an ounce of this pearl paint."

CIRCUS RIDERS.

They Earn Good Salaries, but Their Careers Are Short.

A man horseback rider receives from \$75 to \$125 a week, and his career as a principal rider lasts about ten years. It is short not so much because these men get stiff and lose their agility as because they lose their nerve. Nearly all circus folk marry young, and with their added responsibilities comes a lively sense of danger which they ignored in younger days. A man rider who cannot turn a somersault on a horse cannot command more than \$50 a week. A woman rider who can perform this feat gets from \$150 to \$200 a week if she is a finished rider.

This isn't much when all the disadvantages of the calling are taken into consideration, but it should be remembered that all the expenses are paid, including the care, feeding and of course the transportation of the horses. All they have to provide is their own clothing. For the men riders clothes do not count much of a factor, and the women nearly always make their own, except those provided by the management.

French Rags High Priced.

A collector of rags offered the manager of a large boarding house a certain price for a bag of worn-out linen.

"These rags are worth more than that," said the shrewd landlord. "I run several houses in this neighborhood, and all are occupied exclusively by French guests."

The dealer apparently considered that remark sufficiently explanatory. He cast a hasty glance upon the contents of the bag, then raised the price. "And he could well afford to raise it, too," said the landlord. "Even at that rate he will make money off the things. French rags the world over bring a higher price than any other. The reason why? French people wear a better quality of linen and their castoff garments are in demand by all manufacturers of high grade paper."

The Congregation Smiled.

Two country clergymen had agreed to exchange pulpits on a certain date. One of them made the following solemn announcement to his congregation in the Sabbath previous to the event:

"My dear brethren and sisters, I have the pleasure of stating that on next Sunday morning the Rev. Zachariah B. Day will preach for you. Let us now sing two verses of hymn No. 489, 'That Awful Day Will Surely Come.'"

And it took him some time to discover why the congregation smiled.

The First Boat.

At first when a man wanted to cross a deep stream he was compelled to swim across. But man at best is a poor swimmer, and it was not long before he invented a better method of traveling on water. A log drifting in a stream furnished the hint. By resting his body upon the log and plashing with his hands and feet he found he could move along faster and easier. Thus the log was the first boat and the human arm was the first oar.—S. B. Forman in St. Nicholas.

Witty Women.

Women have more wit than humor. They are more sensitive than men. Their minds are nimble. Their thoughts dash instantly to an intuitive conclusion; hence wit is far more natural to them. They have hardly the intellectual patience to create or enjoy the less obvious and more deliberate moods of humor.

A Failure.

"So you don't believe in the mind cure?"

"No."

"Did you ever try it?"

"Well, I once tried to convince my wife that she didn't really want a new gown."

Looks That Way.

"I wonder if Mars really is inhabited."

"Don't know, but if Saturn is, I'll bet the politicians own it."

"Think so?"

"Certainly; can't you see the rings?"

A comical spirit is more to be feared than an open one.—German Proverb.

BLIND MAN'S BUFF.

Origin of This Favorite Sport of Childhood and Youth.

This favorite sport of childhood and youth is of French origin and very high antiquity, having been introduced into England in the train of the Norman conquerors. Its French name, "Colin Maillard," was that of a brave warrior still living in the chronicles of the middle ages.

In the year 990 Liege reckoned among its valiant chiefs one Jean Colin. He acquired the name of Maillard from his chosen weapon being a mallet, wherewith in fight he used to crush his opponents. In one of the feuds which were of perpetual recurrence in those times he encountered the Count de Louvain in a pitched battle, and so runs the story, in the first onset Colin Maillard lost both his eyes. He ordered his esquire to take him into the thickest of the fight, and, furiously brandishing his mallet, did such fearful execution that victory soon declared itself for him.

When Robert of France heard of these feats at arms he lavished favor and honors upon Colin, and so great was the fame of the exploit that it was commemorated in the pantomime representations that formed part of the rude dramatic performances of the age. By degrees the children learned to act it for themselves, and it took the form of a familiar sport.

The blindfolded pursuer as, with bandaged eyes and extended hands, he gropes for a victim to pounce upon seems in some degree to repeat the action of Colin Maillard, the tradition of which is also traceable in the name, blind man's buff.

A REALISTIC ACT.

Amusing Story of Joseph Jefferson as Rip Van Winkle.

While he was playing Rip Van Winkle at Chicago Joseph Jefferson once went to the theater very much exhausted by a long day's fishing on the lake. As the curtain rose on the third act it disclosed the white haired Rip still deep in his twenty years' nap. Five, ten, twenty minutes passed, and he did not awaken. The audience began to get impatient and the prompter uneasy.

The great actor doubtless knew what he was about, but this was carrying the realistic business too far. The fact was that all this time Jefferson was really sleeping the sleep of the just, or, rather, of the fisherman who had sat eight hours in the sun. Finally the gallery became uproarious, and one of the "gods" wanted to know if there was going to be "nineteen years more of this snooze business?"

At this point Jefferson began to snore. This decided the prompter, who opened a small trap beneath the stage and began to prod Rip from below. The fagged comedian tumbled in his pocket for an imaginary railway ticket and muttered drowsily, "Going right through, doctor."

At this entirely new reading the audience was transfixed with amazement, when all at once Jefferson sat up with a loud shriek, evidently in agony. The exasperated prompter had jabbed him with a pin. Consciousness of the situation came to him, and the play went on after that with a rush.

Getting an Opening.

A man had a story about a gun which he delivered himself of upon all occasions. At a dinner party one evening he writhed in his chair for over an hour, waiting for a chance to introduce his story, but no opportunity presented itself. Finally he slipped a coin into the hand of a waiter and whispered:

"When you leave the room again, slam the door."

The waiter slammed the door as directed, and the man sprang to his feet, with the exclamation:

"What that noise—a gun?"

"Oh, no," resumed his host. "It was only the door."

"Ah, I see! Well, speaking of guns reminds me of a little story," etc.—Liverpool Mercury.

Sun, Moon and Tides.

The sun and moon conjointly affect the oceans in obedience to the fact in nature known as the law of the attraction of gravity. It is the nature of things that the sun and moon shall pull at the earth's waters, and no further explanation can be given. When the sun and moon are pulling in line the tides are highest and when pulling against each other the lowest. The moon is so much nearer the earth than the sun that it does most of the pulling, notwithstanding its greatly inferior dimensions.

Love Is King.

Love is the great disciplinarian, the supreme harmonizer, the true peacemaker. It is the great balm for all that blights happiness or breeds discontent. It is a sovereign panacea for malice, revenge and all the brutal passions. As cruelty melts before kindness, so the evil passions find their antidote in sweet charity and loving sympathy.

Easily Distinguished.

Clara—There should be a law passed compelling men to wear some distinct dress to denote whether they are married or not.

Maudie—Oh, that isn't necessary. Clara—Why not?

Maudie—When a man is seen on the street in a last year's hat and baggy trousers, it is safe to bet that he's married.

No Way Out of It.

"We are worried about Julia. She got out of a sickbed to go to the theatre."

"How could she?"

"She had to go; she had a ticket."

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Report of S. S. No. 13, Rawdon

Sr. IV—A Vance, R Bailey, C Sine, B Bailey.
Sr. III—R Scott, C Vance, M Sine.
Sr. II—V Runnals, C Sine, W Runnals.
Sr. I—E Saur, J Ketcheson, equal.
Sr. I—E West, H Runnals.
Sr. I—E Sine, W Sine, F Heath.
E. OSBORNE, Teacher.

It is estimated in London that 100,000 Americans have spent \$40,000,000 in Europe this season.

It is said the Ontario government may establish an institution for the care of feeble-minded women and girls.

The annual report of the British Lunacy Commission shows a disquieting increase in insanity in Great Britain.

The C.P.R. will build a million-dollar dock at Port William and make it the finest inland shipping port in the world.

Brookville Conservatives nominated Mr. A. E. Donovan for the Legislature, but decided not to oppose Hon. Geo. P. Graham.

Twenty-five persons returning from the Dominion Exhibition at Sherbrooke were killed in a train wreck on the Boston & Maine Railroad.

A Chicago woman has offered to allow herself to be asphyxiated in order that a Virginia inventor may attempt to restore life with his artificial respirator.

In celebration of the 148th anniversary of the capture of Quebec, Earl Grey decorated the monument to Wolfe and Montcalm on the Plains of Abraham.

The postmaster-general, Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux, has decided to give to the cities of the Dominion a one-cent rate for drop letters, instead of the two-cent rate which now prevails. This announcement was made by the postmaster-general to a representative of a paper.

At the fifteenth annual convention of the Dominion Women's Christian Temperance Union held at Winnipeg last week, Mr. Thomas Greenway, of Crystal City, an honorary member, received hearty applause when he stated that he thought women should be given the right to vote. He thought that many advantages would accrue to the nation when this privilege was granted to women.

Clubbing List.

The News-Argus will club with the following papers at the rates mentioned:

The Weekly Globe.....\$1.80
The Weekly Mail & Empire, with premium picture.....1.80
The Family Herald & Weekly Star, with premium picture, 1.70
"with picture and book.....1.85
The Weekly Sun.....1.80
The Toronto News (Daily).....2.25
The Toronto Star (Daily).....2.25
The Toronto Globe (Daily).....4.50
The Farmers' Advocate, weekly \$2.25

We recommend our readers to subscribe to the Farmer's Advocate and Home Magazine, the best Agricultural Journal in America.

Satisfied.

A steady looking loner, having ordered and eaten a large and sumptuous dinner, explained to the waiter that he had no money. The waiter immediately told the restaurant proprietor, who sent for a policeman. The proprietor, going up to the unwelcome guest, explained that he had sent for a policeman.

"Thank goodness, you didn't send for a stomach pump!" the steady one replied, with a huge contentment.

His Consolation.

Mr. Justcott—Why, what are you crying about, dear? Mrs. Justcott—Oh, George! The mice have got into the pantry and eaten up a beautiful custard pie I made myself! Mr. Justcott—There, there! Don't cry over a few little mice.



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We have shades, sizes and styles to suit all tastes. :
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Of every description and all sorts of

SCHOOL SUPPLIES
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PADS PENCILS PENS
INKS, ETC.

J. S. MORTON

Druggist, Stationer, Etc.

A Harvard psychologist has invented a couple of little machines which are able to detect falsehood.

The cotton crop of Egypt, which exceeds several million cantars (a cantar is a little over 90 pounds) shows a large increase over all records of the past decade. It is estimated to be worth \$150,000,000.

The principal of the Port Hope Model School has tendered his resignation, having accepted a position in Kingston. On account of this the Model School at Port Hope has been closed, and one opened at Cobourg.

The ladies of the Rylstone Auxiliary of the W. F. M. S., celebrated the 25th anniversary of their organization on the 4th of September, at the home of Mrs. W. J. Meiklejohn. The ladies of the Burnbrae Auxiliary were invited and a goodly number were present.

The Song of the Hair

There are four verses. Verse 1. Ayer's Hair Vigor stops falling hair. Verse 2. Ayer's Hair Vigor makes the hair grow. Verse 3. Ayer's Hair Vigor cures dandruff. Verse 4. Ayer's Hair Vigor makes the scalp healthy, and keeps it so. It is a regular hair-food; this is the real secret of its wonderful success.

The best kind of a testimonial—Sold for over sixty years.

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evening of each month at 8 o'clock.

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Secretary.

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I. O. O. F.
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eases of Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat and Lungs.
Fitting glasses and all acute and chronic
diseases. Office Hours: 12 to 3 p.m. Drug
store in connection.

Green-McConnell

On Tuesday, Sept. 3rd, at six o'clock
p.m., occurred the marriage of Mr. Ar-
thur Green of Glen Ross, and Miss Car-
rie D. only daughter of R. McConnell,
Rev. J. Batstone tying the nuptial knot.

This happy event was celebrated amid
exceedingly pleasant surroundings at
the home of the bride's parents, up-
wards of forty guests participating in
the function, which was artistically
arranged and carried out. Floral de-
corations of red, white and green gave a
pretty effect. The bride, given away
by her father, was gowned in white
silk, with chiffon and lace trimmings,
and carried a shower bouquet of white
carnations. The bride's only ornament
was a gold necklace, the gift of the groom.
Little Miss Gladys Green, niece of the
groom, made a dainty flower girl in a
dress of white silk, and carried the ring
in a basket of flowers. The ceremony
was performed on the lawn, the bridal
party standing under an arch of ever-
greens and flowers. After hearty con-
gratulations and best wishes were over
a repast befitting the occasion was
served.

The display of wedding gifts showed
both quantity and quality. Conspicu-
ous was a check for one thousand dol-
lars from the groom's parents. The
groom's gift to the flower girl was a
gold bracelet.

Mr. and Mrs. Green left the following
day for a week's stay in Toronto and
Niagara, after which they intend mak-
ing their future home in Stirling.

The bride, who was one of our most
popular young ladies, carries the best
wishes of a host of friends for a long
life of happiness.—Picton Times.

The NEWS-ARGUS extends congratula-
tions, and wishes them a long and
happy voyage through life. They have
taken up their residence in the Old Potts
homestead on Front street.

PERSONALS.

Mr. W. Spry, of Montreal, spent a few
days at home last week.

Miss Blanche Seely spent a few days
with Miss Grace Sedell, Minto.

Dr. Chas. and Sherwood Green of New
York are visiting relatives and friends in
Rawdon.

Mr. W. R. Alger, of Millbank, Ont.,
spent a few days visiting relatives and
friends here.

Mr. W. M. Chandler, of Toronto, former-
ly manager of the Sovereign Bank here,
was in town on Friday.

Mrs. Richard Collinge, of Peterboro, is
spending a few days with her sister, Mrs.
Fred Broadbent, Minto.

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Squire and daughter
of Norwood, spent a few days during the
week with Mr. and Mrs. J. Frappay.

Mrs. P. Bellan, of Lapier, Mich., and
Mrs. S. W. Rutan, of Adolphustown, are
visiting their sister, Mrs. L. Wheeler.

Mr. Allen Bulley, of Anson, left on Tues-
day for the West, where he will visit
Beresford, Brandon, Saskatoon and Win-
nipeg.

Mrs. Wm. Waller, sr., and Mrs. Wm.
Waller, jr., of St. John, and Mr. Henry E.
White of Rawdon, left for Chicago to-day
to visit friends there.

Mr. and Mrs. David Tucker arrived
home on Saturday from their trip to the
great West, where they visited friends at
Saskatoon and other places. Mr. Tucker
reports fine crops about Saskatoon, and no
damage from frosts.

Fire caused by lightning destroyed
several barns in western Ontario.

Stomach troubles, heart and kidney ail-
ments can be quickly corrected with a
prescription known to druggists every-
where as Dr. Shoop's Restorative. The
prompt and surprising relief which this
remedy immediately brings is entirely due
to its restorative action upon the control-
ling nerves of the stomach, etc. A weak
stomach, causing dyspepsia, a weak heart
with palpitation or intermittent pulse,
always means weak stomach nerves or
weak heart nerves. Strengthen these in-
side or controlling nerves with Dr. Shoop's
Restorative and see how quickly these
ailments disappear. Dr. Shoop of Racine,
Wis., will mail samples free. Write for
them. A test will tell. Your health is
certainly worth this simple trial. Sold by
all dealers.

ADVERTISING NOTICES.

In the local column will be charged as follows:
By Regular Advertisers—Three times under
25 cents each insertion; over three times,
10c. per line. Matter set in larger than the or-
dinary type, 10c. per line.
To Transient Advertisers—10c. per line each
insertion. No insertion less than 25c.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

Trains to Stirling station as follows—
GOING WEST. GOING EAST.
Mail & Ex. 5:27 a.m. Passenger, 10:17 a.m.
Passenger, 5:42 p.m. Mail & Ex. 8:43 p.m.

The Stirling News-Argus.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 19, 1907.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Thanksgiving day has been fixed for
Oct. 31st.

At St. John's Church, Stirling, on
Sunday, Sept. 22nd, at 11 a.m., a service
to the memory of the late Col.
Halliwell will be held.

The date of the West Huntingdon
Presbyterian Church anniversary is set
for October 20th. The Rev. H. S. Gra-
ham of Madoc is to preach morning and
evening.

The anniversary services of St. An-
drew's Church are arranged for Sunday
October 27th. A prominent preacher
and educationalist has been secured.

Mr. J. W. Haight intends opening up
a lumber yard here and is now putting
in a stock of lumber. He will make
further announcement as soon as his
stock is complete.

Any of our readers wishing to get a
good live daily paper should read the
clubbing announcement of the News-
Argus and Toronto World to be found
in other columns.

Mrs. MARTIN wishes to announce her
Fall Millinery Opening, in McKeljohn's
new block, on Sept. 25th and 27th. Every-
one is cordially invited. Latest styles in
fall millinery.

At the Stirling Cheese Board, on
Tuesday 745 boxes of cheese were offered.
Only 75 boxes were sold to Kerr at
12 1/2 cts. The balance would not sell at
that figure. The Board will meet next
Tuesday at 2 o'clock.

Mr. W. T. Sine, Secretary of the Stirling
Agricultural Society, will be at
Mr. T. H. McKee's office on Monday
next, Sept. 23rd, from 10 a.m. to 6 p.m.,
to receive entries for the Exhibition to
be held on Thursday and Friday next.

Mr. H. W. Brown, of Toronto, preached
in St. Andrew's Church last Sunday,
morning and evening. The addresses
were in the interest of the Sabbath
School, and numerous illustrations
were furnished bearing on the importance
of this work.

Last winter a member of the Public
Library Board suggested a short course
of lectures or evening classes in the in-
terest of the young people of the village.
If interesting subjects could be dealt
with the plan ought to meet with hearty
support and approval.

During his recent vacation the pastor
of St. Andrew's Church spent one Sunday
in the densely populated districts
of East London. Next Sunday morn-
ing he will tell of some of the conditions
there, and of the work of the Tower
Hamlet Mission.

A horse belonging to Mr. John Mc-
Cutcheon on Tuesday became frightened
at an automobile and ran away. The
buggy struck a telegraph post at the
corner of Seely & Hatton's butcher
shop, and the result was badly broken
shafts and harness. There was no one
in the buggy at the time.

At a meeting of the Ladies' Aid Soci-
ety of St. Andrew's Church on Tuesday
evening it was unanimously decided to
at once proceed with the erection of
cement steps, providing a satisfactory
plan can be procured. It is desired to
make the ascent to the church auditori-
um much easier than at present.

A member of one of our local churches
has been called on by a worker in an-
other "sect" not less than four times
within a few weeks. The object of the
visits was to lead this church member
to forsake her own church. There
would appear to be plenty of scope for
christian effort in Stirling without re-
sorting to such means as the above.

A special meeting of the village Council
was held on the evening of the 11th
inst., when Mr. F. Collins was appointed
village clerk to fill the vacancy
caused by the death of the late Col.
Halliwell. Another special meeting
was held on Thursday evening when a
by-law was passed repealing a by-law
passed for the purpose of borrowing two
thousand dollars for Public School pur-
poses, and a new by-law was passed for
the same purpose, but to take effect at
a later date, thereby saving six months'
interest.

We have in prospect an engagement
of the celebrated Schubert Symphony
Club and Lady Quartette Company of
Chicago, and it is expected that they
will be secured to give one of their de-
lightful entertainments about October
16th, under the auspices of the Epworth
League of the Methodist Church. This
Company gives a program of the great-
est variety, consisting of Lady Quar-
tettes, Mandolin and Guitar Club,
Singing, Violin and Vocal solos, and
amusing Readings. In the Schuberts
we will get a musical entertainment that
is enjoyable from first to last—not a
long, dull classical affair, but a bright,
interesting program of music's choicest
gems.

A Splendid Offer

For the balance of this year and for
the whole of 1908, we will give to new
subscribers the NEWS-ARGUS and the
Weekly Globe and Canada Farmer,
with Magazine Supplement, for \$1.50.

Stirling Agricultural Fair

Thursday and Friday next, the 20th
and 27th of September, are the dates for
the Stirling Agricultural Society's exhibi-
tion, and it is expected that this year's
exhibition will be better than ever.

The object of the fair is to encourage
agriculture and dairymen. The farmers
should make the annual fair not only a
success but the best in the district.
They can do so by exhibiting their best
stock, grain and vegetables, and it is
generally conceded that no other part
of eastern Ontario can boast of better
live stock or more productive soil than
the townships surrounding this village.

Our villagers as well should help the
fair, not only by exhibiting good arti-
cles, but by their hearty support and co-
operation. It is mutually helpful to
country and town alike. Let all unite
to make it a success.

Arrangements have been made for a
first-class concert in the Opera House
on Friday evening, Sept. 27th, for which
three talented artists, Will J. White,
humorist, J. Harry Scriber, tenor, and
Miss Hazel Bell, soprano, have been
secured.

HERBERT RASPBERRY

Something new in a Raspberry. "The
best red raspberry tested here." "The heaviest
yielder among all red raspberries,"
writes Prof. Hutt, Guelph. We have
the only large supply in Canada to offer.
6 plants, \$2.00. Express paid. Agents
wanted to introduce this new specialty.

BROWN BROS.,

P.O. Brown's Nurseries, Ont.

WANTED.—At the Evaporator, Stirling,
hand-picked Crab Apples.

O. VANDERVOORT.

Mr. John A. Sprague, one of the best-
known residents of the Bay of Quinte
district, died suddenly at Picton on Sat-
urday. As President of the Picton
Cheese Board he had officiated as usual
during the afternoon, but on leaving
the building he suddenly grew faint
and was immediately attended by Dr.
C. A. Publow, county cheese instructor,
who happened to be with Mr. Sprague.

Within a very few moments, however,
Mr. Sprague had expired. Mr. Sprague
was a resident of Big Island and a very
well-to-do farmer. In earlier life he
was a prominent Liberal. About 1887
he was elected to the Provincial House,
and again at the following election he
carried Prince Edward. He was an
enthusiastic dairyman, and for several
seasons President of the Cheese Board.
He was aged 68. A widow and family
survive. Mr. Sprague was a cousin of
Dr. J. S. Sprague, of this village.

Funeral of the Late Col. Halliwell

The funeral of the late Col. Halliwell
on Friday last was the largest ever seen
in Stirling, and probably the largest
ever witnessed in this county. Early
in the day people began to come in from
the surrounding country, and a special
train from Belleville brought over 300
from there, including a company of the
15th Regiment accompanied by the
Band of the Regiment, and also Col.
Stewart and officers of the 15th, as well
as Col. Gordon, Col. Hemming, Pay-
master Conger and other officers of the
district. A large number of members
of Hastings' Law Association were also
present, as well as several clergymen
from Belleville and other places. All
the stores and business places were
closed from two to four o'clock.

Service was held in St. John's church,
which could contain but a small num-
ber of those who sought admission.
The service was conducted by Rev.
Mr. Byers, rector, assisted by Rev.
Rural Dean Armstrong, Rev. C. M.
Harris of Manoroa, and Rev. Rural
Dean Beamish of Belleville. After ser-
vice the procession was formed, the
hearse preceded by the 15th Regimen-
tal Band, a company of the 15th
No. 2 Company of the 49th Regiment,
and about 800 members of the Orange
order, and the clergymen. Following
the hearse, came the Colonel's horse
with saddle and bridle draped in black
and with riding boots reversed in the
stirrups, a carriage with the numerous
floral offerings, the chief mourners,
members of the Law Association, and
the staff officers.

Among the floral tributes was a beau-
tiful pillow sent by the officers of the
15th Regiment, a wreath from the Ser-
geants' mess, a large floral arch of
beautiful design from L. O. L. No. 110,
Stirling, of which deceased was a member,
a pillow with the words "Our Past
Grand Master" from the Grand Orange
Lodge, a handsome design from the
Grand Chapter of the Royal Arch
Masons, and tributes from the Work-
men and from private individuals.

The service at the grave was con-
ducted by Rev. Mr. Byers, Rev. Mr. Dickin-
son, of Rawdon, and Rev. Rural Dean
Armstrong. The Orange ceremony was
conducted by Rev. W. H. Stevens, the
acting Grand Chaplain of the Orange
Order, and Bro. Duncan Munro, of
Corwall, P. G. M. of the Grand Lodge
of Eastern Ontario.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell was then asked
to say a few words. The venerable
Senator stood at the head of the grave,
and after a few remarks in reference to
his acquaintance with the deceased and
his family he broke down and wept. It
was a most pathetic scene.

The closing ceremony was the firing
of three volleys over the grave by the
firing party under command of Capt.
Barragar, and the bugle call, "the last
post," by bugler Moore.

One more official of the Canadian
Bank of Commerce has joined the staff
of the Sovereign Bank of Canada fol-
lowing the resignation of Mr. L. P.
Snyder, inspector of the Sovereign. It
is understood the vacant position has
been filled by the appointment of Mr.
R. W. Compton, formerly of the Mon-
treal branch, but latterly connected
with the head office of the Canadian
Bank of Commerce.

The Belleville Ontario says it has re-
ceived information which leads to the
belief that the Canadian Pacific Rail-
way Company intend to abandon their
proposed line along the front, and to
secure connection with Belleville by
means of a branch from their main line
to this city. This line will pass through
Foxboro, Plainfield and Roslin, and our
information is that a representative of
the company has been looking over the
ground with a view to the location of
station buildings, sidings, etc.

Dentist.

CAREY.—In Havelock, on Sept. 17th,
ANNA CAREY, daughter of Mr. and Mrs.
W. E. Carey, aged 1 year, 6 months and
17 days.

The funeral will take place to-morrow at 10
a.m., from the residence of Mr. Wm. Fan-
ning to Bethel church, where service will be
held.

Spring Brook Elevator

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of
the stockholders of Spring Brook Elevator
Company will be held at the Elevator, on
Saturday, Oct. 26th, at 2 o'clock p.m., for
the purpose of taking the necessary steps
to close up the business of the Company.

T. J. THOMPSON,
President.

Card of Thanks

I desire to return my sincere thanks to
the officers and members of Stirling Lodge
No. 69, A. F. & M., for their kindness
and attention during the illness, and at the
time of death of my late husband, and also
for the kind letter of condolence sent me.

ANNIE FRENCH.

Card of Thanks

Stirling, Sept. 13th, 1907.

To Officers and Members of L. O. F., Court
Graham, No. 1290.

DEAR SIRS,—I wish to tender my sincere
thanks to your noble Order, and its local
officers in particular, for the kind manner
in which the Order settled so promptly the
claim of one thousand dollars, being the
amount in full of my late husband's certifi-
cate. It was only seven days after the
certificate of death was sent that the
cheque for the above amount arrived.

Wishing your noble Order every pros-
perity, and highly recommending it to all
who may look for such protection, believe
me to be,

Respectfully yours,

ANNIE FRENCH.

Wellman's Rifle Match

The Wellman's Rifle League will hold
their annual prize shoot on Sept. 24th and
25th, beginning at 12:30 sharp each day.
Forty prizes will be given, divided as fol-
lows:

First 13 \$2.00 each
Second 13 \$1.00 each
Next 1450 each

Members to compete must be clear on
the books and enter for the contest on the
first day.

T. H. WOOTON, Captain,
W. ANDERSON, Secretary.

Farm to Rent

Consisting of 200 acres, being the east
half of Lot 17 and west half of Lot 18, in
the 9th Concession of Rawdon, about two
miles west of Spring Brook. Good frame
house and new barn, and well watered.
For further particulars apply to

MRS. JOHN HEAGLE,
Spring Brook.

Farms for Sale

Twenty-five acres, being part of Lot 16,
Concession 7, Sidney.
Thirty-three acres, being part of Lot 17,
Concession 9, Sidney.
One hundred acres, being part of Lot 20,
Concession 2, Rawdon.
Two Hundred acres, Lot 10, 2nd Con-
cession, Seymour.
For further particulars apply to FRANK
SCOTT, Stirling, JOHN RICHARDSON, Stirling,
or the undersigned.

G. G. THRASHER.

Notice to Creditors

In the Matter of the Estate of John A. French,
late of the Village of Stirling, in the County
of Hastings, Agent, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given in pursuance of the
Revised Statutes of Ontario, chapter 12, sec-
tion 8, that all creditors and others having
claims against the estate of J. A. French, who
died on or about the 22nd day of August, 1907,
or who died on or before the 31st day of Octo-
ber, 1907, to send by post, prepaid, or deliver to
John Richardson, of the township of
Sidney, Stirling post office, Executors of the
last will and testament of said deceased, or
their Solicitor, as hereunder, Stirling post
office, their Christian and surname, addresses
and descriptions, and full particulars of
their claims, a statement of their accounts
and the nature of the securities, if any, held
by them, verified by affidavit.

And further notice is given that after such
last mentioned date the said Executors will
proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased
among the parties entitled thereto, having re-
gard only to the claims which they shall have
noticed, and that the said Executors will not
be liable for said assets or any part thereof to
any person or persons of whose claims notice
shall not have been received by them at the
time of such distribution.

And notice is further given that all persons
indebted to said deceased, in any way must
pay the amount of their indebtedness to said
Executors, or their Solicitor, hereunder.

G. G. THRASHER, Solicitor,
Stirling, Ont.

Dated, Sept. 11th, 1907.

Flour Sale

FOR

One Week Only

Will offer a Special

Price on the differ-

ent grades of Flour.

S. HOLDEN,

Groceries, Crockery, Flour, Feed, etc.

Wanted

Peeling Apples and Cider Apple wanted
at the Evaporator, Stirling. Highest price
paid.

O. VANDERVOORT.

Stirling's Cash Store

The one price to all—all the time

New Dress Goods

We have just placed in stock our
new Dress Goods for fall and
winter wear. These include all
the latest materials in Fancy
Checks, Plaids and Stripes, from
...25 cts. to \$1.50 per yd.

New Silk Blouses

From \$1.98 to \$7.50 each. See the
special values we show, regular
\$2.50 each, sale price...\$1.98

New Wrapperettes

Extra value at 10c, 12 1/2c, 15c, and
18c. yard.

New Flannelettes

In stripes and plain shades of Pink,
White, Cream, Cardinal and
Grey, from .8 cts. to 17 cts.

LADIES' & MISSES' NEW FALL COATS

RODGERS' GARMENTS

HAVE NO EQUAL.

Every Garment guaran-
teed to be

CORRECT STYLE

Prices, from \$2.25 to \$18

G. W. ANDERSON.

Produce taken in exchange for goods or for cash. PHONE No. 29.

LOOK HERE!

Just received our Fall Shipment of

Men's Patent Colt Bluchers

They are beauties. We guarantee them to give satisfaction.

Also see our—

Men's Box Calf Bluchers

Leather lined, Dry-foot Soles.

STRONG BOOTS FOR MEN & BOYS

OR, A SAD LIFE STORY

CHAPTER LXIII.

Does he entertain her motive? Does not it rather strike him with a species of shock how superficial must be the nature, how on the surface the suffering, of one who can already begin again to take a mischievous interest in the World, to make amours, and to mimic afresh the Zerkow, the King of the French throne, a Rukle, a Kengon?

DISCREET.

"Is he a man of discretion?"

"Sure. When he writes a letter to girl whom he addresses as 'Darling Baby' he uses the type machine a dozen't even sign his initials."

Hope, rest, fresh air, and—*Scott's Emulsion*.
ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND \$1.00.

CARE OF YOUNG PIGS

Hope, rest, fresh air, and—*Scott's Emulsion*.
ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND \$1.00.

TREASURE OF THE DESERT.

Marriage is often a failure because man is unable to think of the right excuse at the right time.

A SAILOR'S WORK ALOFT.

FLOWERS LAST LONGER.

FLOWERS LAST LONGER.

DISCREET.

"Is he a man of discretion?"

"Sure. When he writes a letter to a girl whom he addresses as 'Darling Baby' he uses the type machine and doesn't even sign his initials."

DISCREET.

"Sure. When he writes a letter to a girl whom he addresses as 'Darling Baby' he uses the type machine and doesn't even sign his initials."

Consumption is less deadly than it used to be.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND \$1.00.



THRESHERS' SUPPLIES

Asbestos Packing --

"British Navy,"--the best on the market to-day.

Threshers' Mitts --

All kinds and prices.

Lace Leather --

Highest quality.

Red Engine Oil --

A high grade Machine Oil.

White Cotton Waste --

Of superior quality.

Give us a call. We can supply your wants in this line.

HENRY WARREN & SON

Hardware

Phone 25

HURRAH FOR SCHOOL!

Get the Boys and Girls Booted for School.

Boots for little Boys and Girls, strong ones, 50 cts. up.

Boys' Grain extra strong and soled, from \$1.00 up.

Girls' School Boots, no better boot on the market, from \$1.00.

Girls' Box Calf Bals, neat and excellent for wear, \$1.25 up.

Don't fail to call and see our lines before purchasing.

Big Discount this Month
on all Summer Shoes

OUR RELIABLE HAND-MADE BOOTS

We use only the best leather money can buy; made up in the most substantial manner. Every pair guaranteed. Come and leave us your measure.

If you want your dollars to go farthest, call on

GEO. E. REYNOLDS,

SHOE KING.

Butter and Eggs taken in exchange.

LEARN DRESS-MAKING BY MAIL

In your spare time at home, or

Take a Personal Course at School.

To enable all to learn we teach on

cash or installment plan. We also teach

personal class at school once a month.

Class commencing last Tuesday of each

month. These lessons teach how to cut,

fit and put together any garment from the

plainest shirt, waist suit, to the most elaborate

dress. The whole family can learn from

one course. We have taught over seven

thousand dress-making, and guarantee to

give five hundred dollars to any one that

cannot learn between the age of 14 and

40. You cannot learn dress-making as

thorough as this course teaches if you

work in shops for years. Beware of imitations

as we employ no one outside the

school. This is the only experienced Dress

Cutting School in Canada and excelled by

none in any other country. Write at once

for particulars, as we have cut our rate one

third for a short time. Address --

SANDERS' DRESS-CUTTING SCHOOL,

31 Erie St., Stratford, Ont., Canada.

Mr. Mann, vice-president of the Canadian

Northern Railway, says that during

the past season the company has

paid \$8,000,000 out for additional equip-

ment, rolling stock and improvements.

Compulsory swimming lessons in the

schools are now being suggested as a

remedy against the fearful increase of

drowning fatalities. They may do some

good, but they are not nearly all that

are needed. Compulsory lessons in

causation management might also be of

value; but the real requirement is com-

pulsory lessons in common sense, and

no teacher has yet been found who can

give them.

It is understood that in order to en-

large the capacity of the Trent canal to

a nine foot basis and to accommodate

boats 150 feet long, new locks will be

built at Hastings and Peterboro in the

near future. The present lock at Has-

tings was built in 1837 and is con-

sequently seventy years old, and although

its capacity was equal to the require-

ments of days gone by it will not likely

be large enough for freighters when the

canal is opened.

Weak Women

To weak and ailing women, there is at least one

way to health. One is to take a course of

treatment. One is to take a course of

treatment. One is to take a course of

treatment. One is to take a course of

treatment. One is to take a course of

treatment. One is to take a course of

treatment. One is to take a course of

treatment. One is to take a course of

Three thousand passengers from Euro-

pe arrived at Montreal on Saturday.

C. Reginald Jamieson, a Toronto

University graduate, whose letters un-

der the pen-name of "Junius, Jun.,"

caused the investigation into University

affairs, was drowned in French river.

Newspaper Law--Read It

If any person orders his paper discon-

tinued he must pay all arrears, and the

publisher may continue to send it

until payment is made, and collect the

whole amount whether the paper is taken

from the office or not. There can be

no legal discontinuance until the pay-

ment is made.

Any person who takes a paper from the

post-office, whether directed to his

name or another, or whether he has sub-

scribed or not, is responsible for the pay.

This proceeds upon the ground that a

man must pay for what he uses.

The courts have decided that refusing

to take newspapers and periodicals from

the post-office, removing and leaving

them uncollected, is prima facie evi-

dence of intentional fraud.

Health Insurance

for Women.

"Woman's work is never done."

There is always something to do--

running up and down stairs, lift-

ing, bending, straining--no wonder

the kidneys become affected. That is why so many

women suffer with headaches, lame

back, dragging pains through the

hips, nervousness, weak spells. When the kidneys

are weakened or strained, the de-

licate female organs are dis-

turbed and inflamed, bringing on

a train of female complaints.

Bu-Ju

The Gentle Kidney Pill

Insures health to women who

work. Bu-Ju keeps the Kid-

neys strong and healthy, purifies

the blood, and acts as a gen-

tle, strengthening tonic on the

delicate female organs.

BLAKE, ONT.

"I was not able to do my own work in

the house, and was barely able to

dress myself. My fingers and hands were

swollen up with pain. I think there is

nothing like Bu-Ju. Am able to do

my own work now with comfort, which I

was not able to do before taking Bu-Ju.

Mrs. JAS. MCLENNERY,

Bu-Ju is invaluable during preg-

nancy. All expectant mothers should take

a Bu-Ju Pill at bedtime, to insure her

own health and that of the child. 50c.

a large box. At all druggists, or from

THE CLAPLIN CHEMICAL CO., LIMITED

WINDSOR, ONT.

MIXED IN THE THUNDER.

A Scene in "Macbeth" That Was Not in the Playbill.

It is related of Cooke, the actor, that when a youth, being without the necessary cash to pay for a seat "In front," he got behind the scenes one night and hid himself in a large cannon ball, but the youth, not being initiated into the mysteries of the place, did not suspect that cannon balls helped to make thunder in a barrel as well as in a twenty-four pounder.

The play was "Macbeth," and in the first scene the thunder was required to give due effect to the situation of the cowering witches. It was not long ere the Jupiter Thunders of the theater, allies and the property men, approached and seized the barrel, and the horror of the concealed boy may be imagined as the man proceeded to cover the open end with a piece of old carpet and tie it carefully to prevent the thunder from being split.

Cooke was profoundly and heroically silent. The machine was lifted by the brawny stage servitor and carried carefully to the side scene lest in rolling the thunder should rattle before its cue.

All was made ready, the witches took their places amid flames of resin, the thunder bell rang, the barrel received its impetus with young Cooke and the cannon balls, the stage stricken lad roaring lustily, to the amusement of the thunderer, who neglected to stop the rolling machine, which entered on the stage, and Cooke, bursting off the carpet head of the barrel, appeared before the audience, to the horror of the weird sisters and to the hilarity of the spectators.--London Mail.

MUSHROOMS.

Those That Are Poisonous Always Carry the "Death Cup."

Mushrooms when poisonous are the most dangerous plants in existence, as there is no antidote for the poison.

Without going into the intricacies of the edible "meadow" (Agaricus campestris), and the "horse" mushroom (Agaricus arvensis), which are among the most wholesome and valuable vegetables, and of the numerous other harmless and nutritious varieties, as distinguished by their dark spores from the poisonous kind with white spores, one rule of observation will preserve the health and safety of any one collecting wild mushrooms for eating.

Without the use of a single technical term, the difference in poisonous and nonpoisonous mushrooms is easily shown, even to a novice. What botanists call the "death cup," the volva around the stem, or in plainer terms, the socket around the stem, is never absent from the deadly mushrooms.

Sometimes it is distinct, well above ground, up around the lower part of the stem; then again it is below ground, but not attached to the stem so as to lose the cup shape, and sometimes it grows upon the stem, giving it a bulbous, swollen base. Severely reject every plant that has a bulbous stem or the cup standing out around the stem. All edible and harmless mushrooms have straight stems, the same size from the root to the cap--Georgia Torrey Denman in Good Housekeeping.

Mystification.

His weakness was prevarication. His wife detested lying and constantly urged him to mend his ways. One morning she said: "Will, see if you can't be perfectly truthful today. Don't tell a lie. Now, promise!" He promised and went away to work. When he came home to dinner, she said:

"Dear, did you keep your promise?"

"I did," he replied soberly.

Then he caught her in his arms.

"Darling," he cried, "I will not lie to you. When I said I had kept my promise to you, I did not tell the truth; but, believe me, that was the only lie I told all day."

For twenty-two seconds she was lost in perplexity. Then she gave it up; the problem was too deep for her.

The Part He Lost.

A New England man testifies of a prosperous Connecticut farmer, painfully exact in money matters who married a widow of Greenwich possessing in her own right the sum of \$10,000. Shortly after the wedding a friend met the farmer, to whom he offered congratulations, at the same time observing:

"It's a good thing for you, Malachi, a marriage that means \$10,000 to you."

"Not quite that, Bill," said the farmer; "not quite that." "Why?" exclaimed the friend, "I understood there was every cent of \$10,000 in it for you."

"I had to pay \$2 for a marriage license," said Malachi.

Gnawed His Way Out of Prison.

A burglar named Scharschmidt, in prison at Gera, deliberately set to work to gnaw through a thick oak beam in front of his cell window. It was a work of seven weeks. The fragments of wood which were torn away with his teeth he replaced with chewed bread until the beam was almost gnawed through. A final smashing noise was heard by the wardens, but before they could appear Scharschmidt had escaped.--London Chronicle.

Just the Same as Usual.

"I thought you said you weren't going to drink any more."

"I did."

"But here you are drinking as much as ever."

"Well, that isn't any more, is it?"

A broad minded man never loses an

sleep because another man's opinion

differs from his own.--Wright

City News.

CUT THEM ALL OUT.

The Enemies One Is Likely to Meet in His Vocabulary.

"In the dictionary of fools we find 'I can't' very often, plenty of 'ifs' and lots of words like 'luck' and 'destiny' and phrases like 'If I only had time or a chance like other people!'"

Did you ever think that many of the words and phrases which you constantly use are your real enemies, that they have their hideous pictures and black shadows in your mind?

How many times have you been kept from doing a good deed by such phrases as "Oh, I can't do that," "I am afraid that that will not turn out well," "Oh, I know I can't do that," "Somebody else can do that a great deal better," "I am afraid to try," "I haven't the courage," "I fear I shall take cold or catch some disease if I do this or that?"

I believe that those two words, "I can't," have ruined more prospects and have kept more ability doing the work of mediocrity than any other two words in our language.

"I am afraid of this or that" is a terrible hinderer, a terrible blighter of ambition, a cooler of enthusiasm.

All achievement and all efficiency depend upon initiative, and that is easily killed by the fear words, the words which express doubt and uncertainty.

"By thy words thou shalt be justified, and by thy words thou shalt be condemned."--Success.

VALUE OF WALKING.

Benefits To Be Derived From This Form of Exercise.

There is hardly an instance of a long lived man who has not been for the best part of his life a brisk walker and for some reason or other has had to do some exercise pretty well every day.

Riding is all very well and so are other exercises, but there is nothing like a good walk, because it stimulates the blood and the muscles and necessitates being in the open air.

If those who complain of being stout would only think of this and never omit a daily constitutional they would be amply rewarded. It will keep them young and their figures presentable.

It is simply a remedy that no one needs to. Sitting about in the open air is all very well and is far better than sitting in the house, but it does not keep you in good health.

It is quite another thing to over-fatigue oneself. There is nothing better than to get into a healthy perspiration by walking. It is just like drinking a glass of cold water in the morning. It is so simple no one believes in it.

This may not suit everybody, but those it does suit it will keep in health.

Help the Editor.

An Oklahoma editor puts forth this plea: "My friend, help the editor in his wide eyed search for news. When your friends come to you, if you are not ashamed of it, tell him; when your wife gives a tea party, if you will have recovered from the effects of the gossip, drop in with the news; when a baby arrives fill your pockets with cigars and call; if you go to a party, steal some of the good things and leave 'em with the item in our sanctum. If your wife licks you, come in and let us see your scars and tender sympathy through the paper. If your mother-in-law has died, don't be bashful about it; give in all the common-place news. In short, whatever makes you feel proud, sad, lonesome or glad submit it to our twenty-four carat wisdom and see our matted lock part and stand up on end with gratitude, which will pour from every pore with moisture from a dew bespangled earth."

The Bird Got Wise.

A gentleman by way of a joke placed a golf ball in the nest of his ancient parrot. Polly sat with exemplary patience on her novel egg and appeared pretty nearly heartbroken when the weeks went by and she found herself unrewarded. At last she could stand it no longer. A terrible screeching brought her owner downstairs at 4 o'clock in the morning.

"What's the matter, Polly?" he asked as he noticed that the bird's beak was clamped through trying to get at the interior.

"Matter!" screeched Polly. "Great Scott, I'm bunkered!"--London Telegraph.

Pedestrian Rights.

Only in Great Britain, so far as I know, does the law hold that a foot passenger has an equal right to the highway with the wheeled traffic and that it is the duty of the driver of the latter to avoid at all costs the former, even if he has to do so at considerable inconvenience and often danger. In other countries, on the contrary, it is the duty of the pedestrian to give way to the wheeled traffic.

Poor Old Sol.

An astronomer says that an enormous dark planet is rushing toward the sun and that the impact, which is to take place in a few thousand years, will be frightful. Great Caesar! If that's the case, Old Sol stands a good chance of having the spots knocked out of him.

What Ma Said.

Little Girl (to lady visitor)--Please, Miss Jawver, let me see your tongue. Miss J. (surprised)--Why, my dear? Little Girl--Why, ma said you'd no end of a tongue.--London Sketch.

Feminine Sympathy.

Miss Fytte--We have heard that my brother in Australia has been nearly drowned. They only just managed to save his life! The Visitor--Dear me, I am sorry to hear that!

If thou takest time into thy affairs

It will ally and arrange all things.

Apollodorus.

WHEN NAPOLEON WALKED.

An Incident of the Tragical Retreat From Moscow.

It was on Nov. 25, at about 7 o'clock in the morning, when we saw the head of the column. The first we saw were generals, a few of whom were on horseback, but the majority on foot. The latter painfully dragged themselves along, almost all having their feet frozen and bound up in rags and pieces of sheepskin and dying of hunger. We then saw what was left of the cavalry of the guard. The emperor came next on foot, with a stick in his hand. He was muffled up in a large capote lined with fur and wore on his head an anaranthine velvet cap edged with black foxskin. On his right marched, also on foot, King Murat; on his left, Prince Eugene, viceroy of Italy; then Berthier, prince of Neufchatel; Ney, Moritz, Lefebvre and other marshals and generals whose corps had been partly destroyed.

They were followed by 700 to 800 officers and subofficers, marching in order and bearing in the greatest silence the eagles of the regiments to which they had belonged and that had so often led them to victory. They were the remnant of over 60,000 men. My poor friend, who had not seen the army for a month, gazed on silently, but his convulsive movements showed only too well what he felt. I saw big tears roll down the cheeks and fall on his mustache, from which icicles were hanging. Then, turning to me, "Really, compatriot, I do not know whether I am asleep or awake; I weep because I have seen our emperor marching on foot, a stick in his hand--that was so great and who has made us so proud!"--Memoires of Sergeant Bourgogne.

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They

THE STIRLING NEWS-ARGUS.

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STIRLING, HASTINGS COUNTY, ONT., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1907.

Vol. XX, No. 2.

Do You Know

STYLISH **FRED WARD** THE STYLE
GARMENTS... THE TAILOR... THAT GOES

If not, you ought to make his acquaintance at once

DO YOU KNOW

That he is making up some of the most stylish cut garments that the most PARTICULAR could wish to wear, from the

NEW IMPORTED TWEED AND WORSTED SUITINGS, OVERCOATINGS, TROUSERINGS

Which are just being put into stock for the Fall and Winter trade.

WE CAN GUARANTEE perfection in Fit, Finish and Workmanship. We want every garment we make to be a trade-winner. No extra charge for the superior make and finish we put into our garments.

Three Improvements for the Season—

THE VOGUE:

THE MANUFACTURERS
OUR SELECTIONS
OUR STYLE OF CUTTING

Brown with Green Mixture
Browns
Stripes are alright.

DO YOU WEAR

READY-TO-WEAR CLOTHES

99½ per cent. who have tried

THE WARD BRAND

Say it is just what it is sold for—the best that can be produced for the price you pay, whether \$6.00 or \$15.00.

What about

Your New Fall Hat or Cap?

We have just received the latest tip.

NEW SHIRTS, NEW TIES, NEW COLLARS

COMING THIS WAY ALWAYS PUT UP AT

FRED T. WARD,

Headquarters for Men's Fine Ordered Clothing, Haberdashery, Etc.

MILLINERY ANNOUNCEMENT

Our Fall and Winter showing of pattern Hats will take place

Thursday and Friday, Sept. 26th, 27th

At this opening we will display

New and Up-to-date Fall Millinery

All strictly new Felt Hats, Trimmed Hats, Ostrich and Fancy Feathers, Flowers, Braids and Ornaments.

MISS ANDERSON is in charge of Millinery Department.

GREAT REDUCTION SALE IN

MUSLINS : LAWNS : WHITEWEAR
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APPRENTICE WANTED in Millinery Department.

C. F. STICKLE.

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Farmers' Notes Discounted, and a General Banking Business conducted.

Highest Rates of Interest allowed on deposits, and paid every three months.

Wedding Pills

McQuigge—Horst

A very pretty wedding was solemnized at the home of Mr. Thomas Walker, Jr., Rawdon, on Wednesday evening Sept. 18th, when his niece, Miss Emily Horst, was united in holy matrimony to Mr. John A. McQuigge, by Rev. J. E. Smith, pastor of St. Andrew's Church, Burinbrae, of which church the bride was a member. In the parlor, where the marriage was celebrated, was an arch of evergreens, under which hung a beautiful bell of white asters with the bride's initial E. interwoven in purple asters. In the background were some beautiful plants.

Miss Mabel McQuigge, niece of the groom, played the wedding march as the bride entered the parlor leaning on the arm of her uncle. Miss F. May Horst, sister of the bride, acted as bridesmaid, while Mr. George McQuigge, brother of the groom, ably discharged the duties of groomsmen. The bride looked very handsome in a beautiful cream silk dress with chiffon trimmings, and wore a chiffon veil with bridal roses in her hair, and carried a bouquet of white asters. The bridesmaid wore a lovely tulle batiste with allover lace and applique and carried a bouquet of white asters.

After the ceremony was performed Rev. J. E. Smith presented the bride with a beautiful bible. Then the usual congratulations took place and the hearty good wishes of their many friends, after which the happy couple, with the guests, who numbered about 60, repaired to the dining room where a most excellent supper was served.

The house was most beautifully decorated throughout; the dining room being decorated with evergreens and red, white and green tissue paper and Chinese lanterns. The bride received a large number of both beautiful and useful presents. The groom's gift to the bride was a lovely gold bracelet; to the bridesmaid a sapphire ring, and to the groomsmen gold shirt studs set with rubies. A prettier house wedding has not been seen for some time.

Mr. and Mrs. McQuigge left on the following morning amid showers of rice, and followed by the best wishes of a host of friends for a long and happy life.

Rogers—Hubble

The home of Mr. W. H. Hubble, Stockdale, was the scene of a very pretty event, when his only daughter, Lillie Earl, was united in marriage to Mr. Earl Rogers, of Murray. The interesting ceremony was performed by Rev. Mr. Stevens, of Rawdon, an old friend of the bride, under a pretty arch of evergreens and white asters. The bride, who looked charming in a pretty gown of cream cashmere handsomely trimmed with lace and ribbon and wore a tulle veil fastened with a wreath of orange blossoms, entered the parlor leaning on the arm of her father, to the strains of the wedding march, played by Miss Clara Hendrick, Miss Bertha Branscombe, of Colborne, was bridesmaid, while Mr. Ernest Hubble, cousin of the bride, assisted the groom. After the nuptial knot was tied the bride and groom led the way to the dining hall where a sumptuous repast was served to one hundred and forty invited guests. The bride was the recipient of a beautiful collection of presents, among them being a set of silver knives and forks and a handsome rug from the Sunday School, where she held the position of organist. The groom's present to the bride was a purse of money; to the bridesmaid a handsome brooch, and to the best man gold cuff links. The bride's travelling suit was a grey checked tweed, with hat to match. After a serenade by the Frankford band the happy couple left for their future home in Murray, amid showers of rice and good wishes.

Farm Weeds of Canada

Mr. Geo. H. Clarke, the Dominion Seed Commissioner, has in connection with Prof. James Fletcher prepared a handsome illustrated bulletin on "Farm Weeds of Canada," which will be invaluable as a reference book on noxious weeds. Owing to the high cost of the production of the bulletin, the supply is limited, and its free distribution will have to be restricted largely to schools of agriculture.

Trial Catarrh treatments are being mailed out free, on request, by Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. These tests are proving to the people—without a penny's cost—the great value of this scientific prescription known to druggists everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Catarrh Kennedy. Sold by all dealers.

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Wellman's Corners

The Women's Institute held their September meeting at the residence of Mrs. Chas. Dracup. There was a large attendance of the members and one visitor present. The president, Miss Wootton, occupied the chair. The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved. Mrs. Graham read a beautiful selection from Fenelon. Mrs. Blake Totton rendered a song. A discussion took place on "Our little worries and how to bear them." Mrs. Fred Snarr gave an excellent paper, the subject being "Fall fairs, and what benefits do we derive from attending them." Several questions were asked and there was a short discussion. Miss Watson gave a humorous reading, entitled "Hannah's Strike." The program was arranged for the next meeting, which is to be held at the residence of Mrs. W. Selborne Dracup on the third Thursday in October. The collection for the Sick Children's Hospital amounted to 75 cts. After the usual vote of thanks to the hostess and entertainers the meeting closed with the National Anthem.

Mr. Norris Hoze, of Colwater, is visiting his mother, Mrs. Wm. Hogle.

Mr. Clarke preached an impressive sermon on Sunday evening, taking his text from 2nd Kings, 2:6.

Next Sunday will be Rally Day for the Sunday School here, and a special meeting will be held at 10 a.m. for the children.

We are pleased to hear that Mr. Wm. Snarr, who is ill with pneumonia, is improving.

Mr. Charles Totton arrived home on Thursday from Saskatoon. He reports a frost there, but says that about 75 per cent. of the crop was already harvested.

Fred Anderson writes from Regina that the frost in that region has not been nearly as disastrous to the crops as has been reported.

Chatterton Chips

During the thunderstorm which passed over this region on Thursday night, the lightning struck Moses Boardman's barn, splitting a couple of rafters and floorposts, but fortunately did not set fire.

Most of the farmers around here have cut their corn and it seems a fair crop. There has been no frost here yet.

Our blacksmith scarcely gets time to eat.

A couple of our yeomen got into a scrap last Saturday over some melons, but there was not much blood spilt.

John W. Turner, the last of the pioneers of the Turner settlement, who has been feeble for some time, died on Monday night.

Foxboro Notes

The many friends of Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Smith regret their departure from our village. They are about to move to another field of labor and will be greatly missed, not only by the members of their own congregation but also by their friends in the Methodist church.

The stork has presented Mr. and Mrs. Philip Roblin with a little boy and girl.

Mrs. H. A. Thompson and little daughter, May, of Strathcona, spent Monday in our midst renewing old acquaintances.

The male choir in connection with the services for young men, on Sunday, was a decided success. Rev. Mr. Cragg preached from the text, "Is the young man Absalom safe?" and the sermon certainly must have gone straight to the hearts of the large audience present.

The melon social on Monday evening was well attended. Proceeds amounted to over \$25 for the W.M.S.

Mrs. Fife, of Peterboro, is the guest of Mrs. John Welborne.

Miss Ora Shaw is about to leave for Toronto to attend Victoria University.

Miss Farrell, of the 4th concession of Sidney, spent Sunday with Miss Shaw.

Mr. King, of Cobalt, was the guest of Miss Lottie Ashley for a few days of last week.

The Labor Congress in session at Winnipeg have declared against the Government at Ottawa. A resolution urging the abrogation of the treaty with Japan, especially the clause dealing with immigration, was sent to Sir Wilfrid Laurier, and the Premier's reply was too non-committal for the labor men. They therefore decided to oppose the Government at the polls on every opportunity.

Pain anywhere, pain in the head, painful periods, neuralgia, toothache, all pains can be promptly stopped by a thoroughly safe little pink Candy Tablet, known by druggists everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Headache Tablets. Pain simply means congestion—undue blood pressure at the point where pain exists. Dr. Shoop's Headache Tablets quickly equalize this unnatural blood pressure, and pain immediately departs. Write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis., and get a free trial package. Large box 25 cts., at all dealers.

£ Sterling Hall



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A SUITABLE PROPOSITION

If you wish to climb the ladder of success see to it that you are clad in a PROGRESS BRAND SUIT. These are finely tailored garments in fashionable cloths of satisfactory quality and approved style.

Prices, \$10 to \$15 a Suit.

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WITH every PROGRESS BRAND SUIT purchased we give a perfectly free Accident Insurance Policy for \$1000.00, good for one year.

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Direct Importer of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods and Retailer of Everything to wear for Everybody.

A Splendid Offer

To new subscribers, we offer the

News-Argus and

The Weekly Sun

For the balance of the year, for

THIRTY CENTS

THE SUN is a paper gotten up specially in the interests of farmers, and gives a great amount of information of a kind particularly interesting to the farming community.

October always begins on the same day of the week as January, April as July, September as December, February, March and November begin on the same days. May, June and August always begin on different days from each other in the year. The first and last days of the year are always the same. These rules do not apply to leap year.

Dates of the Fall Fairs

Ameliasburg	Oct. 4, 5
Brighton	Sept. 28
Colborne	Sept. 30, Oct. 1
L'Amable	Oct. 1
Norwood	Oct. 8, 9
Peterboro	Sept. 26, 27, 28
Pictou	Sept. 25, 26
Shannonville	Sept. 28
Stirling	Sept. 26, 27
Tweed	Oct. 2
Warkworth	Oct. 3, 4

Get the Money-saving Habit.

... VISIT ...

THE PALMS

And see our fine display of FANCY DINNER and TEA SETS From \$10.50 up.

Fancy pieces Decorated China
Fancy Jardiniers, from .25c to \$4.00
Water Sets, from \$1.25 to \$1.75

GROCERY SPECIALS:

4 lbs. of 30c Tea for \$1.00
Our 25c Tea is a winner.
Our 40c Black Tea can't be beaten.
Select Valencia Raisins... 10c. per lb.
Cleaned currants... 3 lbs. for 25c.
Plenty of Salt on hand.
Also best American Coal Oil.
Produce taken in exchange or for cash.

J. L. ASHLEY

Goods delivered.

Phone 31.

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat
A Candy Bowl Laxative.

NOBODY WAS SEASICK ON BOARD

Interesting Paragraphs About the
World's Greatest Vessel and

Not a single case of sickness was known during the entire voyage of the Lusitania.

One chronic kicker said freely:—"What! the use of going to sea in a boat like this with no discomforts to talk or grumble about?"

The Wednesday evening concert on board brought 5400 for the Seamen's Aid, and showed that professional talent had come along.

"Never anything like it." was the universal verdict of the passengers regarding the great Cunarder.

More than a score of newspaper men from England and Scotland accompanied the Lusitania on her trip.

A large contingent of officials welcomed the big ship. Quarantine men met them; the Federal Marshal, waiting for the 1,500 bags of mail brought over.

Every foot of the Lusitania's water was forth L. the words by wireless telegraphy, as if her course had been set for her then from New York to Hoboken.

The steamer needed the 40 minutes on her arrival was due for them that given to the first steamship which entered the port of New York.

The Lusitania made her trip in 6 hours and 20 minutes quicker than the same course has ever been before.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 26, 1907.

Get Results

People cannot judge you by your intention. For that reason you will sometimes be misjudged. There is only one eye that sees the good motive back of the blundering act, and excuses the failures because of the honest purpose. Your fellows have but one way of estimating you, and that is by results. Every one makes mistakes, but if we profit by them as we should we shall reduce the number. Everybody fails sometimes; but no one has a right to fail all the time. It is a good thing to mean well, but the world has a right to expect us to do well. Get results!

The Use of Stimulants

Luther Burbank, the noted wizard of fruit culture, who has originated and brought to perfection many useful varieties of fruits, says:

"I never use tobacco or alcohol in any form, and rarely coffee or tea. I can prove to you most conclusively that even the mild use of stimulants is incompatible with work requiring accurate attention and definite concentration. To assist me in my work of budding—work that is as accurate and exacting as watchmaking—I have a force of twenty men. I have to discharge men from this force if incompetent. Some time ago my foreman asked me if I took pains to inquire into the personal habits of my men. On being answered in the negative he surprised me by saying that the men I found unable to do the delicate work of budding invariably turned out to be smokers or drinkers. These men, while able to do the rough work of farming, call budding and other delicate work 'puttering,' and have to give it up, owing to an inability to concentrate their nerve force. Even men who smoke one cigar a day cannot be trusted with some of my most delicate work. Cigarettes are even more damaging than cigars, and their use by young boys is little short of criminal, and will produce in them the same effects that stand placed in a watch will produce—destruction. Several of my young acquaintances are in their graves who gave promise of making happy and useful citizens; and there is no question whatever that cigarettes alone were the cause of their destruction. No boy living would commence the use of cigarettes if he knew what a useless, soulless, worthless thing they would make of him.

Six Months for Horse Stealing

Walter Lowery, aged 24, who claims Bannockburn as his residence, appeared before Magistrate A. F. Wood, on Saturday, charged with stealing a horse the previous evening from the stables at Moon's hotel. He pleaded guilty to the charge and elected to be tried by the magistrate, who sent him down to the county jail for six months at hard labor. The young man came down to the fair and getting somewhat under the influence of liquor went to the stables and took a horse belonging to one man and another's buggy. When taken into custody he claimed that drink had made him irresponsible for his actions. The horse, which was a young animal, suffered somewhat from the abuse it received. The magistrate told the prisoner if he could raise the money to pay the damages to the horse his sentence would be reduced from six months to three.—Maddox Review.

An Epitaph Used by Mark Twain

Mistaken reference is so often made to what is termed the "epitaph written by Mark Twain for his wife," that it is worth while to set the matter straight. The epitaph referred to was not placed upon the tombstone of Mr. Clemens' wife, but upon that of his daughter Susie. It was not original with Mark Twain, but was taken by him from a little poem written some fifteen years ago by an Australian poet named Robert Richardson. It appeared in a book of poems by Richardson, which was published in Edinburgh, in 1888, under the title of Willow and Watles.

The verse used as the epitaph is as follows:

"Warm summer sun,
Shine kindly here,
Warm southern wind,
Blow softly here,
Green sod above,
Lie light, lie light,
Good night, dear heart,
Good night, good night."

The verse has so often been referred to as being Mark Twain's own composition that he has recently had the name of the actual author of it carved upon the stone.

Will You Help Me?

(An ex-convict sought and received assistance from Grover Cleveland.)

Will you help me o'er the shadow thrown across my cloudy path?
And assist me to a shelter from the social blighting frost?
Will you condescending notice such a derelict as I,
Drifting on an onerous ocean, nenth a starless, blackish sky?

I was once a man respected by such nobles as you.
I have wronged and I have suffered, and I start out to pursue
The path that leads to self esteem and confidence of men.
I long to see the stars and sky of honesty again.

Then throw a line and tow me in where bottom can be found,
And let me anchor in the hope of friend-ship's holding ground;
And may eternal love abide forever and a day
With him who picks the smallest stone from a repentant way.

Sept. 1, 1907.

BRAMLEY KITE.

Covetousness

Watching a crowd of people scrambling frantically off the Boston ferry boat one morning I remarked to the friend beside me: "Give us this day our daily bread." "These people are after cake," he tersely answered. There was point to the remark; those late-comers to store and office represented the great host of people who think that luxuries are necessities. Almost every one of them was probably desirous of some prize which he did not need. It is because the twentieth century is covetous of houses equal to a neighbor's, of elegant automobiles that other people, and of the accessories of social position possessed by the few, that it wears such a wrinkled, careworn face. Covetousness, which the New Testament calls idolatry, is the century's sin.

The chances of sudden death are greater among men than women in the ratio of eight to one.

The third woman lawyer in the province, Miss Geraldine B. Robinson, was admitted to the Bar.

Hon. A. G. MacKay was, on Friday, chosen leader of the Liberal party in the Legislative Assembly.

Efforts of the Calgary Exhibition people to secure the Dominion Fair for 1908 have been crowned with success.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred H. Reid of Goderich, were killed at a railway crossing near Hespeir, while on their wedding tour.

Magistrate Brown and party collected something like fifteen hundred dollars in fines from unlicensed groggeries north of Cobalt.

Seward L. Graham was drowned in Cobalt Lake while returning from an errand to bring a doctor to a couple of men overcome with gas.

Citizens of Owen Sound gave Hon. A. G. MacKay a great reception in honor of his appointment as leader of the Liberals in the Ontario Legislature.

Accountants for the United States Government have estimated that the earnings of the Standard Oil Company since 1885 have been over \$800,000,000.

Burglars who were working in Delhi post office were challenged by Mr. Geo. Holson, and sent a bullet through his hat. After an exchange of several shots the burglars got away.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier has replied to the request of the Dominion Trades Congress showing that the treaty with Japan is not a thing to be lightly terminated, as they request.

The Sovereign Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Oddfellows met at St. Paul last week. Reports submitted show that during the year just closed the membership of the order increased \$4,000, and that the members of the Daughters of Rebekah increased 24,000.

LEGAL TENDER.

You Might Think Gold Certificates Are, but They Are Not.

"Gold certificates, silver certificates and national bank notes are not legal tender, but both classes of certificates are receivable for all public debts, while national bank notes are receivable for all public debts except on imports and may be paid out by the government for all salaries and other debts and demands owing by the United States to individuals, corporations and associations within the United States," says the treasury department.

"Gold coins are legal tender at its nominal face value for all debts."

"Standard or silver dollars are legal tender at their nominal or face value for all debts, public and private, except where otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract."

"United States notes (also called greenbacks) are legal tender for all debts, public and private, except duties on imports and interest on the public debt."

"The minor coins of nickel and copper are legal tender to the extent of 25 cents."—Bulls and Bears.

THE TROUT IN HIS LAIR.

He is an Alert and Elusive Unplundered Beauty.

Whoever has had the privilege of lying at full length on some mossy overhanging bank while watching a large trout in his lair perceives that a true figure has yet to be drawn of him. Even photography can give no hint of the wavy circles from the spotted dorsal fin undulating loosely about the broad back, of the perpetual fanning of the pectoral fins, of the capacious gills opening and closing, the half open round mouth, the luminous brown eye, the ceaseless slow vibration of the powerful tail, nor can pen adequately describe the startling and denizens of the dart at some idle fly touching the surface, the quick return to the old position and the resumption of the poised with head elevated at a slight angle, pectorals all tremulous and floating watery circles emanating from every slight motion of the body. It is also worth while to watch a trout rush four feet up a perpendicular fall of water, pause, tremble violently all over and in a moment throw himself clear of the stream and fall into the basin above at an elevation of about three feet more.—Arthur P. Silver in Outing Magazine.

To check a cold quickly get from your drugist some little Candy Cold Tablets are now dispensing. Druggists everywhere are not only quick to try and sell, but prompt. Preventives contain no opium, no laxative, nothing harsh nor sickening, will prevent pneumonia, bronchitis, in good for feverish children. Preventives 25 cents. Trial boxes 5 cents. Sold by all dealers.

A "CURE" FOR CUSSING.

The Penitent Scotsman Found His Load a Heavy One.

A clergyman in Scotland observed with much perturbation that a member of his congregation was greatly given to the use of strong language. Over and over again he recommended with the man to give up the bad habit. In time the man himself came to see the error of his ways, and desired no less earnestly to break himself of the use of bad language. The difficulty, however, was to find a method of doing so. One day the clergyman hit upon a happy thought.

"Get a bag," he said to the man, "and every time you swear put a pebble into it. At the end of the month you will bring that bag to me. I will count the pebbles and see what the effect has been."

The man accepted the idea with alacrity. He got a bag, and, religiously, every time he swore what Mr. Gilbert in the "Pinafore" calls a "big, big D," he duly put a pebble into it. At the end of the month he went to the clergyman, taking the bag with him. It was not an easy task, for, as any one might see, the bag was very full and very heavy. He went into the clergyman's study and put the bag on the table.

The minister looked up with a serious expression. "This is very serious, my friend. I am sorry to see you have so many pebbles in the bag."

"Hoot, minister!" exclaimed the man cheerfully; "this is only the devil's—the 'damns' are all at the dikeside in another bag. They were over heavy to bring up!"—Excelsior.

A CLEVER TRICK.

The Way Lord Cochrane Once Won an English Election.

When Lord Cochrane was a candidate for parliament in Hontion he refused to give any bribes. As his opponent gave £5 a head, Lord Cochrane suffered defeat. The latter, however, sent the bellman round the town announcing that all those who had voted for Lord Cochrane would receive 10 guineas apiece if they called on his agent.

In those prebaital days of course it was known how each man voted, and the happy minority marched off to the agent, each getting his 10 guineas. Naturally enough, the majority began to think they had made a mistake, and they resolved to rectify that mistake at the first possible moment. In due course an opportunity came. There was another election. Lord Cochrane stood again, and the voters, remembering his lavish methods, asked him no questions, but returned him with a roaring majority.

Then they conveyed a delicate hint to the noble and asking what he proposed to give them for this distinguished service. "Not one farthing!" roared his lordship. The unhappy men reminded him that he had paid 10 guineas a head to the minority at the previous election. A complacent grin brightened the face of the member as he gave this explanation: "The former gift was for their disinterested conduct in not taking the bribe of £5 from the agents of my opponent. For me now to pay them would be a violation of my own previously expressed principles."

Identified.

Tommy made himself the hero of a story, which the Boston Record prints, when he called for "that one about the boy who ate the ribbons and it made him sick."

Aunt Ethel was puzzled. "I know of no such story," she said, after searching her memory vainly. Nothing she could suggest answered the description. Tommy cannot read, but he thought he could find the book. He found it. They read one thing after another, until in the midst of the "Night Before Christmas" Tommy gave a whoop of glee. Aunt Ethel was reading:

"He rushed to the window and threw up the cash."

"That's it! That's it!" cried Tommy. "You see, it's just as I told you!"

A Dutch Ironclad.

It is of interest to note that, according to some authorities, the Dutch were the first in the modern period of history to build an ironclad and that during the siege of Antwerp by the Spaniards in 1585 the people of that city built an enormous flat bottomed vessel, armored it with heavy iron plates and thus constructed what they regarded as an impregnable battery. This they named Flins Belli. Unfortunately the vessel got aground before coming into action and fell into the hands of the enemy. It was held by Alexander of Parma to the end of the siege as a curiosity, but was never employed by either side in any action.

A Handy Measure.

If you like a pint jug and wish to measure off a pint with tolerable accuracy it is useless to try and do so by guessing when the jug is half full. A better way is to tilt the jug until the contents just reach to the upper edge of the bottom of the vessel and just touch the lip at the lower end of the mouth. In this way the space in the pint jug is practically cut into two equal portions, each half representing the space taken by half a pint.—London Graphic.

Man is Wiser.

Geryman (at the mirror) Put a monkey before a looking glass, they say, and he will look behind it. Miss Sharpie. But a man knows better. He knows he won't find anything funnier there than the face he is before him.

All affection is the vain and ridiculous attempt of poverty to appear rich.—Lafayette.

THE ZOO BY NIGHT.

Gleaming Eyes in the Blackness Give a Flavor of the Wilds.

The average grownup who visits the zoo thinks it rather a dull sort of show, for the fact that the animals are captive robs them of all the romance that would attach to them in their native forests.

But let the blase sightseer obtain permission to visit the zoo at midnight, and his impressions will be very different. Darkness hides the bars and the boards, and the eyes of some wakeful creature gleam maliciously at you. For the moment you imagine that you are in the wilds, on equal terms with the creatures around.

Poised on the swings and platforms at the top of their cages sleep the monkeys, instinct surviving their loss of freedom, for in the forests they had to sleep thus to avoid the beasts of prey.

Here rests a lioness, prone upon her back, her legs rigid in the air and her paws hanging limply down. There reclines her lord, asleep upon his side, his paws turned in and his general pose not unlike that of a dog.

The more cunning and more cowardly of the animals do not seem to sleep at all, for as soon as they hear our approaching footsteps they give us their greeting with snarls and malevolent growlings and watch us suspiciously till we depart.

TEPEE ETIQUETTE.

Never Pass Between an Indian and the Fire—The Seat of Honor.

"If you should ever go into an Indian tepee," said John H. Seger, "remember they have rules of etiquette that are more rigidly adhered to than in our parlors."

"Do not think they are not sensitive, for they are more so than the Japs. If you make fun of his layout the whole family will remember the insult for a lifetime."

"The seat of honor is just opposite the door, across the fire pit. Wait until you are invited before you take that seat."

"If you go bolting into an Indian's tepee and rush over and take this vacant seat he may not take you by the nape of the neck and throw you out, but he would like to if he thought it could be done without cutting off his rations."

"In leaving the tepee never pass between any one and the fire. An old chivalric warrior will crawl around the side of the tent and kick a hole in the wall on the north side in a blizzard before he would violate this rule of etiquette and pass between his guests and the smoking embers."

Soldiers and Schiller.

The Germans are notoriously a well educated people, but the popular English belief that every German knows everything would appear to be exaggerated, if we may judge from a German officer's account, published in one of the German reviews, of an examination in general knowledge to which he submitted his company. "Who was Schiller?" was one of the principal questions. Ten soldiers replied that, though they fancied they had heard the name, it suggested nothing to them. Of those who went into details, one said that the author of "William Tell" was the "inventor of printing," a second described him as "a man who knew everything," a third put him down as "a man of science," a fourth as a "poet who wrote Scripture history," a fifth as "a musician of great celebrity," and a sixth as "a manufacturer of bells." One wonders what Thomas Atkins would answer if invited to state what he knew of Shakespeare.

He Didn't Dine.

Mr. Brown had just had a telephone put in connecting his office and house and was very much pleased with it. "Tell you, Smith," he was saying, "this telephone business is a wonderful thing. I want you to dine with me this evening, and I will notify Mrs. Brown to expect you." Speaking through the telephone—"My friend Smith will dine with us this evening." Then to his friend—"Now, listen and hear how plain her reply comes back." Mrs. Brown's reply came back with startling distinctness: "Ask your friend Smith if he thinks we keep a hotel."

Didn't Want Much.

Here is an advertisement from an old copy of an English provincial journal: "Wanted, for a sober family, a man of light weight, who fears the Lord and can drive a pair of horses. He must occasionally wait at table, join the household prayer, look after the horses and read a chapter of the Bible. He must, God willing, arise at 7 o'clock in the morning and obey his master and mistress in all lawful commands; if he can dance a half, sing psalms and play at cribbage, the more agreeable. Wages, 15 guineas a year."

Nerve.

"By the way, Thinks, can you pay that hundred I lent you last week? I just lost all my ready money at bridge."

"Look here. Hinks, I hope you don't think I'm going to pay your gambling debts."

His Mistake.

Gallyer—What mistakes men do make! I was just reading that Columbus thought he had discovered the Indies. Aspley—There are worse mistakes than that. When I married first I thought I had discovered paradise!

There are so many kinds of mistakes that a man can go through life without repeating one and yet never do right.

WANTED!

An Agent — To represent the

Mutual Life Company of Canada

This Company is 37 years old, and first-class in every respect.

It pays claims promptly, and does business on a good, substantial basis.

For further particulars apply to

S. BURROWS,

General Agent, Belleville.

THE GREATEST EVER

The News-Argus

AND THE

Toronto Daily World

Till January 1st, 1908, for

Sixty Cents

Your Local Weekly and the Best Newspaper and Agricultural Daily in Canada almost Given Away.

The Local Newspaper is part of every household. It is your friend and benefactor. In fact it is part of every home.

The Daily Paper from the big centres is necessary to the man who wants to be abreast of the times.

All the men love the old farm, its stock, its fruit, its vegetables, its dairy, or its forests—in fact a love of the farm lies deep in every heart. The World easily leads all dailies as the Farm Daily. Special pages are given to Agriculture twice each week. Subscribe at once and

DO IT NOW!

Ravenous Rats.

It is estimated that the rat does \$50,000,000 worth of damage a year in England. In a slaughterhouse near Paris rats in a single night picked to the bone the carcasses of thirty-five horses. There is very little that they will not eat; eggs, young birds and animals are among the dainties which they snap up in the ordinary course of business. But when pressed by hunger they will eat anything through which they can drive their terrible teeth. Rat will eat rat. The idea that a trapped rat will bite off an imprisoned leg and so escape is now said to be wrong; it is the other rats which do the biting. They eat the captive.

Books Bound in Lead.

A bookbinder was putting a binding of lead on a book.

"Why lead?" a visitor asked. "This," the blunder answered, "is a naval code book for use on a battleship. All such volumes are bound in lead."

"But why?" "So that in the event of the ship's destruction the books will sink with it, for they contain secrets of immense value, and every precaution must be taken to keep those secrets dark."

A Substitute.

"You're rather a young man to be left in charge of a drug store," said the fussy old gentleman. "Have you any diploma?" "Why-er no, sir," replied the drug clerk, "but we have a preparation of our own that's just as good."

Pale, Thin, Nervous?

Then your blood must be in a very bad condition. You certainly know what to take, then take it—Ayer's Sarsaparilla. If you doubt, then consult your doctor. We know what he will say about this grand old family medicine.

This is the first question your doctor would ask. Are your bowels regular? He knows that daily action of the bowels is absolutely essential to recovery. Keep your liver active and your bowels regular by taking laxative doses of Ayer's Pills.

Made by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of HAIR VIGOR, AYER'S CURE, CHERRY PECTORAL.

We have no secret! We publish the formulae of all our medicines.

In the last six years \$600,000,000 has been spent on the United States navy, more than the total naval expenditures of the preceding twenty years.

Official reports state that in spite of the damage to the crops by frost, more grain will be harvested in the West this year than the transportation companies will be able to handle.

A number of the citizens of Belleville held a meeting last week to consider the question of power development from the Moira river. It is proposed to construct dams at the outlet of Stoco, Hog and Loon lakes to control the flow of water, and secure a steady supply throughout the year to develop electric or water power.

In eight years the Standard Oil Company made profits amounting to \$100,000,000, and distributed \$300,000,000. As its capital stock was \$30,000,000 in 1899 and \$98,888,882 in 1906, its yearly profits averaging something like 63 per cent. on stock, most of which is water, and show that whatever its other vicissitudes, the Standard Oil Company has not been turning out paupers among its few shareholders. On the actual hard money put in the annual profit would probably be a thousand per cent.



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We have shades, sizes and styles to suit all tastes. : : : 4 Note Paper and Envelopes put up in fancy boxes. : : :

Office Stationery

Of every description and all sorts of SCHOOL SUPPLIES, BLANK BOOKS, PADS, PENCILS, PENS, INKS, ETC.

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Meets in Lodge Room, the first Friday
evening of each month at 8 o'clock.
W. H. RODGER, Secy.

STIRLING LODGE No. 239, I. O. O. F.

Meets in the Lodge room,
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EVERY WEDNESDAY EVENING
At 8 o'clock. G. G. THRASHER, R. S.

SPRING BROOK MEDICAL, SURGICAL AND X-RAY INSTITUTE SPRING BROOK, ONTARIO

R. ELGIN TOWLE, M.B., M.D.C.M.,
Physician-in-Charge.

Specialist in Rectal Diseases, Prostatic
Diseases of Men, Diseases of Women, Can-
cers, Tumors, X-Ray examination, Dis-
eases of Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat and Lungs.
Fitting glasses and all acute and chronic
diseases. Office Hours: 12 to 3 p.m. Drug
store in connection.

PERSONALS.

Mrs. Ferguson, of Smith's Falls, is visit-
ing relatives here.

Mr. H. L. Boldrick is visiting his par-
ents, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Boldrick.

Miss Ida Currie has been visiting friends
in Norwood during the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Maybee, of Madoc, are
the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Haight.

Mr. W. J. Butler, of Fond du Lac, Wis-
consin, is visiting relatives and friends
here.

Miss Alice Patterson spent a few days
with her sister, Mrs. J. C. Linn, of Mount
Pleasant.

Mrs. Chas. Scott and little daughter
spent last week with relatives and friends
in Wooler.

Mrs. Mason Thorpe and her son Stanley,
have returned home after visiting her
sister, Mrs. Mark Tuck.

Mr. J. Alexander has been visiting at
the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Arthur
during the past week.

Mr. C. A. Kingston, M.A., and his wife,
of Santa Ana, California, were visiting his
brother in Rawdon, and his sister, Mrs. J.
Powell, of town, last week.

The Madoc band has been engaged to
play at the Bancroft fair this year.

The Right Rev. Charles Hamilton,
Bishop of Ottawa, on Saturday celebrated
the fiftieth anniversary of his en-
trance into holy orders, he having been
ordained deacon in 1837 by the late
Bishop Mountain of Quebec.

George W. Harris, a former slave,
died last week near Rowlandville, Md.,
at the age of 113 years, one month and
14 days. The high record of the Harris
family is said to have been accurately
kept by the owners of these colored
people, who lived in Harford county,
Maryland. According to the record,
Harris' maternal grandmother was 117
years old when she died, while his
mother died at the age of 121 years.

Madoc Junction Items.

Miss Nora Brunson, of Sidney, spent
Sunday the guest of Mrs. A. W. An-
drews.

Mr. Percy Cryan is visiting his grand-
parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Bennett.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Clarke attended
the wedding of her niece, Miss A.
Tweedie and Mr. R. Rogers, at Bless-
ington, on Wednesday last week.

A few from here attended the anniver-
sary services at West Huntingdon on
Sunday, also the social on Monday eve-
ning.

Miss Weir, our teacher, spent Sat-
urday and Sunday in Stirling.

Mrs. H. Ashley and children spent
Sunday with her sister, Mrs. P. Ham-
ilton, of Concession.

We have had plenty of rain of late
which makes things look fresh and
green.

Clubbing List.

The News-Argus will club with the
following papers at the rates mentioned:

The Weekly Globe.....\$1.80

The Weekly Mail & Empire,
with premium picture.....1.90

The Family Herald & Weekly
Star, with premium picture.....1.70

" " with picture and book.....1.85

The Weekly Sun.....1.80

The Toronto News (Daily).....2.25

The Toronto Star (Daily).....2.25

The Toronto Globe (Daily).....4.50

The Farmers' Advocate, weekly \$2.25

We recommend our readers to sub-
scribe to the Farmer's Advocate and
Home Magazine, the best Agricultural
Journal in America.

Stomach troubles, heart and kidney ailments
can be quickly corrected with a
prescription known to druggists every-
where as Dr. Shoop's Restorative. The
prompt and surprising relief which this
remedy immediately brings is entirely due
to its restorative action upon the con-
tracting nerves of the stomach, etc. A weak
stomach, causing dyspepsia, a weak heart
with palpitation or intermittent pulse,
always means weak stomach nerves or
weak heart nerves. Strengthen these
inside or controlling nerves with Dr. Shoop's
Restorative and see how quickly these
symptoms disappear. Dr. Shoop of Racine,
Wis., will mail samples free. Write for
them. A test will tell. Your health is
certainly worth this simple trial. Sold by
all dealers.

ADVERTISING NOTICES.

In the local column will be charged as follows:
For Regular Advertisers.—Three lines and un-
der, 25 cents each insertion; over three lines,
75c. per line. Matter set in larger than the or-
dinary type, 10c. per line.
To Transient Advertisers.—10c. per line each
insertion. No insertion less than 25c.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

Trains calling at Stirling station as follows:—
GOING WEST.
Mail & Ex. 6:37 a.m. Passenger, 10:17 a.m.
Mail & Ex. 6:45 p.m. Mail & Ex. 10:17 p.m.

The Stirling News-Argus.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 26, 1907.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Do not forget the concert in the opera
house to-morrow night.

A special Vestry meeting held in
St. John's church, on Wednesday, Sept.
18th, Dr. H. H. Alger was elected suc-
cessor to the late Lt.-Col. Halliwell, as
people's warden.

The Stirling Fair is being held to-day
and to-morrow, and there is every pros-
pect of its being the best ever held here.
The weather is fine and there will
doubtless be a large attendance.

Just placed in stock 150,000 Shingles.
Splendid value. L. MEIKLEJOHN.

A social in aid of the R. C. church
will be held in the Town Hall on Tues-
day evening, Oct. 8th. Music will be
furnished by Chalaupka's orchestra,
and supper will be served in the hall.

The congregation of St. John's church
will hold their annual Harvest Thanks-
giving service on Sunday, Sept. 29th, at
8 p.m. Special preacher, Rev. A. S.
Dickenson. Everyone made welcome.

The Anniversary Thankoffering ser-
vices in connection with the Stirling
Methodist Church will be held on Sun-
day, Oct. 6th. Rev. G. W. Henderson,
of Port Hope, will preach morning and
evening.

Dr. J. A. Faulkner, of Foxboro, son of
Dr. G. W. Faulkner, of this village,
was married yesterday at the home of
the bride's parents to Miss Helena Ver-
milyea, daughter of N. Vermilyea, Esq.,
reeve of Thurlow.

There were 650 cheese offered at Stirling
Cheese Board on Tuesday. The sales
were: M. Bird, 800 at 12 1/2c., and
Mr. Gillespie, 100 at 12 1/2c. The balance
was unsold. The Board will meet next
Tuesday at 4 o'clock.

The Presbyterian Church of Canada
has appointed next Sunday as "Child-
ren's Day." In all the churches of that
denomination the morning service is
given over to addresses, either to child-
ren or in behalf of children's work.

Extensive repairs have recently been
made to Salem Church, Ivanhoe circuit,
and re-opening services will be held on
Sunday, Oct. 13th, when Rev. G. E.
Ross, of West Huntingdon, will con-
duct the services morning and evening.

The wedding took place on Wednes-
day, Sept. 18th, at the residence of the
bride's mother, Mrs. John Tweedie, of
her daughter, Miss Annie E., to Mr.
Robert G. Rodgers, of Stirling. The
ceremony was performed by Rev. S. G.
Rorke.

On Friday afternoon Eleazar W.
Johnson, son of Mr. Geo. A. Johnson,
who is attending High School, while
playing football fell and broke his arm.
The accident has not interfered with his
studies as he is attending school this
week as usual.

Professor S. W. Dyde, Ph. D., of
Queen's University, has been secured
for the anniversary services in St. An-
drew's church on October 27th. Dr.
Dyde is one of the foremost education-
alists in Canada and is also greatly
sought after as a preacher.

Mr. James Donald left us a couple of
very large hen's eggs the other day.
One weighed 4 1/2 ounces and measured
6 1/2 by 3 1/2 inches. The other was slightly
smaller, and weighed 4 ounces. He
said he had a number of such eggs. He
must have an extra good breed of hens.

All newcomers to our village remark
on the unlighted streets. It is a matter
for regret that the more progressive of
our villagers are prevented by the
"ancients" from taking the necessary
steps to have the required equipment
for satisfactory lighting.

The agitation now going on in Tor-
onto to abolish level crossings is one
that, in all probability, will eventually
extend throughout the entire country.
The frequent accidents and deaths to
people driving over railway tracks will,
with increased population make it
essential that the level crossings go.

There is a piece of "repaid" side-
walk east of Acker's livery that caused
a disaster on Sunday night. An adven-
turer of St. Andrew's church was return-
ing home after the service when his foot
struck the ugly two-inch "patch" and
he was rapidly laid low. For the next
ten minutes he was engaged in gather-
ing up fragments of hymn books and
bibles, and in locating his headgear. It
is rumored that he spent most of Mon-
day in looking for the man who repaired
that sidewalk,—a murderous-looking
club was under his coat. Villagers
will agree that unlighted streets and
obstructions such as that mentioned
above is positively dangerous.

A Splendid Offer

For the balance of this year and for
the whole of 1908, we will give to new
subscribers the News-Argus and the
Weekly Globe and Canada Farmer,
with Magazine Supplement, for \$1.50.

The Central Ontario railway will run
an excursion to Bancroft in connection
with the fair on Oct. 8th. Tickets at
reduced rates, and first-class accommo-
dation will be provided.

The Frankford fair, which was held
on Thursday and Friday last was a
great success. There was a large at-
tendance, and the exhibits in all depart-
ments are said to have been more in
number and of better quality than ever
before.

WANTED.—At the Evaporator, Stirling,
hand-picked Ontario Apples.
O. VANDERVOORT.

Rev. David Smith, of Foxboro, who is
well known in Stirling, has accepted a
call to a strong country charge in
Saugeen Presbytery. He preaches in
his new charge the first Sunday of Oc-
tober. In Mr. Smith's departure the
Presbytery of Kingston loses a faithful
worker.

Any person wishing a position as
agent of a first-class life insurance com-
pany would do well to read the adver-
tisement of the Mutual Life Insurance
Company to be found on another page
in this issue. S. Burrows, Esq., of
Belleville, is the general agent for this
district.

The Guild of St. Andrew's Church,
Burns, has arranged with Rev. F.
A. Robinson, B.A., of this village, to
go to their church on Monday evening
next, and tell in his own striking style,
many interesting facts about the habits
and homes of the submerged multitudes
in a great city, and of missionary efforts
in their behalf, especially in connection
with the Jerry MacAuley mission in
New York. We foresee a very interest-
ing hour for those who may be present
at this address.

The following despatch from Ross-
land, B.C., is copied from the Nelson
Daily News of recent date: "George
Agnew, who a few months ago brought
an action of slander against his pastor
has evidently come to the conclusion
that discretion is the better part of valor
and has to-day unconditionally sur-
rendered by discontinuing his action
and paying the defendant's costs. There
is a keen feeling of satisfaction among
all classes of people over the complete
vindication of Mr. Knox." The Mr.
Knox referred to is Rev. J. D. P. Knox,
formerly of Rawdon, and well known
to many of our readers.

Thirty-eight years ago, when Detroit
was a village and Windsor was nothing,
Robert Roy made the trip from his
home in Hastings county in something
less than five days. Then he found
wagon trails. Last week, when he and
Mrs. Roy again visited Detroit, he tra-
versed the former wagon trails in trolley
cars, and was carried over pavements
in luxurious automobiles. In the course
of their trip they visited Port Huron,
attended the Western fair at London,
and visited their son, Samuel Roy, sta-
tion agent at Ingersoll, a former student
at Stirling High School, who is rapidly
gaining in favor with the management
of the Grand Trunk system.

Re-Opening of Salem Church

Re-opening services will be held in
Salem church on Sunday, Oct. 13th, at
10 a.m., and 7 p.m. Rev. Geo. E. Ross
of West Huntingdon, will conduct the
services.

Canada's Oldest Nurseries

We have the largest stock of Curr-
ants, Blackberries, Grapes and Rasp-
berries in Canada, at complete assort-
ment of Fruit and Ornamental Trees
and Shrubs. Write us before placing
your order. Agents wanted at once.
THE THOS. W. BOWMAN & SON CO.,
Limited, Ridgeville, Ont.

A Coming Treat

Too much praise cannot be given the
Epworth League for engaging the Sch-
ubert Symphony Club and Lady Gradu-
ates of Chicago to appear here on Oct.
16th. This company is in its tenth year
of success, and is acknowledged every-
where to be the most "up-to-date"
musical company travelling. Every-
body likes music and everybody enjoys
a hearty laugh. A delightful blending
of pure fun and fine music is one reason
why the above company has won its
way to the top notch of public esteem.

Another Bank in Stirling

That there is business for a branch of
another chartered bank in Stirling ap-
pears to be the opinion of the managers
of the United Empire Bank, who have
opened a branch here this morning. Mr.
W. E. Davidson, of that Bank, arrived
here on Friday last, and secured a place
in the east end of the Coulter block, and
it is now fitted up ready for business.
The head office of the Bank is in Tor-
onto. Samuel Barker, Esq., M.P., of
Hamilton, Ont., is the President, and
Geo. P. Reid, Esq., of Toronto, is the
General Manager.

HERBERT RASPBERRY

Something new in a Raspberry. "The
best red raspberry tested here," writes
Prof. Macoun, Ottawa. "The heaviest
yielder among all red raspberries,"
writes Prof. Hutt, Guelph. We have
the only large supply in Canada to offer.
6 plants, \$2.50. Express paid. Agents
wanted to introduce this new specialty.
BROWN BROS.,
P.O. Brown's Nurseries, Ont.

At the international tuberculosis con-
ference at Vienna on Saturday, Dr. Pir-
quet read a report of his experiments in
inoculating infants with tuberculin to
detect the presence of tuberculosis germ.
The experiments showed that inocula-
tion had no effect on healthy children,
but where germs existed reaction was
shown by soreness and scarifications,
although no fever or other harmful
effect followed. The delegates were im-
pressed by the report, and a valuable
discovery had been made. The con-
ference decided to hold its next meeting
in Washington in September, 1908.

Electricity for Campbellford

Messrs. Bogue and Buchanan, of Pet-
terborough, have been awarded the con-
tract for the construction of a new
power house for the municipality of
Campbellford, which is going into the
business of generating and selling elec-
tric power to manufacturers, and of
lighting the streets.

The contract calls for the erection of
a \$60,000 power house, power to be
obtained from the Trent Canal, at a
point where the Government is now
building a dam, the lease of which has
been secured by the municipality.
About 5,000 horse-power will be devel-
oped.

A C. P. R. operator at Vankleek Hill
was sent to jail for six months for being
drunk on duty.

Auction Sale

SATURDAY, OCT. 5.—At the premises of
Mr. T. G. Clute, Stirling, a quantity of
household furniture, and other articles;
also a buggy and robe. Sale at 1 o'clock
p.m. Wm. Rodgers, auctioneer.

Married.

PAUL-DUKE.—On Sept. 18th, 1907, by Rev.
G. S. White, at Napier, William George
Paul, of Richmond, to Miss Irene Duke, of
Newburgh.

Notice is hereby given that the Stirling
Horticultural Society purpose utilizing
the old public burying ground for a park,
and all those interested take notice. Ten-
ders will be received by the undersigned
for levelling grounds until Oct. 5th.
G. G. THRASHER, Secretary.

Farm for Sale or To Let

Part of Lots Nos. 11 and 12, in the 3rd
Concession of Rawdon, situated on the
Marmora gravel road, about two miles
from Stirling, and containing 100 acres,
more or less. The farm is in a good state
of cultivation, and there are good buildings
and a young orchard on the premises. For
terms and further particulars apply to
WM. FANNING,
Stirling P.O.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that a By-law
was passed by the Municipal Council of
the Village of Stirling, on the 12th day of
September, A.D. 1907, providing for the
issue of Debentures to the amount of \$2,000
for the purpose of improving the heating
and ventilation of the Public School build-
ing in the said village of Stirling, and that
such By-law was registered in the Registry
Office of the county of Hastings, the 18th
day of September, A.D. 1907.
And motion to quash or set aside the
same or any part thereof must be made
within three months after the first pub-
lication of this notice, and cannot be made
thereafter.

FRED ROLLINS, Clerk.

Dated, the 24th day of September, A. D.
1907.

Spring Brook Elevator

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of
the stockholders of Spring Brook Elevator
Company will be held at the Elevator, on
Saturday, Oct. 5th, at 2 o'clock p.m., for
the purpose of taking the necessary steps
to close up the business of the Company.
T. J. THOMPSON,
President.

Farm to Rent

Consisting of 200 acres, being the east
half of Lot 17 and west half of Lot 18, in
the 8th Concession of Rawdon, about two
miles west of Spring Brook. Good frame
house and new barn, and well watered.
For further particulars apply to
MRS. JOHN HEAGLE,
Spring Brook.

Notice to Creditors

In the Matter of the Estate of John A. French,
late of the Village of Stirling, in the Coun-
ty of Hastings, Aged, Deceased.
Notice is hereby given in pursuance of the
Revised Statutes of Ontario, chapter 129, sec-
tion 38, that all creditors and others having
claims against the estate of J. A. French, who
died on or about the 22nd day of August, 1907,
are required on or before the 5th day of Octo-
ber, 1907, to send by post, prepaid, to John
Richardson, of the township of Rawdon,
or Oakley Vandervoort, of the township of
Sidney, Stirling post office, Executors of the
last will and testament of said deceased, or
their Solicitor, as hereunder, Stirling post
office, their Christian and surname, address
and descriptions, and full particulars of
their claims, a statement of their accounts
and the nature of the securities, if any, held
by them, verified by affidavits.

And further notice is given that after such
last mentioned date the said Executors will
proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased
among the parties entitled thereto, having re-
gard only to the claims which they shall have
notice, and that the said Executors will not
be bound to attend to or pay any claim of
any person or persons of whose claims notice
shall not have been received by them at the
time of each distribution.

And notice is further given that all persons
indebted to said deceased in any way must
pay the amount of their indebtedness to said
Executors, or their Solicitor, as hereunder.
G. G. THRASHER, Solicitor,
Stirling, Ont. 51-4

Dated, Sept. 11th, 1907.

HOLDEN'S BARGAINS

We are packing our
stock in preparation for
moving to our new Store
early next month, and in
the meantime are offering
such Bargains as the fol-
lowing:

RAISINS, 4 lbs. for.....25 cts.

PRUNES, 4 lbs. for.....25 "

CURRENTS, 3 lbs. for.....25 "

LEMON BISCUITS, 4 lbs.....25 "

VANILLA BISCUITS, 3 lbs.....25 "

CORNSTARCH, 3 pkgs.....25 "

5 lbs. 25c. Japan TEA for.....\$1.00

Many other articles at equal-
ly low prices.

S. HOLDEN,
Groceries, Crockery, Flour, Feed, etc.

Wanted

Feeling Apples and Cider Apples wanted
at the Evaporator, Stirling. Highest price
paid.
O. VANDERVOORT.

Stirling's Cash Store

The one price to all—all the time

THIS Store is the centre of attraction now, and
will be for this season. The daily arrival of
New Fall Goods is drawing the crowd here.

NEW DRESS GOODS

See the special values we are showing in Fancy
Tweeds, Checks, Stripes, Plaids and plain colors,
.....from 20 cts. to \$1.50 per yard.

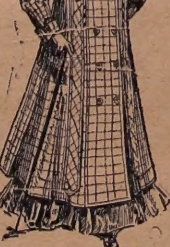
NEW WRAPPERETTES

In these goods we show extra good values, at.....
.....10, 12 1/2, 15 and 18 cents per yard.

NEW FALL COATS AND SKIRTS

Buy a
RODGERS GARMENT

They have no equal. The most stylish
and up-to-date. Every garment
guaranteed.



READY-TO-WEAR SKIRTS

In Fancy Tweeds—Greys, Blacks and
Navys.

NEW FURS NEW FURS

In Ruffs, Stoles and Muffs.

G. W. ANDERSON.

Produce taken in exchange for goods or for cash. Phone No. 29.

LOOK HERE!

Just received our Fall Shipment of

Men's Patent Colt Bluchers

They are beauties. We guarantee them to give satisfaction.

Also see our—

Men's Box Calf Bluchers

Leather lined, Dry-foot Soles.

STRONG BOOTS FOR MEN & BOYS

\$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00, \$3.50.

TWO PERISHED IN FLAMES

Steamer Picton Fire-Swept at Her Berth in Toronto Harbor.

A despatch from Toronto says: Two lives were lost in a fire which broke out on Saturday afternoon on board of the steamer Picton as she lay at the Scott street slip, and several of the passengers and crew had very narrow escapes. The vessel herself is badly damaged and is now a little better than a shell. The two unfortunate persons who lost their lives in the fire are Miss Winnie Hatch, aged nineteen, of Montreal, a passenger, and George Kleiskie, a fireman, aged about forty.

The outbreak came with such alarming suddenness that many of the passengers were almost overcome by the smoke and fright before they had time to reach the decks, and one man, the night watchman, who was asleep at the time of the alarm, only saved his life by leaping into the bay. The Picton had looked forty passengers for the trip to Hamilton and carries a crew of forty-five. It was not until the fire had been got under control, half an hour after the arrival of the fire brigade, that the woman was missed, and in searching for her the body of the man was observed.

The body of Miss Hatch was found in her cabin rolled in her bedclothes, as if she had thus endeavored to extinguish the flames. She had been seen to enter the cabin five minutes before the fire broke out. Miss Hatch was engaged to be married to James McMillan, the steamer's cook, and was taking the trip on board his boat.

The body of George Kleiskie was recovered from the hold. Kleiskie is a German, and shipped on board the steamer at Montreal about four months ago. His body was not found until he had apparently died from suffocation, though some of the eyewitnesses thought they detected signs of life as his body was brought ashore. A sad

feature of Kleiskie's death is that he managed to leave a sick bed and escape from the burning vessel when the alarm sounded, but returned to the boat and lost his life in consequence.

LATER.

The mystery which has surrounded the burning of the Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company's steamer Picton, at the Scott Street slip on Saturday afternoon, when two lives were lost, was cleared up at the inquest in the City Hall on Monday evening when James Kane, a cleaner, told the jury that he had been on the steamer on Saturday afternoon, and that he had seen the fire. Kane took the witness stand, and in a straightforward manner, told how he took his torch and attempted to fill it from the oil tank while the vessel was burning. The flames caught the oil and spread rapidly, and Kane was unable to prevent the fire. Kane was visibly affected while giving his evidence, and was on the verge of nervous collapse, for he has had on his mind since Saturday the thought that his careless action cost the lives of two people and the loss of his job. Kane was given so clearly and voluntarily, and it was shown so conclusively that the act was an accidental one, that no action was taken against him by the jury, who returned the following verdict: "We find that George Kleiskie came to his death by being caught in the flames of the steamer Picton, at the Scott Street slip, the result of an accidental fire, caused by an inexperienced hand accidentally dropping his torch. We find the company negligent in not enforcing discipline in the handling of fire-lighting appliances."

NEW TRAIL TO YUKON.

All the Journey Through Canadian Territory.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Royal Northwest Mounted Police, after two years' work, have cut an eight-foot trail from Peace River through the Rocky Mountains to the Yukon, giving a route from Edmonton to Dawson entirely over Canadian territory. Colonel White, Commander of the Mounted Police, on Monday received a telegram from Commissioner Perry announcing his arrival on the Pacific coast after a seven hundred-mile ride on the trail from Edmonton. The trail has been built to Hazelton, where it joins the trail along the Yukon telegraph line, and thus continues to Dawson. Besides affording access to an hitherto inaccessible portion of the trail, the trail will be useful for justice purposes in the transportation of prisoners who would be able to take advantage of territorial law immediately if taken over the usual route of travellers which crosses American territory. From a military viewpoint it will also afford connection with the Yukon by Canadian territory in the event of war.

SASKATOON TO WINNIPEG.

G. T. P. Will Open for Traffic Before Close of Year.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Mr. Collingwood Schreiber, chief consulting engineer of the National Transcontinental Railway, stated on Monday morning that he had positive assurance from the G. T. P. that the line would be opened for traffic before the close of the year from Saskatoon to Winnipeg.

JAP STEAMER BURNED.

Estimated that One Hundred Persons Lost Their Lives.

A despatch from Shanghai says: The Japanese steamer Tafoo Maru has been burned three miles off Ching Kiang, on the right bank of the Yangtze River, forty-five miles from Nanjing. It is reported that one hundred lives were lost. The Tafoo Maru, formerly the Tahung Maru, is of 1,758 tons register, was built in Japan, launched in 1900, and belongs to the Osaka Shosen Kaishaiki Kaisha (company) of Osaka, Japan. She is 229 feet long, has 40 feet beam and draws 31½ feet of water.

Thanksgiving Day has been fixed for October 31.

FATHER AND SON DROWNED

Bodies Were Found Clasped in Each Other's Arms.

A despatch from Clarke's Harbor, Nova Scotia, says: One of the saddest accidents in the history of this place occurred after sundown on Wednesday night, when Isaac Nickerson and his thirteen-year-old son were drowned by the capsizing of a boat in the harbor, not far from their home. Nickerson, who was employed in building a wharf for the British Redoubt Works here, left for home with other hands at 6 o'clock, and went back after supper to the wharf in his skiff to get some logs. As he was about to start, he took his little boy with him for a few acres of har-

bor. As they did not return, some neighbors went to look for them a few hours later and found the boat drifted up, not far from shore, but found no trace of the missing ones. Thursday morning a search was begun by a large number of people, and in short time both bodies were discovered close to the landing, in about five feet of water. It was an affecting sight to see the bodies of father and son brought to the surface, clasped so tightly in each other's arms that it required an effort to separate them. No other person was within a mile of the spot when the accident happened.

LEADING MARKETS

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, Sept. 24.—Wheat—Manitoba—Steady; No. 1 northern, \$1.07; No. 2 northern, \$1.04½.
Corn—No. 3 yellow, 73½c to 74c; No. 2 yellow, 75½c; American feed corn, 65c; white and red, 66c; barley—No. 2, 57c to 60c; No. 3 extra, 55c to 56c; No. 3, 52c to 53c.
Oats—No. 2 white, 40½c to 47c for Manitoba; No. 2 white, 50c to 51c; No. 3 white, 40c to 50c, lake ports.
Rye—No. 2, 78c to 79c.
Flour—Ontario very strong, 90 per cent, patents in demand at \$3.55; Manitoba, first patents, \$3.25 to \$3.40; second, \$3.00 to \$3.10; strong bakers', \$3.40 to \$3.70.
Milled—Bran, \$22 to \$25; shorts, \$20 to \$27, outside.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Butter—The demand continues sufficient to take all the offerings of desirable stock.
Creamery, prints 24c to 26c
do solids 22c to 23c
Dairy, prints 21c to 22c
do solids 19c to 20c
Cheese—Large quoted at 13c and twins at 12½c, in job lots here.
Poultry—Live chickens are steady at 11c to 12c, and hens from 9c to 10c; ducks, 8c and turkeys 13c to 15c.
Potatoes—Market prices continue at 6c to 7c.
Baled Hay—Prices are unchanged at \$14 to \$15, in car lots on track here.

PROVISIONS.

Dressed Hogs—\$9.25 for lightweights and \$8.75 for heavies.
Pork—Short cut, \$23.75 to \$23 for barrels; mess, \$20 to \$21.
Lard—Flint; Searled, 12c; lard, 12½c; lard, 12½c.
Smoked and Dry Salted Meats—Long cut bacon, 11c to 11½c for tons and casks; ham, medium and light, 15c to 17c; heavy, 14½c to 15c; backs, 16½c to 17c; shoulders, 10½c to 11c; rolls, 11½c; out of pickle, 1c less than smoked.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Montreal, Sept. 24.—Choice spring

wheat patents, \$5.75; second, \$5.15; winter wheat patents, \$4.05 to \$4.75; straight rollers, \$4.25 to \$4.35; in bags, \$2 to \$2.10; extras, \$1.65 to \$1.70.

Butter—The butter market is very firm on account of the recent sharp advance in the country, and to-day holders are demanding 24c to 25½c, and sales were made at these prices.
Eggs—Sales of selected stocks were made at 22c to 23c; No. 1 at 18c to 19c, second at 14c to 15c, and straight gathered at 17c to 18c.
Cheese—Quebec, 12½c to 12¾c; townships, 12½c to 12¾c; Ontario, 12½c to 12¾c, with some holders asking a fraction more for colored. The local receipts were 14,976 boxes.

BUFFALO MARKETS.

Buffalo, Sept. 24.—Wheat—Spring, limits on the market; Winter, firm; No. 2 red, \$1.03½; No. 3 yellow, 73½c; No. 2 white, 60½c; Oats—Firm; No. 2 white, 51½c; No. 2 mixed, 50c; Barley—Nominal. Rye—North-Western, No. 2 rye, 80c.

NEW YORK WHEAT MARKET.

New York, Sept. 24.—Spot steady; No. 2 red, \$1.03½; elevator, No. 2 red, \$1.04½; l.o.b. about; No. 1 northern, Du-luth, \$1.18½; l.o.b. about; No. 2 hard winter, \$1.04 l.o.b. about.

CATTLE MARKET.

Toronto, Sept. 24.—Prices for all classes remain about the same as at last week's markets.
Butcher's Cattle.—There is a good demand for all choice, which are light in supply. What came showed up well in comparison with recent offerings.
Exporters.—There are no heavy shipments arriving here or passing through, the trade being down at its lowest limit.
Stocks.—The market saw a few more to-day owing to the pastures having been improved by the heavy rain of the past week. Shippers say there are not many choice in the country.
Hogs.—The market in receipts was comparatively light, with demand equal to all desirable shipments. Prices were a little easier.
Sheep and Lambs.—Arrived a little more freely, the shipments being above the average even for Thursday's market.

JAPAN WILL NOT CONSENT

Ottawa's Request for Less Emigration Will Be Refused.

A despatch from Tokyo says: Ottawa reports of the efforts of the Canadian authorities to induce Japan to enter a formal agreement placing a fixed yearly limit upon a number of Japanese immigrants have aroused great popular interest here. Any such negotiations are doomed to the same failure that has marked American efforts in the same direction, as the Japanese hold that such an agreement or treaty would be tantamount to an abrogation of their rights, guaranteed by the existing treaties.

The Government of Japan never would willingly take such a step. Even were the authorities willing, they would not dare to in view of the prevailing public sentiment. A high Government authority states that Japan has not consented to enter upon limitation negotiations with Canada. Mr. Ashih's conference with Sir Wilfrid

Laurier is confined to discussion and means to prevent any unfriendly movements toward Japanese laborers.

In an official statement of its position, the Foreign Office says that under the treaty of amity and commerce placed upon Japanese subjects to live in British possessions. To consent to a limitation would mean to limit Japan's status as a world power, to which she would never consent. This sentiment is generally endorsed by the press, though the more conservative papers manifest a growing disposition to recognize that the low character of many of the Japanese in Canada and America is a contributing influence to the fomenting of trouble.

The Asahi remarks that the recent deportation of Chinese coolies who had been brought in by the contractors to work on Government railroads weakens Japan's case against Canada.

OPERATOR DRUNK ON DUTY.

And Was Sentenced to Six Months in Prison.

A despatch from Ottawa says: A prosecution instituted by Mr. H. B. Spencer, divisional superintendent of the Canadian Pacific Railway, has resulted in A. J. Ryan, an operator at Vankleek Hill, being sent to jail for six months for being under the influence of liquor while on duty. Ryan, agent found on nights at the station agent found the operator drunk, and immediately reported the matter to headquarters. A detective was sent down and Ryan was taken into custody. He was tried on Thursday before a magistrate at Vankleek Hill, when the sentence above mentioned was imposed. The law is very strict in its provisions against train hands and operators being under the influence of liquor when on duty, and when many lives are practically in their hands, and the company is interfering if wherever a violation is reported.

MAN AND BEAR FIGHT.

A Thrilling Encounter in Little Bob Lake.

A despatch from Peterboro says: William Goss, a Canadian, may have had an exciting experience on his way home from Bohengon, where he had paddled in a canoe on Tuesday. While crossing Little Bob Lake in the dusk he encountered a black bear swimming in the water, and for a time it looked as if the bear was going to come out the victor in the encounter. Goss at first thought when within a short distance of the bear that the animal was a dog and struck at it with his paddle. It was then that he discovered that it was a bear, and with one stroke of his paddle the canoe was upset and the man and bear were struggling in the water. The attack had evidently infuriated the animal, for he fought viciously, and when Goss at last reached shore, after having been in the water about half an hour, it was with a suit of badly torn clothes and a body with many scratches made by the bear's heavy claws.

It is said the Ontario Government may establish an institution for the care of feeble-minded women and girls.

CANADA'S TRADE RETURNS

Increases and Decreases for First Five Months.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The trade figures of the Dominion for the five months of the present fiscal year ending August show a total increase in imports, as compared with the corresponding period of last year, amounting to \$30,738,333. While the exports show a slight decrease of \$127,637, exclusive of coin and bullion, the total trade for five months was \$205,867,631. The imports totalled \$105,723,630 and exports \$100,143,991. Exports of the mine increased about two millions, agriculture six millions and manufacturers a little over one hundred thousand. On the other hand, exports of animals and their products decreased nearly seven

millions, forest exports decreased about one million, and fisheries about three hundred and fifty thousand. The returns for the month of August show that the falling off in exports noticeable during the earlier months of the year is being rapidly made up. Exports for the month totalled \$27,522,161, an increase of \$1,334,785 over August last year. Imports for August amounted to \$24,919,620, an increase of \$5,716,229. The customs revenue for five months was \$25,700,671, a gain of \$5,252,777, or over one million per month, as compared with last year. For August the increase was \$1,037,342, the total duty collected being \$5,571,337.

NEW MILK REGULATIONS.

They Will Form Basis for Future Regulations.

A despatch from Toronto says: The work of drafting a set of regulations for the better handling of milk in Ontario has been entrusted to Dr. Sheard as Chairman of the Provincial Board of Health, and Dr. Hodgkins, Secretary of the board. The regulations are being framed with a view of providing a basis for legislation next session. Among the recommendations that have been made are proposals that no cowhouse shall be permitted unless proper drainage is provided; no building used for ordinary purposes shall be within 100 yards of marshy or stagnant water; and no chicken coop, hog pen, privy or water closet shall be within 100 feet of a building used for the keeping or handling of milk. Cleanliness and ventilation are also to be insisted upon. Sick cows must be weeded out from the herd, no feed stuffs that are likely to impart a flavor to the milk must be given, cows must not be permitted to drink from stagnant pools, and pure water must be provided for their use. Cleanliness in respect to the utensils used and on the part of those engaged in the dairy business is also to be insisted upon.

BACHELORS, BEWARE!

Thousand Unmarried Women Sail for Canada on Baltic.

A despatch from Liverpool says: The remarkable exodus of unmarried young women from England to the United States and Canada is emphasized by the departure of a thousand unmarried women on the steamer Baltic, while several hundred more were among the total of 5,000 passengers carried on the three steamers which sailed on Thursday.

FATAL NEGLIGENCE OF DUTY.

Eleven Persons Killed and Twelve Hurt by Boiler Explosion.

A despatch from Tehuacan, Mexico, says: Neglect of duty on the part of an employee resulted in the death of 11 persons, probably mortal injury to three, and serious injury to nine others, on Tuesday, through the explosion of a boiler in the Ferrer factory at Aserradero. The authorities after an investigation declared that the explosion was due to the neglect of an employee in allowing surplus steam to escape.

MR. T. C. PATTERSON DEAD.

Was Postmaster of Toronto for Twenty-eight Years.

A despatch from Toronto says: Mr. Thomas C. Patterson, Postmaster of the City of Toronto, who had been ill with pneumonia for several days, died at his residence, 113 Dowling Avenue, at midnight Friday. He was 71 years of age.

FINED FOR SHORT TWINE.

The Dominion Inspector Was Busy in the West.

A despatch from Ottawa says: J. L. Haycock, Dominion Inspector of Binder Twine, states that while in the West he imposed fines amounting to \$3,600 for short twine. One American firm was fined \$1,400, but, as an illustration of the far-reaching results of such a fine, it actually cost the company \$12,000 by being forced to re-spin what was in the hands of the dealers. Some 250 tons had to be re-spun, reducing its value \$10 per ton, making a loss of about \$10,000. There were other cases somewhat similar, but this was the first.

STILL ANOTHER DREADNOUGHT.

Orders for Vessel of 19,200 Tons Received at Portsmouth.

A despatch from Portsmouth, England, says: The plans of the Admiralty for a new and larger vessel of the Dreadnought class have been received at the construction department here, accompanied by orders to commence building the warship immediately. The displacement of the new vessel will be 19,200 tons. The ship here will be launched before the one to be built at Newport, orders for the construction of which were announced September 16.

FOURTEEN KILLED IN MINE.

A Cage Full of Men Dropped Down the Shaft.

A despatch from Marquette, Michigan, says: A cage filled with men, being lowered into a mine at Negaunee, Mich., fell to the bottom of the shaft on Friday and fourteen men were killed and a number injured. The accident occurred in the rolling mill mine. The steel cable broke and the cage dropped seven hundred feet. The bodies have been taken out and the injured are being cared for.

FOR THE CALEDON WRECK

Conductor and Driver Have Been Arrested Out on Bail.

A despatch from Toronto says: Conductor Matthew Grimes and Engineer George Hodge, held by the Crown's Jury criminally responsible for the Caledon wreck, were arrested on Wednesday night on warrants issued by Coroner Johnson at the termination of the inquest. It was hardly an arrest, as soon as the men were notified that they were wanted, they surrendered themselves at the office of Magistrate Ellis.

The charge, which was one of criminal neglect of duty, resulting in the death of Richard Bell, was read. The men were immediately afterwards released on bail. The conductor furnished \$2,000 personal, and \$2,000 additional security was given by his brother, Thomas Grimes. Engineer Hodge also furnished \$2,000 personal, his bondsmen being Robert W. Eaton, \$2,000. Mr. T. C. Hollinette appeared for the accused.

